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Clinton changes tactics on landmine campaign

By TOM RHODES AND MICHAEL EVANS

DENT CLINTON announced last night that America will support an international ban on landmines by the end of the year, providing an unexpected boost for the campaign supported by Princess of Wales.

The apparent reversal of government, which decided after taking office to end the operational use of personnel landmines and ban all stocks by 2005, Clinton has now decided America's full weight to a Canadian initiative has called for an agreement to ban anti-personnel by December. More than 50 countries, including Ottawa, have joined the Ottawa process, and a hundred are likely to be willing to sign on to the agreement. Foreign Office said that America's government would give "fresh air" to the campaign.

White House announcement comes less than a week after the Princess's trip to Herzegovina to meet nine victims. Her visit was to claim that she was going in politics, but her visit of the issue has now raised the backing of the powerful political leader.

White co-founder of Mine Survivors Network said that the Princess's visit had been pivotal in Washington to rethink strategy. "I think it was the symbol that pushed them over the edge. Her symbolic visit to us showed that Clinton was sitting on the fence on this issue. The timing was right, August is a dead month in Washington and she had their hand."

America had previously focused its attention on the United Nations Conference on Disarmament in Geneva and avoided playing a part in the Ottawa process on the grounds that it could not lead to a global ban. The biggest mine users and producers such as China, are not of the Ottawa process. Clinton had also been been by his defence chiefs

poked fun at Peter Mandelson's ambition to win a seat on Labour's National Executive Committee by naming an aggressive alien crab with a reputation as a predator after his ministerial colleague.

Posing for photographs on a Thames boat with Dennis, a Chinese Mitten crab in a glass jar, a beaming Mr Prescott said: "Do you know what his name is? He's called Peter." Then, addressing the crab, actually a female, Mr Prescott said: "Do you think you'll get on the National Executive, Peter?"

Mr Prescott's gibe at Mr Mandelson, the Minister without Portfolio, was a light-hearted reminder of the bitter rivalry between two of the most senior members of the Government who, since the election, have worked hard at trying to present a more united front.

But earlier this month Mr

Prescott was furious when Mr

Mandelson tried to upset him and suggested that they were both "minding the shop" while the Prime Minister is on holiday. Since then the two have been jockeying for the position of being in charge, a

race in which Mr Mandelson has made most of the running.

Yesterday Mr Prescott could not resist having a go. First the Deputy Prime Minister, on a visit to Greenwich, blundered in on Mr Mandelson's pet project. He claimed that a decision to award a £6.1m

contract to Germany for the PVC coating of the Millennium Dome was a "safe reflection on the competency" of British industry.

A hundred miles away in Coventry, Mr Mandelson was claiming that the Millennium Project was a British success story.

A spokesman for the Environment Agency said: "The Chinese Mitten crab is rather aggressive. It can threaten native crabs, eels and crayfish by eating the food first."

Mr Prescott got involved with Dennis at a press conference to launch a £10 million "ecologically sensitive" flood defence scheme to protect the Millennium Dome site. The new defences are designed to create an important habitat for wildlife.

Later yesterday Mr Prescott tried to play down his re-

marks, making clear that they were intended in jest. He said he wished Mr Mandelson all the best in his attempt to "claw his way" onto the NEC. Adding: "I hope his pincer movement goes well, because I know that under his hard shell, he has a soft heart."

Mr Mandelson appeared to take the matter in good part, saying he was "relaxed and amused at the Deputy Prime Minister's comments". He confirmed yesterday that he would stand for the NEC and criticised Ken Livingstone, the left-winger, who is seen as his closest rival.

Mr Mandelson said: "I confirm that I am standing for the NEC in the vacancy created by Gordon Brown's decision to stand down. Unlike Ken Livingstone ... I am a strong supporter and ally of Gordon Brown."

In recent weeks Mr Mandelson has attempted to improve his appeal across the Labour party. Last Thursday he delivered an important lecture to the Fabian Society outlining plans for a new Cabinet Office unit to address the problem of social exclusion.

See *Livingstone*, page 17



"It must be John Prescot's crab - it's spinning like mad"

In France, happiness is a cold beer

TONY BLAIR invited *The Times* into his holiday home in St Martin d'Oydes south of Toulouse yesterday for a cold beer and a chat about Franco-British relations.

Bumping into a perspiring Mr Blair as he finished playing tennis on the village court, I asked him if he would answer a few questions about his meeting later in the week with Lionel Jospin, the French socialist Prime Minister whose political fief, Cintegabelle, is less than 18 miles away.

Replies that he just needed a little time to take a shower and change, he said he would be happy to welcome me back to the house for an informal chat over a drink.

Doctors in the audience failed to revive him and the coroner said that he believed undue pressure on the neck was the cause of death.

Mr Wheeler had been a member of the staff amateur dramatics group at the hotel on the Kassandra peninsula in northern Greece for three years.

The Prime Minister finds time on holiday to talk to *The Times*. Susan Bell reports from St Martin d'Oydes

game of tennis in the sweltering afternoon heat, Mr Blair was obviously enjoying his holiday. I asked him if there were any specific subjects he planned to discuss with M. Jospin.

"I'm sure we'll go through the whole thing: relations in Europe, numerous questions of Franco-British relations, and party to party discussions," he replied. Later he quashed any rumours that he and the French leader had not hit off particularly well in prior meetings by emphasising their good personal relationship. "He is a very decent and intelligent man," said Mr Blair.

Asked whether M. Jospin's election win last May could signal a change of direction for Europe, Mr Blair said: "M

Jospin's Government has given greater emphasis to jobs, employment and the social dimension of Europe, but going by the two major summits since the French election — in Amsterdam and Madrid — there has been less distance than people might have thought."

Mr Blair thought there was a great opportunity for Britain to do things in Europe, which to a certain extent was looking for Britain's leadership.

Referring to suggestions that new Labour was different from an unreformed French Socialist party, Mr Blair said that while traditions were different between the two, they shared the desire to create a thriving business, social inclusion, and a commitment to tackling long-term poverty —

Continued on page 2, col 6

although he underlined that each country would tackle things in different ways because of differing economies.

Mr Blair said he would not offer advice to his French counterpart during their meeting later this week. "That would be presumptuous of me, to tell other people what to do in their own country."

Mr Blair does not believe the French system, in which a centre-right president is "co-habiting" with a socialist prime minister, necessarily presents an obstacle to effective government. "The French constitution provides for co-habitation and is used to dealing with it. Other countries have similar systems. It is different from the way we do things, but people here work very hard to make it work."

As the sun started to sink over the rolling hills which surround the shattered rose brick château, Mr Blair spoke with obvious enthusiasm of his great affection for France, born during the five months

Major breaks silence to attack plans for cricket

By JILL SHERMAN AND JOHN GOODBODY

JOHN MAJOR launched his first public attack on the Labour Government last night, when he rose in defence of the subject dearest to his heart: cricket.

The former Prime Minister accused ministers of "sheer political spite" in planning to exclude team games from the British Academy of Sport and urged them to reverse the policy "before it makes a mockery of our nation's sporting ambitions".

His onslaught came as Chris Smith, the Culture Secretary, suggested that Lottery money might be made available for a cricket academy that could be linked to the national headquarters.

He also agreed — after a hastily arranged meeting with Lord MacLaurin, the chairman of the England and Wales Cricket Board (ECB), on other options to boost finances for the game — to look at an ECB deal under which television rights for Test matches would be shared by BSkyB and the BBC.

The apparent policy shift came after an outcry over reports that cricket, rugby and football would not be included in the sporting academy — which would instead focus on Olympic sports — and alarm that subscription channels might be allowed to bid for TV rights for Test matches.

Breaking his post-election silence, Mr Major said: "The Labour Government's ill-judged decision to exclude three key national sports from the proposed academy shows how little they know or care about sport. They have excluded precisely those sports which most bring the nation together — football, rugby and cricket."

"Team sports appear to be

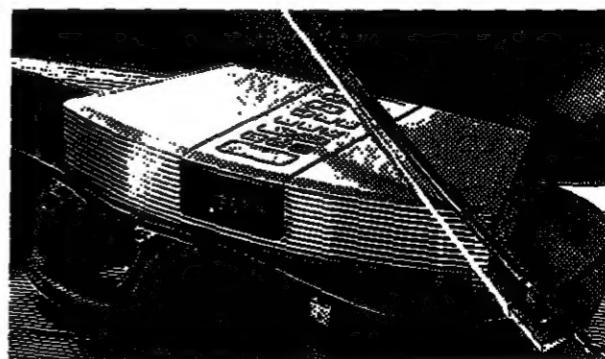
being treated as a dangerous competitive exercise by the politically correct commissioners that now run the ministry of Culture, Media and Sport. It is sheer political spite to exclude these sports."

As cricket is thinking about the way forward and building a plan to safeguard its future Labour is intent on sabotage. The offer of future Lottery money is simply a figleaf to cover their embarrassment at excluding this sport from the academy."

Mr Major, evidently peeved that Mr Smith has hijacked his own project and stripped it of his favourite sport, also attacked Labour's plans to consider allowing Test matches to be shown on subscription channels. Taking cricket out of the protected list of terrestrial television sports could be the price of this folly — a move which would stop millions of people from watching Test cricket, many of them retired or on low incomes."

But last night the Government said it would seriously consider plans put up by the cricket authorities to split the home Test match contract, at present held by the BBC, with BSkyB. One option is to alternate the screening of Test matches and allow the BBC greater use of highlights of matches shown exclusively on BSkyB.

BSkyB, which is part owned by News International which also owns the *Times*, already carries some cricket coverage including one-day internationals and the Benson and Hedges Cup. But home Test matches are among the eight "crown jewels" of sporting events which have to be shown on terrestrial television. The Government is reviewing all the listed events.



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Alcopop marketing 'is a scandal'

Brewers stand accused of using drug imagery to aim drinks at the teenage dance scene, reports Richard Ford

BREWERS were accused yesterday of introducing alcopops as a "scandalous" play to revive drink sales threatened by young people's taste for Ecstasy and soft drinks at raves.

Sarah Berger, director of Drinkline, a government helpline, said companies were "profiteering by aiming their products at youngsters attracted to the rave scene. "Why else have labels that glow in the dark?"

Miss Berger, a former social worker, told a conference at Leicester University: "Alcopops are part of the fightback against an increasing drug culture. Sales of alcohol are definitely under threat from drugs."

"There is no doubt in my mind that the drinks industry is now targeting the drug culture in a bid to claw back some of those lost sales. You just have to look at some of the packaging — the bright colours and their halluc-

nogenic images — to see that they are trying to attract people who go to dance clubs."

Hundreds of thousands of teenagers take recreational drugs, according to academic studies, with Ecstasy being the most popular on the dance scene. But many ravers shun alcohol, saying that it reduces their stamina.

Miss Berger said alcopops were not the root cause of underage drinking, or a leading sign of moral decline among modern youth, but she condemned the big brewers, whom she said spent £200 million on promoting the drinks. "Alcopops are a blatant example of profiteering by the drinks trade, and our apparent inability to curb promotion of alcohol products. It is nothing short of scandalous."

She told the conference that the

drinks industry had only itself to blame for the hostility it had encountered since developing and marketing alcopops. "It serves the industry right. They have brought it upon themselves by their idiotic pursuit of profit. The movement of the market has been allowed to take precedence over the commonsense protection of the young."

Bass Charrington, producer of the alcopop Hooper's Hooch, said: "Miss Berger is entitled to her viewpoint, but we disagree with it. Hooper's Hooch was launched to give people an alternative when they go into pubs and clubs. People had been drinking lager and beer for hundreds of years, and there comes a point when they say, 'I don't like that. What do I drink now? We developed Hooper's Hooch for them.'

The main alcopop producers were

invited to the conference, but did not turn up, nor did the industry's self-regulating body, the Portman Group, which was also invited. The conference was called to look at the development of alcopops and whether the focus on their development concealed wider problems of underage drinking.

Figures were given to delegates showing the dramatic rise in popularity of alcopops since they first became available two years ago. Among almost one in five children aged 14 to 15, alcopops are now the favourite drink: two years ago, they were not even mentioned.

The percentage of children of 14 and 15 admitting to having been drunk rose from 60.1 to 68.1. Alasdair Forsyth, a researcher at the Centre of Drug Misuse at the University of Glasgow, who interviewed 1,308

children in Dundee, said: "More kids are drinking, more kids are getting drunk, and more kids are drinking heavily."

He said it was unclear whether alcopops were to blame for the rise in drunkenness among young teenagers, as white cider and vodka were the drinks they admitted consuming to get drunk.

His study found that, in November 1994, the most popular alcoholic drink among young children was white cider, which 27.3 per cent said they drank, compared with 16.6 per cent for premium lager, 13.8 per cent for vodka and 13.1 per cent for beer. Alcopops did not feature.

But by January 1997, 18.8 per cent said alcopops were their favourite drink, compared with 17.3 per cent for beer, 11.4 per cent for premium lager and 11.7 per cent for white cider.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Camelot fails to halt rival to lottery

Camelot, the National Lottery operator, yesterday failed to block a rival numbers game run by Britain's three biggest bookmakers. It also failed to have the estimated £650,000 costs of its private action paid for by the taxpayer. Ronald Bartle, stipendiary magistrate at Bow Street, London, said Camelot's attempt to halt the fixed odds numbers game, 49, was centred around its own commercial interest and was not a matter for public funding.

Camelot had brought a private criminal action against Ladbrokes, William Hill and Coral Racing in a bid to stop their games in which customers bet on six numbers to be drawn. They argued that the 49 games effectively operated as a lottery, contravened the 1976 Lotteries and Amusements Act and were illegal. However, Mr Bartle ruled that the bookmakers' games constituted a fixed-odds bet, which meant they differed from a lottery. Camelot is to appeal.

Old Vic closure fear

The future of the Old Vic theatre was cast into doubt yesterday as Sir Cameron Mackintosh, the impresario, and the Royal Shakespeare Company ruled themselves out as buyers. The Canadian owner Ed Mirvish and his son David are selling the London playhouse for £7.5 million after spending £2.5 million restoring it. Sir Peter Hall's company has been told to vacate the theatre by December 6.

MI5 to study Israeli file

Israeli security agencies have been asked to provide MI5 with any evidence of Palestinian terrorist organisations operating from London. There were suggestions of a London link after claims by the Hamas terrorist group that it was behind last month's Jerusalem suicide bombings, in which 16 people died and 150 injured. The Foreign Office said any evidence would be thoroughly investigated.

'Braveheart' attacker held

A youth who attacked an English schoolboy because of his accent after watching the film *Braveheart*, and who had stolen £500 from his stepmother and a motorcycle to joyride, was detained for four months yesterday. Paul Renzie, 17, had kicked the terrified 15-year-old in the head after shouting "Freedom", the battlecry of his hero William Wallace.

Falklands challenge

A Falklands veteran won the right to challenge in the High Court the Army's refusal to consider his petition to have assault convictions and a two-year prison sentence overturned after the European Court of Human Rights condemned his court martial as unfair in February. Alex Findlay, 36, of Windsor, a former Scots Guard, was said to have been suffering stress when he ran amok.

Bus crash averts injury

A bus driver deliberately crashed his vehicle after its brakes failed as it headed for a crowded promenade in Bournemouth yesterday. The driver, headed for a 3ft concrete bollard and smashed into it to avoid injuring anyone else. That slowed the bus but it bounced off the wall, so he then aimed his vehicle into the promenade wall. No one was injured, but the driver is being treated for shock.

Checks on Saudi nurses

Saudi Arabia has agreed to allow an independent British doctor to examine the two nurses accused of murdering an Australian colleague. Relatives of Deborah Parry and Lucille McLachlan have become increasingly concerned about their health during their long captivity. They are charged with murdering Yvonne Gilford, an Australian nurse, at the King Fahd medical complex in Dhahran.

Boat owners rescue girl

Andy Barnard and Chris Batson, two passing boat owners who saved the life of a girl badly injured by an out-of-control inflatable boat, were described as heroes by her parents. Michelle Bacon, 15, suffered multiple gashes to her face and neck after she was flung into the water and struck by the speeding inflatable's propeller after it hit an underwater obstruction at Exmouth in Devon.

BP sues Greenpeace

BP last night took legal action against Greenpeace, seeking £150,000 damages for the environmental group's occupation of the Stenni Dee oil rig. If successful, the action would bankrupt Greenpeace, a spokeswoman said. Four Greenpeace protesters, named in the summons, occupied the rig off the Shetland Islands for more than a week before being evicted on Sunday by police.

Fake gun 'hero' fined

Milan Brezina, a £33,000-a-year shop manager, was fined £500 for pointing a fake gun at two shoplifters stealing £134 worth of chocolate from the Lidl store in Gateshead. But when police arrived the "hero" was arrested. In Germany, where Mr Brezina, 33, worked before, shop managers are expected to tackle thieves. He has been sacked and has found another job in Germany.

Blair breaks with linguistic tradition of Downing St

BY DENIS TAYLOR

WHEN Churchill addressed a crowd in post-war Strasbourg he warned his highly appreciative audience: "Watch out, I am going to speak French!" His successors at No 10 have tended to avoid airing any linguistic knowledge, until the advent of Tony Blair.

The late Harold Wilson was probably on safe ground by dropping the occasional Russian word into a speech to Soviet leaders. But enough Britons remembered enough school French to have a fit of merriment on hearing Edward Heath's "Broadstairs" French. If the effort came from a less expected quarter, as when Margaret Thatcher made some remarks in French while she and the late President Mitterrand met for the signing of the Channel Tunnel treaty in 1986, the impact could perhaps be more effective.

Sir Anthony Eden was an exception to the rule that British political leaders did not seriously meddle with foreign tongues. The real linguists among

parliamentarians have tended not to reach the highest office in the party or land. Lord Healey, the former Chancellor, speaks Italian and German as well as French. Lord Hurd of Westwell, the former Foreign Secretary, has fluent French and Italian, and studied Chinese during his diplomatic career. Enoch Powell knows a exceptional number of European and Asian languages. One eminent Conservative who only briefly held ministerial office, the late Sir Fitzroy Maclean, spoke Russian and Serbo-Croat as well as French, German and Italian.

French, of course, used to be the language of international diplomacy. Disraeli was gearing himself to address the 1878 Congress of Berlin in his less than satisfactory French. He stepped a Sir Humphrey of the day to persuade him that the other delegates would be deeply disappointed if they were deprived of hearing such a master of English speak to them in his own tongue.



Tony Blair chats to a village shopkeeper during a stroll with his family yesterday

Loyalists take lessons in winning sympathy

BY AUDREY MAGEE, IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

ULSTER Loyalists are attending media classes to learn how to attract public sympathy with tales of oppression and hardship. The Ulster Unionist Party and the Orange Order are being taught nationalist strategies of story-telling and personalising the anguish suffered by Protestants since the Troubles began in 1969.

They are being told that story-telling is more effective on national and international television than a dogged debate about issues and rights. Eoghan Harris, a pro-Unionist media consultant from the Irish Republic, who is one of the principal teachers, said: "Irish people are very good at telling the tale, and Sinn Fein uses that to great advantage. Unionists feel uncomfortable

with that kind of thing, preferring to talk about establishment things and issues. They may be the facts of the situation, but they have no effect on the world's comprehension."

Mr Harris, who grew up among nationalists in Cork but is now fervently supportive of the Unionists, is giving the training free of charge. A former journalist in RTE, the Irish state broadcaster, he has advised Mary Robinson, the Irish president, and John Bruton, the former Prime Minister, on media skills. He is in regular contact with David Trimble, leader of the UUP, and Robert Saulters, leader of the Orange Order.

Earlier this year, Mr Harris held a one-day session with

the Orange Order as they prepared for the July marches. Ruth Dudley Edwards, a Roman Catholic pro-Unionist columnist and author living in London, and Sean O'Callaghan, a former IRA member, have been working with various sections of the Order to explain nationalist and republican thinking.

Ken Maginnis, the UUP security spokesman, accused Mo Mowlam, the Northern Ireland Secretary, last night of turning a blind eye to the murder of two RUC officers in Lurgan in June and to Sinn Fein's refusal to countenance IRA disarmament, and telling "downright lies" in her determination to include Sinn Fein in next month's peace negotiations.

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Jaguar hopes to build a new small car in Britain

BY KEVIN EASON, MOTORING CORRESPONDENT

JAGUAR is planning to build a new small car that could cost as little as £15,000. Executives are looking for a £400 million investment so that it could be produced in Britain.

The car would change the company's image as a manufacturer of luxurious and expensive cars to that of a competitor with BMW's successful 3-series, a model that has carved a niche among rising young executives.

The British operation will have to compete with sites abroad to build a factory big enough to make more than 100,000 cars a year, employing thousands more workers, and be ready to launch the new model in about four years.

America is the likely favour-

ite, as Jaguar sells around half its cars there and is also owned by Ford in Detroit. Mercedes-Benz and BMW have both opened plants in America in the past year, cashing in on low investment costs, attractive grants and ready access to the world's biggest car market.

Huge improvements in productivity and reliability have already convinced Ford bosses in America that Jaguar should make a new mid-range car, codenamed the X200, at Castle Bromwich in Birmingham. That model will be ready by 1999, the factory turning out around 100,000 cars a year.

The new model would raise total production to more than 250,000 cars a year, almost as many as Vauxhall.

Nick Scheele, Jaguar's chairman, said last night: "We have started a feasibility study because we believe that people want a small Jaguar which has all the cachet and quality of the bigger cars we produce. Our first studies prove that the idea is practical and could be viable. Now we have to test that further and ensure that this is a car we can build in Britain."

Ford has poured money into Jaguar to good effect after a period in the doldrums, the company's modern saloons and the new XK3 sports car have been voted by juries in America and Italy as among the most beautiful in the world while reliability studies place them among the best from Germany and Japan.

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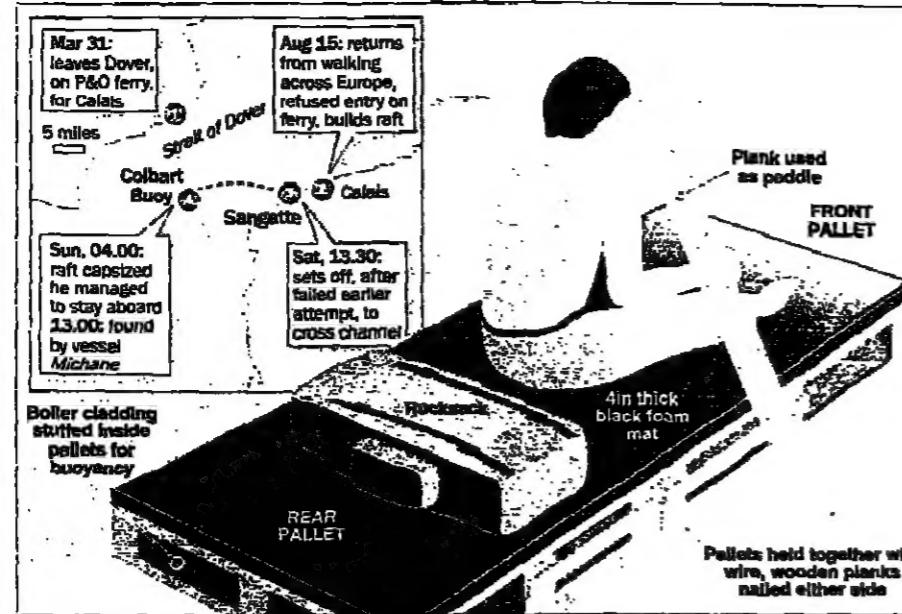
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Up the Channel without a paddle



I had no choice and no regrets, says failed job-hunter who tried to come home to Britain by makeshift raft. Stephen Farrell reports

THE tide of fortune turned a little yesterday for a penniless graduate who tried to cross the Channel on a makeshift raft after a failed job hunt across the length of Europe. Lawrence Tervit lost almost everything, including his paddle and four front teeth, in a collision with an oil tanker, but French coastguards were probably the first people in a long time to describe him as lucky.

Crazy, perhaps, but very lucky just to be alive.

Back in Britain last night via Le Shuttle, Mr Tervit looked back on a trip in which he had already had to walk most of the way from Poland before his Channel rescue, and said: "I don't regret it. If it hadn't been for that ship tipping me over, I would have made it."

The former Army corporal, 46, was totally unqualified for his attempted voyage at three weeks. He has never had a sailing lesson and he has been on a yacht just once. His mature degree is in social policy.

But he insisted that he had no choice in his desperation to return home after his four-

month search for work. Unable to afford to board a Calais to Dover ferry, or to persuade the ferry company to make a reverse-charges call to his home, the father-of-four from Stoneyburn, West Lothian, trudged a few miles further down the French coast to Sangatte.

There he fashioned a raft from materials lying by the side of the road, including two storage pallets, two planks, plastic cladding and a 4in sheet of black foam rubber.

Watched by an astonished crowd, he carried out a one-hour sea trial before taking advice on tides and pushing out on his maiden voyage at 2.30pm on Saturday, in the world's busiest shipping lane.

Asleep after 12 hours of constant paddling, he woke shortly after midnight on Sunday morning to the roar of an engine: "I heard thud, thud, thud, looked up and saw the bow of this enormous great ship heading straight for me."

"I tried to push away as fast as I could from the sharp end, but the bow wave flipped me over and I went under. I thought I wasn't going to make it. I could hear the

wave actually pushed me away from the metal, but I thought I was going to go into the propellers. All I could think about was my kids. It was damn close."

Disoriented under water, he knocked out his front four teeth on a solid object and surfaced to see the ship receding and his raft still floating upside down, but intact. He rescued a plastic bag containing his boots and passport, but could not reach the rucksack holding his food, driving licence and pictures of his children.

Hauling himself back onto the raft, he was carried backward and forward by the tides, in and out of the shipping lanes. Hampered by the lack of a paddle and the nails protruding from the bottom, he paddled with his hands and shouted for help.

He said: "I didn't have a compass or anything like that. It was pitch black and I was freezing and soaking wet. By the time it became light again, I was absolutely shattered and thinking I should never have done it."

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Landlord and gasman blamed for student's death are fined

BY RUSSELL JENKINS

A LANDLORD and gas fitter blamed for the death of an English literature student at Durham University escaped with fines yesterday, although a judge said he would have sent them to prison if he had the power.

Anne Brennan, 19, died two years ago in bed at her digs in the city after breathing in carbon monoxide fumes leaking from a faulty boiler.

Judge Denis Orde previously described the house as a "veritable death trap" for the eight student occupants and a coroner recorded a verdict of unlawful killing. However, the two men could only be fined under the charges brought against them by the Health and Safety Executive.

Graham Williams, 56, of Durham, was fined £10,000 after admitting failing to ensure the boiler was properly maintained and failing to check by an approved engineer. Edgar Maddison, the gas engineer, also of Durham, admitted a charge of failing to provide proper ventilation. He was fined £4,000. Both men were ordered to pay £2,000 in costs.

Judge Orde, passing sentence at Newcastle Crown Court, expressed his concern for the safety of students across the country and suggested that universities recommend only landlords who can prove the safety of their heating installations.

He told the two men: "If I had the power to send you to prison today that is the course I would take."

John Evans, for the prosecution, said that Ms Brennan had lain undiscovered in a ground-floor bedroom while a friend was taken to hospital after being overcome in the former bed-and-breakfast guesthouse. She died in her



Anne Brennan: CO gas seeped through floor

bed after the fumes seeped through a crack in the floorboards in her room.

Other student residents said how they suffered nausea, dizziness and flu-like symptoms after they moved to the house in September 1995.

Last year an inquest in Durham was told how the boiler had twice been condemned and closed down by technicians, only to be discovered up and running later.

Health and Safety officials said that Williams, who bought the property in 1989, had ignored two prohibition notices and had ignored other advice on ventilation in the property where Anne died in October 1995.

In sentencing, Judge Orde told the men that the students in that house were paying rent to live in a veritable death trap, a "timebomb waiting to explode".

He told Maddison that his handwork was a recipe for disaster but added that the landlord should take the lion's share of the blame. He told Williams: "Had you ensured

that boiler was serviced on an annual basis that girl would not have lost her life. I can only assume you did not take this course because of penny pinching. If that is so it has cost this young girl her life."

Outside the court the dead girl's parents, Hugh Brennan, 60, and his wife Margaret, 59, spoke of their anger and frustration at a judicial system that allowed the men to escape charges for manslaughter which may have attracted a jail sentence.

Mr Brennan, a retired teacher, said: "Those two men were responsible for Anne's death and they should have been charged accordingly. We wanted them both charged with manslaughter but the Crown Prosecution Service decided not to press charges against them.

"It has been up to the Health and Safety Executive to get them to court at all and they are escaping with a fine. How can they be fined for causing the death of a girl with her life in front of her?"

Mrs Brennan, said: "Anne was a lovely, bubbly, lively girl. She loved life and had a great gift for mixing with people. Everyone who met her felt her genuine warmth and affection. She came to stay with us on the Tuesday before she died and her last words to me were, 'I love you mummy, take care of yourself'."

The Health and Safety Commission launched a television advertising campaign last October to highlight the problem of faulty gas installations. The commission believes that each year 30 people die from gas-related carbon monoxide poisoning.

New regulations place the legal onus on landlords to give copies of records confirming that annual safety checks of gas appliances and flues in rented accommodation are carried out.

The condemned bridge that used to connect Eel Pie Islanders to the north bank of the Thames at Twickenham, southwest London

A right old mash at Eel Pie Island

1120 stranded people are dependent on a ferryman with a 14ft punt, writes Arthur Leathley

MORE than 100 residents perched on an island in the middle of the Thames will be cut off today when their only bridge is closed.

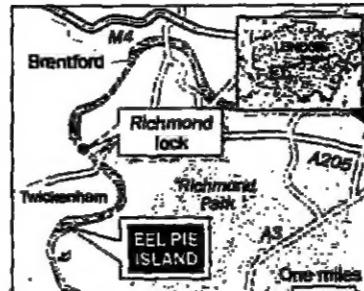
Citizens of Eel Pie Island will be forced to rely on a ferryman for the short trip to the mainland after a protracted dispute with British Gas.

The tiny island at Twickenham, southwest London, which featured in Dickens' *Nicholas Nickleby*, has relied for 40 years on the slender footbridge to link its 120 inhabitants with the outside world.

However, when workmen inadvertently drilled holes through the bridge reinforcing rods 10 years ago, the structure became increasingly unsafe.

One of the island's most celebrated residents is Trevor Baylis, inventor of the clockwork radio that has revolutionised life across Africa, and he has become one of the leading voices in a vociferous campaign against the British Gas delays.

"There's no question that they have been negligent in drilling holes that have made our bridge unsound. If I drilled holes in the British Gas



service, said: "There is no sense in this. It is going to cost a fortune to keep a service going for three or four months while a new temporary bridge is built."

One resident who will be more familiar with ferry journeys is 88-year-old Gladys Heath, who used to take the ferry before the bridge was built in 1956. "But obviously I was a lot younger then and I could scamper up the steps."

"Now it is going to be very difficult and we are all going to have to pull together and help each other with shopping and other everyday chores."

A spokesman for Transco, the gas pipeline operator which has taken over responsibility for the issue since the demerger of British Gas, said: "We have offered to pay £206,000 towards the repair costs which is the vast majority of the cost. We are still in discussion with residents over payment for the ferry."

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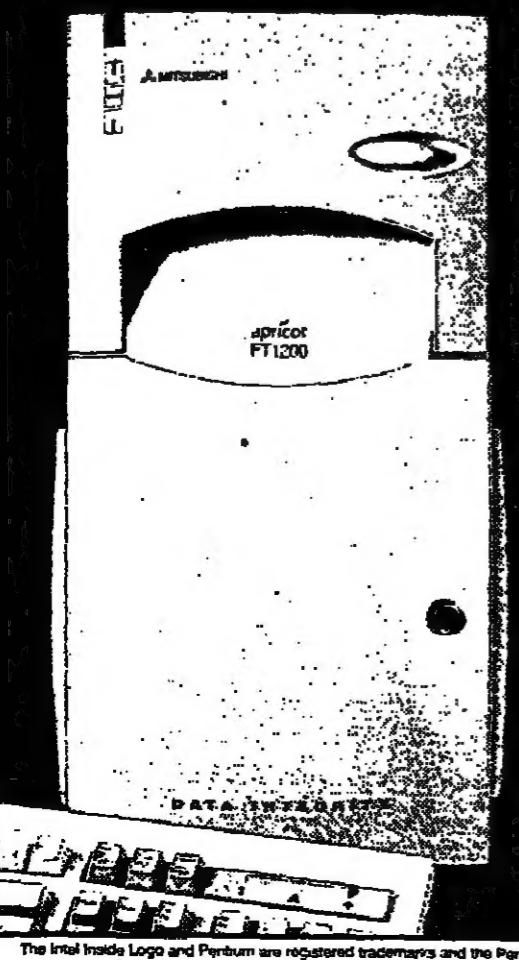
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High tides put South Coast homes on full flood alert

By NICK NUTTALL

THOUSANDS of homes in the South and South-East have been issued with flood alerts. The Environment Agency fears that a combination of the movements of the Sun and Moon and the weather could trigger exceptionally high tides around parts of the British coast.

The agency is writing to more than 140,000 owners of vulnerable properties in Kent, Sussex, Hampshire and the Isle of Wight to advise them on how they can get up-to-the-minute information via services such as Teletext.

Potentially high tides could hit the region from today through to Friday. But homeowners are also being told to brace themselves from September 17 to September 20, when the agency predicts the tides could be among the fourth largest for 40 years.

Gary Lane, regional water manager for the agency, said yesterday: "While much depends on the weather conditions at the time, the predicted high tides could be a testing time for us all."

The agency currently



An impression of the ecologically sensitive foreshore scheme for the Greenwich millennium site

spends £210 million, or 40 per cent of its budget, on flood and sea defences. It is much more than in the days of the great flood of 1953 but areas remain vulnerable to flooding when certain factors come together.

North Sea and as the tide comes in and out you can get this water welling up against itself." The effect could add four metres to water levels.

The South-East is also tilting into the sea by about a millimetre a year, enhancing the impact of the weather and the gravitational pull of the Moon and Sun.

The threats to the South Coast came as the Environment Agency, English Partnerships and John Prescott, Deputy Prime Minister, launched an ecologically friendly flood defence system

for the Millennium site at Greenwich. It is hoped the scheme will become a blueprint for river flood defences.

For well over a century the style of flood defence walls along the Thames have been sheet walls of concrete or metal piles, described by Mr Prescott yesterday as an "environmental mess".

Under the new £8 million scheme, about 2,400 metres of bank around the west, east and tip of the Greenwich peninsula, is being re-engineered to help wildlife.

The existing flood defences would be cut down on the tip of the peninsula and the wall taken back 10 metres to make a walkway and cycle route. The foreshore would then be restored.

Michelle Duke, 21, of Tickhill, near Doncaster, was forced to swim for her life when her car was suddenly submerged under railings as floods struck South Yorkshire. She drove her car into what she believed was a puddle under a railway bridge near Maltby only to discover it was 5ft deep.

Weather, page 22

Fruit prices rise after crop fails

Bad weather has led to a shortage of peaches, reports Michael Hornsby

A DISASTROUS season for Mediterranean fruit growers, hit first by frost and then by gales, has reduced the crop by up to 60 per cent in places and will increase prices across Europe.

Sainsbury's said nectarines were 29p each, up from 25p last year, while the price of peaches, at 29p each, had not changed. "We are having to pay more for these fruits this year," a spokeswoman said, "but we are trying to hold the price down."

We have been having problems and have had to source our peaches and nectarines from elsewhere to make up for the Italian shortfall," a Sainsbury spokeswoman said. "This has put prices up."

Nectarines are selling for

gone up by 30 per cent, reflecting the higher prices we are having to pay farmers."

Tony Vince, a journalist with Food News, said: "The shortage will probably be felt mainly in markets such as Germany, which is a heavy

importer and currently has a week currency."

Last year the Italian pear crop amounted to 1.1 million tonnes, out of a European Union total of 2.6m. This year the EU pear harvest is not expected to exceed 2m tonnes.

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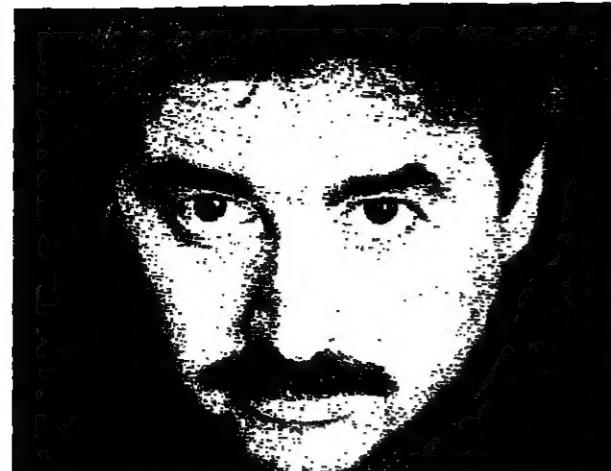
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Mental athletes tone their bodies to keep their minds in shape



Dominic O'Brien, the world memory champion. Fitness programme, pasta diet and help from Diana and Dodi allow memory champion to exercise grey cells, reports Mark Henderson

BRAINBOXES no longer have sand kicked in their faces. Competitors at the Mind Sports Olympiad employ rigorous physical training techniques as they strive to beat their cerebral rivals.

Memory champions and chess and draughts players said yesterday that they ran, swam and cycled hundreds of miles each year to improve their aerobic fitness as well as harnessing science to increase their mental agility.

The Olympiad, which started at the Royal Festival in London yesterday, features 36 mind sports. It has a total prize fund of £100,000.

Dominic O'Brien, 40, the world memory champion from Barley, Hertfordshire, who can memorise a pack of cards in 32.8 seconds, followed a two-month training programme for his event, which begins on Thursday. He runs four miles a day, drinks no alcohol for six weeks before a tournament and eats lots of pasta and other carbohydrates to keep his blood sugar high at competition time.

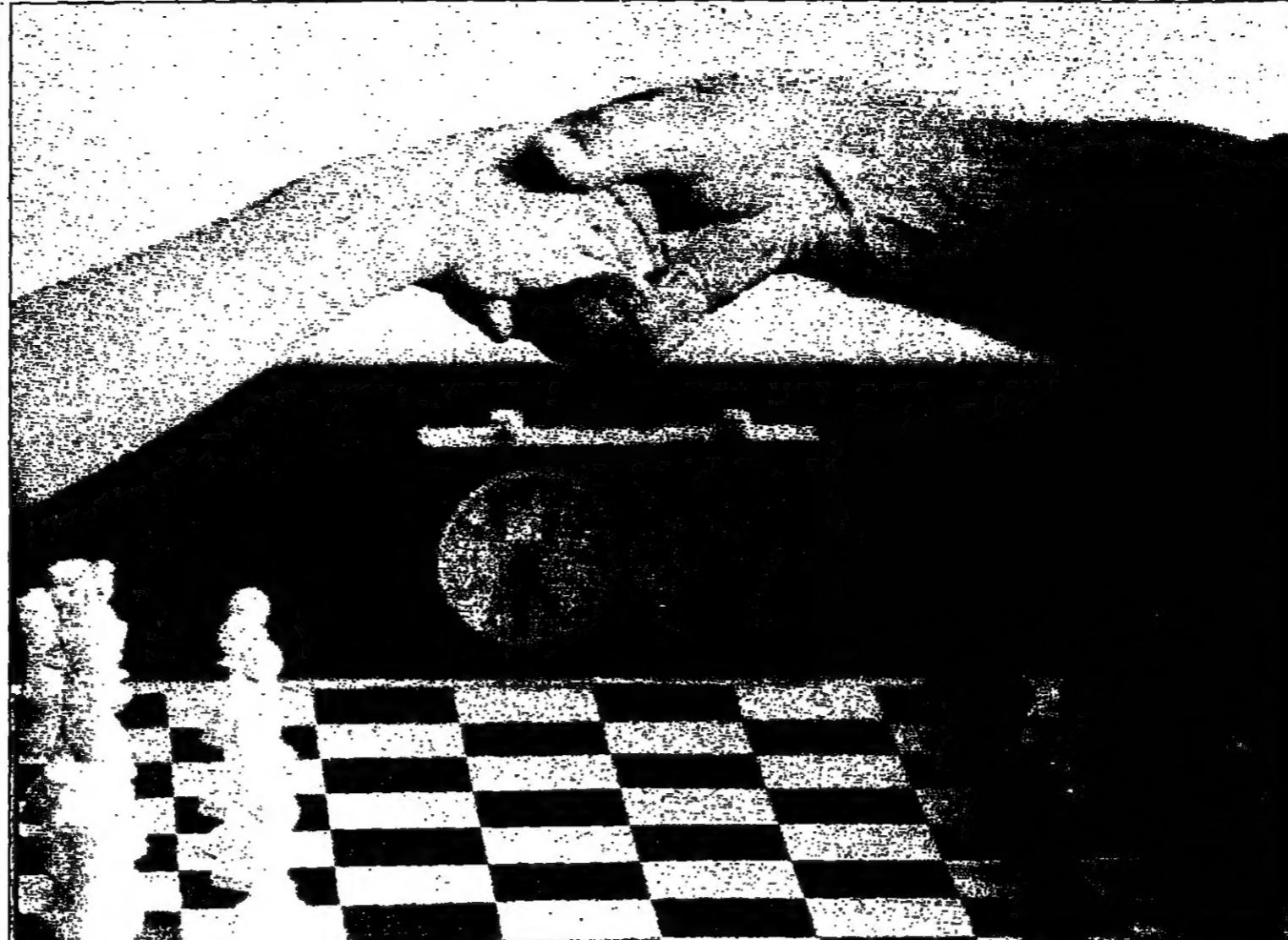
He also takes regular doses

of ginkgo biloba, a Chinese herb said to improve circulation by dilating the blood vessels, practises the tranc-like state in which he performs his astonishing mnemonic feats, and has regular brain scans to check that each part of his brain is performing to its potential.

"It's crucial to maintain your body in peak condition and exercise the mind," he said. "I have a mnemonic system which needs practice, and I also work at lowering my brain activity to the optimum concentration level."

He uses a system of associating people and places with numbers and cards. The number ten is Dudley Moore, because he starred in the film *Ten' 99* Mr Whippy, the queen of hearts is Diana, Princess of Wales — and the knave of diamonds is now Dodd Fayed.

In competition, Mr O'Brien lowers his brain activity rate to between five and seven hertz, the equivalent of most people when dreaming. This allows a higher degree of concentration which enables him to remember sequences



William Faulks, 5, the youngest competitor, shaking hands with Sir Brian Tobey, one of the Olympiad organisers, before a warm-up game yesterday

of up to 1,400 cards or numbers. Normal brain activity is 12 to 14 hertz.

Ron King, 40, from Barbados, who has held the world draughts title for ten years, is a teetotaller who follows a meat-free diet and a fitness programme. "I run marathons and play five-set tennis matches for stamina, and dive to improve concentration," he said. "Diving is about poise and balance and requires the same sort of mental rigour as competition draughts."

Cheer players also use fitness training and psychology.

Garry Kasparov employs the same sports psychologist as the pole vaulter Sergey Bubka. Kasparov famously ground down Anatoly Karpov, his world title opponent in 1984-85, by tiring him out with a string of draws before pouncing a drained opponent who had lost 30%.

Matthew Sadler, 23, the British No 2 who is ranked 16 in the world, said his game took off after he started to take psychological and mental training seriously. "I began to follow the grandmaster Julian Hodgson, who was never a

great technical player but who thought about his opponents' weaknesses," he said. "I got fitter and trained my mind to play the man as well as the game."

He eats bananas to keep his blood sugar high during six-hour games, and drinks isotonic drinks in hot conditions. Before tournament in Armenia, he learnt the language and ate nothing but Armenian food to acclimatise.

Tony Buzan, one of the organisers of the Olympiad, who has written many books on mental training, said that

competition mind sports required the same intensity as many physical sports. "Mind athletes are athletes, every bit as much as runners," he said.

There are two key aspects, aerobic and mental fitness. The brain uses 40 per cent of the body's oxygen, and a strong body promotes brain activity. Then you can train your mind, as all the great thinkers, like Leonardo da Vinci and Einstein, did."

Imagination, he added, could do for a mind what weight training could do for a body. "Watch a vase of flow-

ers, concentrate on every detail, then close your eyes and imagine it," he advised. "You can keep repeating it until you find it hard to tell the difference between the real image and the imagined one. Mind-training techniques like that can open up a new sphere of mental fitness."

The Mind Sports Olympiad, which includes *The Times* Crossword Championship, is sponsored by the insurance group Skandia and supported by *The Times*.

Chess and Bridge, page 38

NEWS IN BRIEF

Dog judge jailed for starving his terrier

A dog show judge was jailed for three months and banned from keeping animals for life yesterday for letting his border terrier, Oscar, starve to death in his garage. Raymond Gough, 40, from Braintree, Essex, a judge with the South West Essex Canine Association, had been convicted after pleading guilty at an earlier hearing. His two other border terriers have been found new homes.

David Whippes, for the RSPCA, told Braintree Magistrates' Court that Mr Gough's former wife broke into the garage last November and found Oscar lying in a covered cage. The dog, half its normal weight, was lying next to three empty food bowls and had been dead for some days.

Cashier jailed

Susan Woodard, 40, who had worked for 23 years as a cashier at Barclays Bank, Pontypool, Torfaen, transferred almost £29,000 over two years from the account of a retired engineer to her own before he noticed. Newport Crown Court jailed Woodard, a mother of three, for 15 months. She told police she had stolen the money to pay off family debts.

Identity cards

Four out of five young people support the introduction of compulsory identity cards for teenagers, according to an NOP survey. Three-quarters of adults questioned believed ID cards should be issued to everyone in Britain. Support for the cards was highest among the over-55s, at 83 per cent. Overall, four out of five said ID cards would help to prevent under-age drinking.

Boxer bereaved

The boxer Herbie Hide was said to be devastated after his ten-year-old brother Alan died from leukaemia. Hide, said his brother, who was diagnosed with the condition four years ago, was a motivating factor behind his career when he regained the WBO heavyweight title in June. Hide is to appear before Norwich magistrates next month accused of assault.

Beggar guilty

A Covent Garden street beggar who killed an Australian backpacker after he refused to give him money was jailed for three years. An Old Bailey jury found Peter McCaffery, 23, who now lives near Renfrew in Scotland, guilty of the manslaughter of Robert Nankervis, 24, of Melbourne, who died in hospital 15 days after a single punch to the face in January this year.

£630,000 D-type

A 1956 D-type Jaguar found in a barn in Connecticut and unused for 16 years was sold for £630,124 at a Christie's car auction at Pebble Beach, Northern California. It cost £3,875 when new. D-types won the Le Mans 24-hour race for three consecutive years between 1955-57. Chassis number XKD 557, never raced, was sold as one of the best-preserved in the world.

CORRECTIONS

In 1996-97 1.2 million people visited Windsor Castle, not half a million, as wrongly printed in the letter from Dickie Arbiter (August 15). Mr Ralph Blumenthal's letter (August 16) should have referred to dogmatic thinkers who use the utmost ingenuity in their arguments (not integrity), as printed.

Nature may not know best in heated debate

THE old concept that "nature knows best", and that parents and doctors should not always try to bring down a child's fever, has been revived by Ivan Blumenthal, a consultant paediatrician in Oldham, Lancashire, writing in the journal of the Royal Society of Medicine.

The rationale for not reducing a high temperature is that it is the body's response to infection: the fever provides an environment that is inhospitable to the invading organisms, and so checks their growth.

However, the argument that the body's response to an infection is always to the advantage of the patient is hard to sustain. The terrible haemorrhages induced by the toxin of the meningococcal bacterium can kill within hours, or leave a child crippled. Likewise, the pneumonia that is a feature of some serious cases of measles can result in permanent lung damage.

Up to 4 per cent of children are liable to suffer febrile convulsions if their temperature rises above 38.5C (101.3F). They may occur as a brief single incident, the so-called

febrile seizure, can be repeated throughout the day, or any one attack may be prolonged. If the child suffers more than one incident in 24 hours, or any individual attack lasts for more than 15 minutes, the seizure is classified as a complicated febrile infantile convolution, which has more serious implications.

The overwhelming majority of infantile febrile convulsions cause no lasting damage, but in a small proportion the child may subsequently have febrile convulsions each time he or she has a high temperature or will develop epilepsy in later life. It is not certain whether the fever merely uncovers a pre-existing tendency to epilepsy.

However, if my grandchild was running a high temperature I would rather not take the chance, when the correct single incident, the so-called

dose of paracetamol would make him more comfortable, happier and encourage a restful sleep.

Most febrile convulsions are seen in children between the ages of three months and five years in this age group and until late adolescence, aspirin is given to reduce a temperature as it is one of the known causes of Reye's syndrome. This is a rare reaction to infection from various viruses, including flu and fungal infections as well as to the aspirin group of drugs. In susceptible patients this leads to destruction of the liver, kidney, heart and brain through fatty infiltration. The death rate is high — about 20 per cent — and another 30 per cent are left permanently damaged.

Letters, page 17

Pop goes anarchy as band cashes in

BY CAROL MIDGLEY, MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

AN anarchist pop group made up of squatters and punk rockers has committed the ultimate sell-out by reaching number two in the UK charts.

To their bemusement the members of Chumbawumba, which opposes the commercialisation of rock music and satirised Live Aid with an album entitled *Pictures of Starving Children Sell Records*, have become overnight stars.

The eight band members live in a squat in Leeds and have never had a hit record in their 13-year history. But they have now signed a record deal with EMI in Germany after years with independent record labels, and an album is imminent.

Their success came after the Radio 1 disc jockey Simon Mayo made their single, *Tubthumping*, his record of the week. The song extols the virtues of drinking whisky, cider and lager and features swearing in its chorus.

It is only recently that the group was campaigning against new Labour and also subtitled the Leah Betts "Sorted" anti-drug poster with their own postcards, captioned "Distorted". Yesterday the band's members insisted they were still anarchists. Singer Alice Nutter said: "We still carry the idea we had 12 years ago that no-one should have to go to work 40 hours a week and do a crap job."

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LIFE
OBITUARY
TALES



Gordon Mitchell and his son Alex, who ended their holiday early after the attack

Father and son held by gunmen in Florida hotel room

BY HARVEY ELLIOTT, TRAVEL CORRESPONDENT

A BOY aged nine and his father have been attacked and tied up in their hotel room in Florida by two armed robbers. Gordon Mitchell and his son Alex had just left their room in the Howard Johnson Hotel on St Pete's Beach, St Petersburg, when they were confronted by the two men. "One stopped Alex from running ahead and the other pulled out an automatic pistol and said 'Get back in your room,'" said Mr Mitchell, 40, a sales director from Newcastle upon Tyne.

"I was so nervous it took five attempts to open the door. Then one of the men took the key, opened it and pushed us inside. He made us lie face down on the floor and tied our wrists behind us. They demanded jewellery and money and took my watch and about \$250 from my wife and daughter's holiday money. The gunmen got frustrated that there wasn't anything else and he gave the weapon to his friend and said 'Shoot anyone who comes in the door'."

Mr Mitchell's wife Lynne,



Mitchell however, said that the hotel wanted to "play the whole thing down" and said they should have warned other guests.

More than 1.3 million Britons will visit Florida this year, and 442,000 of them will go to St Petersburg. This is the first reported case of an attack on British tourists in the town.

□ A couple who paid more than £2,000 for a package holiday for themselves and two children in Majorca were given the keys to a converted lock-up garage rather than the comfortable apartment they should at least be deferred.

The appointment as Minister of State for Welfare Reform of Mr Field, in the past dismissed by some as a maverick but respected by others as an original thinker, showed Mr Blair's determination to bring spending under control. For years, Mr Field preached the gospel of welfare reform from the back benches and as chairman of the Commons Select Committee on Social Security. Untrammeled by front-bench responsibilities, he advocated measures such as compulsory savings for a second pension, a new form of National Insurance and a remodelled income support system.

John Denham, a junior minister, is heading the pensions review, but Mr Field is bound to have a significant input.

Ms Harman's presentation skills are likely to be an important asset as she sets out

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THE WHITEHALL REVOLUTION

Social Security

Harman sees work as best form of welfare

Blair's team at Social Security is breaking with the past, writes Alexandra Frean

THE litmus test of the radicalism of Tony Blair's Government will be how it tackles the welfare state and the growing £90 billion social security bill. Harriet Harman, the Social Security Secretary, and Frank Field, her deputy, have been told to take on what is seen as the culture of welfare dependency in Britain. Previous Labour governments have sought to increase benefits. This Prime Minister says that he wants to cut benefit bills, by getting people into work, and use the savings on education.

Ms Harman has an internal party battle on her hands, with several Labour MPs angered by her decision to go ahead with the Tory Government's plan to cut benefits for lone parents by £1 a week. Even the Government's advisers, the Social Security Advisory Committee, said that it should at least be deferred.

The appointment as Minister of State for Welfare Reform of Mr Field, in the past dismissed by some as a maverick but respected by others as an original thinker, showed Mr Blair's determination to bring spending under control. For years, Mr Field preached the gospel of welfare reform from the back benches and as chairman of the Commons Select Committee on Social Security. Untrammeled by front-bench responsibilities, he advocated measures such as compulsory savings for a second pension, a new form of National Insurance and a remodelled income support system.

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to get the provision of childcare incorporated into Labour's long-term economic and employment strategy. There are now one million lone mothers bringing up two million children dependent on benefit at a cost of £10 billion a year, she says, "and we have to do something about it".

Ms Harman's belief in the work ethic is also reflected in the announcement that the Government is to spend £200 million on the training of people on disability and sickness benefit to help them to find jobs. The official line is that this is a way of bringing back into the mainstream those marginalised by society. The implications of policies such as these, however, is that whatever benefit you are on, the department will seek some way to get you into work.

Ms Harman believes that much money is wasted by inefficiency in benefits agencies and the caring services. She also wants to review the way in which some services are paid for centrally but supplied locally. As with other of her reforms, this will require a great deal of co-operation between departments.

Ms Harman's hope that the Government has put childcare on a par with other essential parts of the economic infrastructure may prove over-optimistic. But there is no doubt that her views reflect a pronounced departure from that of previous administrations.

JOHN DENHAM:

Parliamentary Under-Secretary

The City was pleased with the appointment of John Denham, 44, the Parliamentary Under-Secretary responsible for pensions, as he had courted the big investment institutions whilst in opposition as a Labour spokesman on social security.

Graduate of Southampton University, he previously worked for Friends of the Earth, British Youth Council and War on Want.

KEITH BRADLEY:

Parliamentary Undersecretary

As a "hard left" Manchester City Councillor in the 80s, Keith Bradley, 47, Parliamentary Undersecretary for income-related benefits, poverty, recovery of benefits and green issues, supported motions to send cash to striking miners.

Educated at Aston University, Manchester Polytechnic and York University.

BARONESS HOLLIS OF HIGHTORPE:

Parliamentary Undersecretary of State in the Lords

Aged 56, rose from prominence as leader of Norwich Council. The daughter of a farm-worker, she became a senior lecturer in modern history after graduating from Girton College, Cambridge and Nuffield College, Oxford. She led the onslaught on last year's Divorce Bill to ensure that divorcing women could take a slice of their ex-husbands' pensions.

ANN BOWTELL:

Parliamentary Secretary

Aged 59, educated at Girton College, Cambridge. Ms Bowtell has spent most of her civil service career in the Department of Social Security, which replaced the National Assistance Board, which she joined as a graduate trainee in 1960.

JOHN MCINTOSH:

Part of the Labour Party "Scots mafia" aged 38, joined the party when he was 15 and previously worked as head of information at the National Institute for Social Work. Educated at Edinburgh University.

LIZ KENDALL:

Aged 26. A Cambridge graduate, worked for the Institute for Public Policy Research before joining Harriet Harman's team in opposition. Tends to concentrate on women's issues especially lone mothers.

The In-Tray

- Introducing a national childcare strategy. The Government has already earmarked £150 million of National Lottery money for the creation of a network of "out of school" clubs, to provide child care in the evenings and school holidays. A further £200 million has been allocated to training to help single mothers find jobs.
- The department has already taken action on service delivery with the publication last month of the Social Security Bill, which aims to cut red tape, reduce benefit and tax loopholes and introduce a highly sophisticated information technology system.
- Other ways of supplementing state provision could include the setting up of new institutions to offer benefits to individuals, based on the concept of "mutuality". Friendly societies or trade unions could offer individuals insurance to cover sickness, unemployment or long-term care.

- Ms Harman has ordered the Child Support Agency to attack its backlog of cases and to complete an extra 500,000 assessments by the end of the year.
- Labour's comprehensive pensions review, launched last month, aims to supplement state provision with private-sector funding and to encourage people to make their own provision for their old age. Plans for a new "stakeholder pension" are already the subject of extensive consultation with the City and with user groups.
- Other ways of supplementing state provision could include the setting up of new institutions to offer benefits to individuals, based on the concept of "mutuality". Friendly societies or trade unions could offer individuals insurance to cover sickness, unemployment or long-term care.

- Clamping down on benefit fraud will be a high priority. The department is likely to toughen sanctions for benefit cheats. It has already backed a crack fraud-busting hit-squad in London, called LOFAT, launched last week to track down housing benefit fraud.
- Housing benefit, which currently costs £12 billion a year, is likely to be one of the first areas targeted by the department's comprehensive spending review. Under present rules it can act as a disincentive to many unemployed people getting jobs.

- The department is working jointly with the Treasury and the Inland Revenue to review the potential for integrating the tax and benefit systems into a single system and to introduce tax breaks which encourage unemployed and low-paid people to work.

Survival of deer 'depends on hunt'

BY MICHAEL HORNSBY
COUNTRYSIDE CORRESPONDENT

DEER hunters mounted a new challenge in the High Court yesterday to the National Trust's ban on the use of its land for the sport, arguing that wild red deer could disappear outside Scotland if hunting were stopped.

Counsel for members of the Devon and Somerset Staghounds, the Quantock Staghounds and tenant farmers told Mr Justice Robert Walker that when there had been no hunting in the area the red deer herd, now about 2,500 strong, had dwindled to 60 animals because of poaching and the farmers' right to shoot deer feeding on their crops.

The only reason landowners were prepared to tolerate the deer and the damage they did, he said, was because the animals provided quarry for a sport that was estimated to bring £4 million a year into the local economy.

The National Trust ban has caused very considerable anger and concern in the West Country, not only among landowners and farmers on [trust] land but concern among scientists and animal conservationists who fear it will lead to an end to the protection of the red deer herds. They believe the decision to ban hunting was ill-considered and reached in unseemly haste."

The deer hunters want the judge to grant an order suspending the trust ban, imposed in April, until the outcome of a judicial review of its legality. The hearing continues.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS	Gross %	Net %	Merchandise	0.4%	0.32%	Up to £2,000	5.4%
Midland Bank Account	0.4%	0.32%	Up to £10,000	5.6%	4.32%	£10,000+	5.6%
Merchandise	0.4%	0.32%	£25,000+	5.16	4.88%	£50,000+	5.00
Up to £2,000	0.4%	0.32%	£50,000+	5.25	5.00	£100,000+	5.30
Up to £10,000+	1.0%	1.0%	£100,000+	5.75	5.40	£250,000+	5.75
£2,000+	1.0%	1.0%	£250,000+	6.00	5.82	Up to £100,000+	6.00
£10,000+	2.2%	2.2%	£100,000+	5.28	4.22	£250,000+	5.28
£50,000+	3.4%	3.4%	£250,000+	5.70	5.56	£500,000+	5.85
Home Management Account	0.4%	0.32%	£500,000+	5.85	5.68	£1,000,000+	6.00
15-19 year old Account	2.4%	2.4%	£1,000,000+	6.00	5.85	Up to £25,000	6.32
Up to £2,000	4.1%	3.33%	£25,000+	6.00	5.05	£25,000+	6.00
Up to £10,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£50,000+	6.00	5.05	£50,000+	6.00
£10,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£100,000+	6.00	5.05	£100,000+	6.00
Up to £250,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£250,000+	6.00	5.05	£250,000+	6.00
£250,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£500,000+	6.00	5.05	£500,000+	6.00
£500,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£1,000,000+	6.00	5.05	£1,000,000+	6.00
Up to £1,000,000+	4.1%	3.33%	Up to £25,000	6.00	5.05	Up to £25,000	6.00
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Up to £50,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£50,000+	6.00	5.05	£50,000+	6.00
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£250,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£500,000+	6.00	5.05	£500,000+	6.00
£500,000+	4.1%	3.33%	£1,000,000+	6.00	5.05	£1,000,000+	6.00
Up to £1,000,000+	4.1%	3.33%					

East Germany was better, judges told

Politburo leaders await verdict for killings by border guards

FROM ROGER BOYES IN BONN

EAST Germany's Communist leaders, only days away from a landmark court verdict, pleaded yesterday for mercy while accusing Bonn of applying "victors' justice".

"I am not a bloodthirsty monster who ordered killings, or even tolerated them," Egon Krenz, the former Communist Party leader, said. "A criminal I am not."

The 20-month trial is Germany's final reckoning with the East German past. Herr Krenz, with Günter Schabowski and Günther Kleiber, both former Politburo members, are accused of ordering the shooting of four men who tried to cross the death strip that divided East and West in the 1980s.

Herr Krenz, 60, was the most combative in the Berlin court yesterday. "The victorious power is exercising revenge on the representatives of the defeated power," he said in an hour-long appeal to the judges which swung between anger and special pleading. The prosecutor has demanded an 18-year jail sentence on manslaughter charges.

The public gallery, populated by Communist sympathisers, as for every one of the 115 hearings, burst into applause when he said: "In the German Democratic Republic we lived in a society which would never have accepted that youths

leave their school desks and immediately graduate to the dole queue." The East German system was better. "The attempt to realise socialism on German soil was my task."

His colleagues were more repentant. "We tried forcibly to bring heaven to earth, and

**Maybe it is
victors' justice,
but who else
will stand up for
the victims of
the losers? ▶**

we failed," Herr Schabowski said. The new Germany was "the only historical answer to our failed attempt". The 68-year-old, plainly fearing the nine-year jail sentence that could be imposed next Monday, said that he had seen the truth too late.

All three men denied that they were guilty of the killings on the East-West frontier. It is believed that the defence case is relatively strong. Although 263 people were killed while trying to escape, the rules on

pact as a technological barrier that would end the arms race.

Yesterday's dispute was prompted by the release of recently declassified documents by the overseers of the American weapons programme. They were acting under pressure from the National Resources Defence Council, Washington arms control watchdog group.

Matthew McKinzie, a nuclear physicist with the council, pounced on an admission in the documents that America's weapons laboratories are working on ways to provide "new or modified designs" for weapons. Dr McKinzie said such work could be intended only to increase the power and precision of warheads and to improve their ability to penetrate heavily protected enemy bunkers.

Among the weapons affected are the W76 and W88 warheads for Trident submarine missiles. Britain buys Trident missiles from America but designs its own warheads at Aldermaston which are believed to be based on the W76. Nicola Burden, an analyst with the British-American Security Information Council, another private arms-control group, said that any design changes by the Americans would have to be studied by British nuclear engineers to determine how they affected the missiles' performance and whether they needed to be copied.

Officials at the US Energy Department, with stewardship over the nuclear stockpile, insisted the current work did not involve major redesigns that would increase the power of warheads. The department was designing no new weapons, they said.

Victor Reis, the official in charge of nuclear maintenance, compared the work to "tinkering with an old car".

"When you put in a new battery or have a piston-ring job, it's still an old car," he said.

Dr McKinzie, however, believes the changes to be more sweeping. Using the same analogy, he said they could amount to putting a new and more powerful engine in a car.

He feared that the Government's nuclear physicists were getting carried away and could not resist the temptation to improve existing weapons.

He said they were making remarkable progress, even without testing, through computer simulations and pointed out that the laboratories annual budget of \$4 billion (£2.5 billion) is a vast sum if all they are doing is maintenance and checking for flaws.

authority from the leaders of the regime.

The most emotionally involved participant in the Berlin courtroom yesterday was Heinrich Schmidt. His son Michael, 20, a carpenter, was

using a ladder to climb over the wall, having successfully dodged all the other obstacles including a dog run, when a frontier guard shot him. The guard, who was about the same age as Michael Schmidt,

has been sentenced to 18 months' jail and from that trial Herr Schmidt found out for the first time the grisly details of the last moments of his son's life.

Michael was allowed to

bleed at the foot of the wall for three hours; had he been treated within 60 minutes he could have survived. The killing happened on December 1, 1984. Herr Krenz had been in the Politburo for a year. Herr

Schmidt has lodged his own case alongside that of the state prosecutor. "Maybe it is victors' justice as they say," he admits, "but who else will stand up for the victims of the losers?"



A defiant Egon Krenz in court at Berlin yesterday before telling his judges in his final defence plea "I am not a bloodthirsty monster".

America 'flouted test-ban treaty to upgrade its nuclear arsenal'

FROM IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON was accused yesterday of breaking an international arms treaty by trying to increase the power of its nuclear weapons.

US officials denied the charge and said they were merely investigating ways to modernise old designs to increase the safety and security of warheads, not to increase their strength.

The argument goes to the heart of the extent to which the nuclear powers keep their ageing stockpiles of bombs and missiles in fighting trim while they are forbidden by the Comprehensive Test-Ban Treaty from testing them, even underground.

The test-ban treaty, signed by 146 nations last year by the United Nations with the goal of halting the development of all new weapons of mass destruction, President Clinton hailed the

UK as a technological barrier that would end the arms race. Yesterday's dispute was prompted by the release of recently declassified documents by the overseers of the American weapons programme. They were acting under pressure from the National Resources Defence Council, Washington arms control watchdog group.

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Khatami sought return of European envoys

Iran leader loses fight for EU ties

PRESIDENT KHATAMI of Iran failed in his bid for a more moderate approach to the European Union (writes Michael Evans). Western intelligence sources say other politicians opposed his attempts to arrange the return of all EU envoys to Tehran. They were ordered home after Iran was implicated in the death of Kurds in Berlin.

Pilgrims descend on Paris for rendezvous with Pope

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN PARIS

TENS of thousands of young Roman Catholics from 160 countries flocked into Paris yesterday for the 12th World Youth Festival, a week-long celebration that will culminate in a vast open-air Mass celebrated by the Pope at Longchamp race course next weekend.

Days before the pontiff sets foot on French soil, his visit has already prompted an intensive security operation, a bonanza for the capital's soft-drink sellers in the sweltering heat and a series of religious and political rows.

At least 300,000 young people were expected to gather in the city — deserted by most Parisians for the month of August — as the biannual festival kicks off today with an opening ceremony on the Champ de Mars in the shadow of the Eiffel Tower.

The Pope will arrive on Thursday for his second trip to France in less than a year, and his seventh visit since 1980.

Organisers predict that up to half a million faithful will attend the open-air papal Mass on Sunday.

CARDINAL JEAN-MARIE Lustiger, the Archbishop of Paris, who will preside at today's opening ceremony, has referred to the "religious intensity and enthusiasm everywhere in France". But the anticipated crowds are only a fraction of the millions who turned out during recent youth festivals in Poland and the Philippines, highlighting the problems of the Church in a country that is nominally more than 80 per cent Roman Catholic yet increasingly secular in outlook. Less than one third of the youngsters gathering in Paris

have been issued with a "pilgrim's sack", containing maps, travel cards, meal tickets and a prayer book.

This year's festival, organised with military precision by retired General Philippe Morillon, formerly head of United Nations peacekeeping forces in Bosnia, has emphasised modernity and chic French style.

The thousands of young faithful have been kitted out with green T-shirts bearing the logo of an Eiffel Tower crucifix, while former punk rock fashion designer Jean-Charles de Castelbajac, whose other clients include the Duchess of York and Elton John, has produced a range of new "rainbow chasubles" to be worn by more than 5,000 officiating clergy.

Hundreds of buses, 38 special trains and dozens of chartered planes have been used to ferry the young pilgrims to Paris, where some have been lodged in the homes of French families, schools or sports halls. The new arrivals

have come from 160 countries, and estimates of the expected crowd size have gradually decreased over the last few days, while the level of controversy has increased.

A growing number of young French Catholics are opposed to the Pope's conservative teachings on birth control, abortion, homosexuality and priestly celibacy. One of the most hotly disputed events during the Pope's four-day trip is a planned homage at the grave of geneticist Jérôme Lejeune, a vigorous opponent of abortion who died in 1994.

Le Monde gave a warning that the visit could appear to "legitimise anti-abortion commandos".

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British troops put guard on Karadzic spy centre

FROM TOM WALKER IN BANJA LUKA

BRITISH troops stood guard yesterday over one of the nerve centres of Radovan Karadzic's secret police network: a labyrinth of bugging and surveillance equipment where a Muslim was beaten to death last year.

Four Warrior armoured personnel carriers and 30 soldiers encircled the Banja Luka Public Security Centre in the confusing aftermath of a security coup early on Sunday when special police loyal to Bihaljana Plavšić, the Bosnian Serb President, took over the building. They in turn were evicted by the British troops, who, following new Nato Stabilisation Force (SFOR) guidelines in Bosnia, were restoring the security centre yesterday evening to local police control.

Crowds gathered outside the security centre, including at least 50 uniformed Serb

police officers and another 40 thuggish plainclothes officers who eyed the British troops aggressively. There was a tense stand-off, with British officers pushing local police back into the road. Major Dragan Lukac, 35, a Plavšić loyalist who commanded the coup, stood outside the entrance, talking to officials from the Office of the High Representative to Bosnia.

Despite the bewildering mixture of Serb forces involved, the overall message of events in Banja Luka was clear: Mrs Plavšić is now in open conflict with Radovan Karadzic, whose previously monolithic security apparatus is at last crumbling. Yesterday morning Mrs Plavšić gave a press conference in her presidency building, where materials illustrating Dr Karadzic's "big brother" methods went on display, including log

books and tape recordings of telephone conversations involving Mrs Plavšić. The International Police Task Force, which has been combing the security centre for more evidence of clandestine operations, will release further details of its findings over the coming days.

SAS troops are known to be active in Banja Luka and are rumoured to be tracking Dr Karadzic's security forces. Zagreb: Croatian authorities are holding Pero Skopljak, an indicted Bosnian Croat war crimes suspect, in a Zagreb jail and are likely to transfer him to The Hague today, court sources said. Mr Skopljak was indicted in November 1995 for persecuting Bosnian Muslims. He was chief of police in the central Bosnian town of Vitez. (Reuters)

Leading article, page 17

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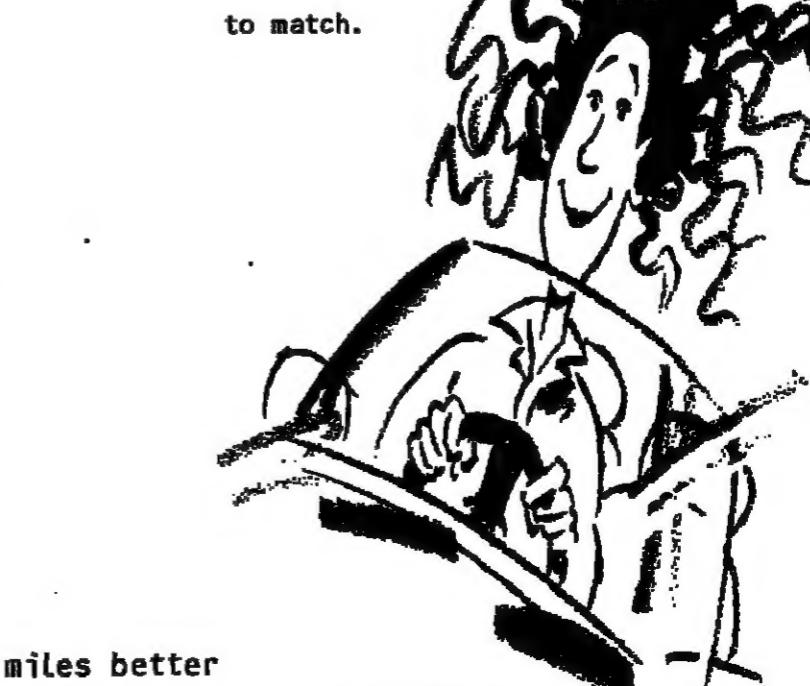
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Joke wears thin as power-starved Mir strays off course

FROM RICHARD BEESTON
IN MOSCOW

RUSSIA'S exasperated cosmonauts last night switched off Mir's central systems, after another computer failure caused the orbiting space station to lose its orientation and most of its power.

In what has become an almost comic routine of mishaps — if the lives of three men and the destiny of Russia's space programme were not at stake — mission control in Moscow reported that plans for essential repair work would be shelved until the latest problem could be solved.

"It is not extraordinary because we have had such situations before," said Vladimir Solovyov, the head of mission control, who like other space officials has become philosophical about the accident-plagued orbiter.

He insisted that the lives of the crew were not in any danger, but admitted that the reason for the computer malfunction was not clear and that the situation was at best "chaotic".

As a result of the computer failure, the spacecraft is now off course and disorientated, so that the solar panels are no longer aligned with the Sun and the power

The computer is switched off and there will be no altitude control. We do not know the consequences of this chaotic flight,

supply has effectively been cut off. To conserve energy all Mir's main systems, apart from life-support, have been shut off until today when a fresh attempt will be made to fix the computer and realign Mir with the Sun.

"Unfortunately, right now the system of station orientation is not operational. The computer will be

switched off until morning. There will be no altitude control at all. It will be chaotic. We do not know what the consequences of this chaotic flight will be," he said.

Unfortunately for the three-man crew of two Russian cosmonauts and the British-born Nasa astronaut Michael Foale, the latest setback came only minutes after

the crew had successfully docked a Progress supply ship with Mir, an operation which had been delayed due to a separate computer problem on Sunday.

The most serious consequence of yesterday's setback is that vital repair work will have to be delayed yet again. The Russian crew members, who arrived on Mir earlier this month, have been trained to conduct dangerous repair work on one of Mir's modules damaged in a collision in June. As a result of that accident, the Spektr module was punctured and had to be abandoned, leading to the loss of about half of Mir's power.

The cosmonauts had planned the first of six space walks to begin tomorrow. They intend to attempt to reconnect Spektr's power cables with Mir and repair the damage to the module's wall.

However, those key repairs will now be delayed by several days at the very least, and there must be growing doubts about the feasibility of such a dangerous operation at a time when basic components on the space station are malfunctioning with such regularity.

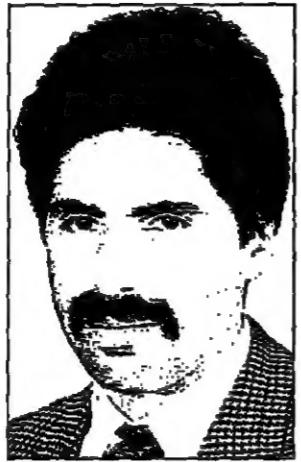
Patience must also be running out at Nasa, which helps to subsidise the Mir programme and uses the orbiter to train its astronauts. Yesterday a spokeswoman said that the agency was watching developments "carefully" and that Nasa was not worried about any immediate danger to its astronaut.

However, there is growing pressure in America to cancel any missions to Mir, not least because no scientific work has been carried out for months because the crew has had to repair the spacecraft.

Houston: Nasa yesterday posted by one day plans to bring the space shuttle *Discovery* and six astronauts back to Earth because of fears of fog. In the event a fine day was reported at the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida. (AP)

St Petersburg rooftop sniper kills reformer

FROM RICHARD BEESTON
IN MOSCOW



Manevich: bright and committed reformer

MIKHAIL MANEVICH, the Deputy Governor of St Petersburg, was assassinated by a sniper yesterday, sending shock waves through Russia's second city, which has been struggling to shake off its reputation for corruption and organised crime.

Witnesses said a rooftop gunman with an automatic rifle and telescopic sight fired eight rounds into the car carrying Mr Manevich and his wife as they drove in rush-hour traffic down Nevsky Prospekt, the city's main thoroughfare. Mr Manevich was hit in the neck and chest and died in hospital. His wife was wounded in the head but was said to be satisfactory.

"It was a brazen attack in broad daylight," a local reporter said. "Whoever wanted him dead, also intended this murder as a message to the city."

While the murder of bankers and businessmen has become common in post-communist Russia, political murders are still rare. The last in St Petersburg, the former Tsarist capital, was that of Sergei Kirov, a Bolshevik leader whose death in 1934 was used by Stalin as the pretext for his purge.

The latest killing will not have such grave consequences for Russia, though the murder

EMERGENCY talks were held in London yesterday with Britain poised to evacuate the Caribbean island of Montserrat after scientists said it could be wiped out by new volcanic eruptions.

Yesterday's talks were held between government officials and by telephone with Frank Savage, the island's Governor, to arrange a voluntary evacuation this week after scientists monitoring the Soufrière Hills volcano detected a new phase in its cycle of eruptions. Experts at the Montserrat Volcano Observatory reported that "the crisis has entered a stage for which there is little precedent" and there was the chance of a "massive, cataclysmic-intensity eruption".

The Government had said that evacuation of the British dependency was a last resort and placed emphasis on its £41 million aid programme for the north of the island. But yesterday George Foulkes, the International Development Minister, agreed that the report had forced its hand.

"Over the past 24 hours the volcano has become much more dangerous," he said. "As a result, we have agreed to the voluntary partial evacuation." The first islanders are expected to leave this week.

According to officials in Montserrat, evacuation plans are in place and could be executed swiftly. The plans, known as Operation Exodus, centre on the British frigate HMS Liverpool which is patrolling the sea off of state property — the head of a local property committee near St Petersburg was murdered in similar circumstances two months ago.

Whatever the reasons, St Petersburg will not be able to shake off its reputation as a lawless city, where even the most high-ranking officials are vulnerable to the assassin's bullet. Last year John Hyden, a British lawyer, was shot dead in the city's Nevsky Palace Hotel, less than a block from yesterday's shooting. He was hit by a bullet intended for a local gangland boss.

"Despite the continuing attacks, the position of the reformers' team, of which

years.

After a meeting at the Kremlin between President Yeltsin and Aslan Maskhadov, the Chechen leader, who agreed to resolve outstanding problems over sovereignty, security and economic co-operation in follow-up talks. The positive atmosphere at the talks and the release of the hostages should raise hopes about other kidnap victims — among them two British aid workers — being set free.

Kidnapped Russians freed after 100 days

MOSCOW: Three Russian television journalists were freed after 100 days by Chechen kidnappers yesterday amid signs that the authorities in Grozny may be coming to grips with the current state of abductions. (Richard Beeston writes.)

Last night NTV, Russia's only commercial network, announced that its missing crew had arrived back in Moscow. Their release came only hours

after a meeting at the Kremlin between President Yeltsin and Aslan Maskhadov, the Chechen leader, who agreed to resolve outstanding problems over sovereignty, security and economic co-operation in follow-up talks. The positive atmosphere at the talks and the release of the hostages should raise hopes about other kidnap victims — among them two British aid workers — being set free.

Even the Clinton family holiday became a focus for White House spin doctors yesterday as the President arrived for a three-week stay in Martha's Vineyard, the East Coast playground for America's liberal elite.

No longer facing the requirements of re-election and last year's populist summer destination of Wyoming, Mr Clinton was said initially to have opted for the golf courses and dinner parties of the Vineyard this year. After criticism of the decision, however, including controversy over the owner of the farm at which the family is lodging, aides said yesterday that Hillary Clinton and their daughter, Chelsea, had made the final selection. "He wanted Jackson Hole in the

Grand Tetons, but was outvoted," one aide said.

Mr Clinton can have suffered little arm-twisting: he has spent two previous summer holidays on the island off Cape Cod instead of in retreats favoured by the masses. Only in less popular times, in 1995 and last year, had the Clintons chosen the heartlands of the West. A successful election behind him, the President has been free to return to the place where he once sipped cocktails with Jacqueline Kennedy Onassis, dined with Nobel laureates and Hollywood stars and basked in the adulation of the island's faithful Democrats.

The party season begins in earnest today when he celebrates his 51st birthday at the home of Ted Danson and Mary Steenburgen, the actors. If the past is precedent, the Clintons will

spend much of their time being entertained long into the night.

They are expected to visit Katharine Graham, publisher of *The Washington Post*, James Taylor and Carly Simon, the singers, and Vernon Jordan, the lawyer and presidential confidant.

A skeleton White House staff is accompanying the family, including Bruce Lindsey, the ubiquitous deputy counsel and card-playing friend of the President. He and a clutch of National Security advisers will continue to monitor urgent matters such as the UPS strike and the Middle East peace process.

But the point of the holiday, aides said, was relaxation for all. It is not only the longest holiday the Clintons have taken while in office, but the final family gathering before Chelsea enrols

at Stanford University next month. The Secret Service agents housed near the family's borrowed farmhouse have been ordered to maintain a discreet distance at all times while Mr Clinton goes crabbing and plays golf and his wife and daughter relax in the sunshine.

Aides have continued to play down a conflict of interest involving the owner of their secluded home. The White House said that Richard Friedman, a Democratic contributor who is seeking government approval for a controversial hotel project in Boston, need not be excluded from offering hospitality to the President.

The local population, which had affected concern over extra traffic, crowds and security measures, appeared delighted by the Clintons' arrival.

AN AMATEUR historian from Chicago has challenged a cherished myth of American history by arguing that the great fire that destroyed the city in 1871 was not caused by a

cow. Richard Friedman, a Democratic contributor who is seeking government approval for a controversial hotel project in Boston, reportedly had kicked a lantern on to some hay as it was being milked in a barn at night by his Irish owner, Catherine O'Leary.

Instead the blaze that destroyed a third of Chicago on October 8, 1871, killing 300 people and rendering 100,000 homeless, was almost certainly

set off by Daniel "Peg Leg" Sullivan, a one-legged horse cart driver who often slipped into Mrs O'Leary's barn for a quiet smoke of his pipe.

The new thesis is by Richard Bales, an employee of the Chicago Title Insurance Company who has pored over the records of the Chicago Historical Society, as well as those of his own firm, which handled most of the insurance claims.

According to Mr Bales, Mrs O'Leary could not have started the fire because she was in bed

at the time. He argues that

"Peg Leg" was likely to have been the culprit for several reasons and that his testimony to police at the time was riddled with inconsistencies.

For example, he claimed to have seen the fire break out while he was standing some distance away. This would simply not have been possible, since records show that several tall buildings would have blocked his view.

Mrs O'Leary's protest that she was asleep fell on deaf ears and she was forced to leave town with her family.

Spin doctors smooth Clintons' holiday path

FROM TOM RHODES
IN WASHINGTON

EVEN the Clinton family holiday became a focus for White House spin doctors yesterday as the President arrived for a three-week stay in Martha's Vineyard, the East Coast playground for America's liberal elite.

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Insurer argues Daisy the cow was guiltless of Chicago fire

FROM TUNKU VARADARAJAN IN NEW YORK

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The boy lost in a foreign country

Robert Miles's parents are convinced that a vaccine is responsible for damaging him. Anjana Ahuja reports

Robert Miles runs up the stone steps to his house, ignores his visitor (me) and shoots into the living room. Oblivious to the antiques and furniture dotted around the room, the little blond boy pulls from his satchel a fairy cake topped with lurid green icing and starts cramming it into his mouth. Crumbs fly everywhere.

Robert is eight, but possesses the social skills of a child half his age. He comes to stare at me so intently that our noses almost touch: there is no flicker of recognition that his parents are talking to him; he seems almost hyperactive in the way he speeds around the room, laughing. During this display of exuberance, he does not utter a single, coherent word.

Robert was given the measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) vaccine when he was 14 months old: the date, December 5, 1989, is engraved on his father's memory. "Robert was completely normal beforehand," says Richard Miles, 41, a fine arts and antiques dealer. "He was walking quite well, and knew a few words. Shortly after the vaccine, he seemed off-balance. He began to knock into furniture, stopped talking and started to withdraw."

Robert's parents are convinced that the MMR vaccine, which has been routinely administered to infants since 1988, is directly responsible for damaging their child, who is now regarded by the local education authority as autistic. (In fact, the vaccine given to Robert was withdrawn in 1992 because the mumps part was found to contain a mild meningitis virus.)

Robert soon retreated into a world of silence. "It was very weird," recalls his mother Sarah, 40, who gave up running a textiles company to look after him. "He used to be able to say short words like shoes, socks, and drink. Then he suddenly fell silent. I began to wonder whether I had dreamt

him saying these words. He felt like an alien." Then Sarah saw a magazine article about another child whose onset of autism seemed to coincide with receiving the MMR vaccine. "I read it and thought, that's us."

They are not a lone voice.

Five medical studies later appear to link the MMR and MR (measles and rubella) vaccine to an increased risk of autism and Crohn's disease, a chronic inflammatory disease of the intestines. One of the authors of the studies, Dr Andrew Wakefield, from the Royal Free Hospital in London, told the medical magazine *Pulse* that the explosion of cases of Crohn's disease coincides exactly with the introduction of measles vaccinations in the United States.

He published similar criticisms of the then Chief Medical Officer, Kenneth

Calman, rejected them. The Department of Health has always maintained that the chances of an adverse reaction is one in a million. Richard says: "The Government said there was no link between CJD and BSE, but that didn't stop them from taking action."

Dr Wakefield, who gets five cases a week of children whose autism or Crohn's disease appears to be triggered by the MMR vaccine, says he would like to see separate vaccinations for each condition. He says his work will lead to a "profound rethink" on vaccination policy.

Many of the affected children, including Robert, are having their cases documented by Richard Barr, a solicitor in Norfolk, in the hope that a legal challenge can be mounted against the vaccine manufacturers. He says his work will lead to a "profound rethink" on vaccination policy.

Over the past two years we have investigated 80 children, and the pattern is remarkably consistent," Mr Barr says. "We have detailed medical records and home videos to

show that all these children were developing normally until they had the vaccine." The thorniest issue is trying to prove that the children were not born autistic, but developed similar symptoms as a direct result of their jabs.

"What clinches it for us is that the children are developing very odd behaviour, such as biting, and, to judge from their lifestyle, money is not the reason that they are pursuing the manner. Richard sees a wider issue: "We are immunising generations of children with a triple live vaccine, and we know very little about its long-term effects. That is terrifying, but when something goes wrong, it should be investigated."

The turning point could come in the courtroom. Mr Barr has been granted legal aid to research cases of alleged vaccine damage across the country. To date, 865 families have contacted him. Mr Barr, who has worked closely with Dr Wakefield, aims to bring his first case to court this year.

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Richard Miles and Robert: "Shortly after the vaccine, he seemed off-balance. He began to knock into furniture, stopped talking and started to withdraw"

It was as if he had the world's problems on his shoulders'

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WHAT THE MEDICAL PROFESSION FAILS TO TELL YOU

MOST doctors fervently believe that vaccines are one of medical science's greatest success stories, responsible for wiping out many deadly infectious diseases of the past century. So steadfast is this faith that it prevents doctors from acknowledging evidence demonstrating ineffectiveness, adverse reactions and cases of disease in children who have been vaccinated against it.

In the 1994 UK campaign to inoculate all British children from five to 16 with the measles, mumps and rubella jab, the Department of Health assured parents that side-effects to booster jabs were very unlikely after being "carefully studied by looking at large numbers of children in the United States".

In fact, the evidence on which this claim was based was rather more meagre. Before the campaign the DoH received a fax from officials at the US National Immunisation Programme explaining that the only evidence that boosters were safer was based on questionnaires sent to college students receiving the boosters.

What is worse, the UK's Public Health Laboratory Service completed a study before the campaign began, demonstrating that children given the measles, mumps and rubella jab were three times more likely to suffer from convulsions than those who didn't receive it. Two thirds of the cases of

seizures were due to the measles component alone.

Its findings were supported by a similar study carried out in America by the Centres for Disease Control (CDC) at about the same time. The CDC monitored the progress of 500,000 children across America, tapping into computerised records to discover adverse reactions to the two triple vaccines: the MMR and DPT (diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus). It identified 34 major side-effects to the jabs, ranging from asthma, blood disorders, infectious diseases, diabetes and neurological disorders, including meningitis, polio and hearing loss.

But if the incidence of seizure that leapt off the graph. The rate increased three times above the norm within the first day of a child receiving the DPT shot, and rose 2.7 times within four to seven days of a child being given the MMR shot, increasing to 3.3 times within eight to 14 days.

The success of vaccination is based entirely on assumption, improved sanitation and hygiene, housing, better nutrition and isolation procedures have occurred at the same time that vaccines have been introduced.

The US Government notes that during the plague years of polio, 20,000 to 30,000 cases a year occurred in

America, compared with 20 to 30 cases a year today. Nevertheless, Dr Bernard Greenberg, head of the department of biostatistics of the University of North Carolina School of Public Health, has said that polio increased by 50 per cent between 1957 and 1958 and 80 per cent from 1958 to 1959, after the introduction of mass immunisation.

Despite the fact that the UK has had the MMR vaccine in place since 1988, and enjoys a high coverage among toddlers, cases of measles recently were going up by nearly one fourth.

The zeal behind the measles campaign was founded on the belief that measles can be a life-threatening condition. In America in 1990, at the height of a measles epidemic when 27,000 cases were reported, 89 died. But many deaths occurred among children of low-income families where poor nutrition played a part, as did failure to treat complications. In Africa, where children are markedly Vitamin A deficient, measles does kill. However, as study after study demonstrates, even Third World children with adequate stores of vitamin A or those given vitamin A supplementation are likely to survive.

LYNNIE MCTAGGART

• Lynne McTaggart is author of *What Doctors Don't Tell You* (Thorsons, £3.99), and editor of a newsletter of the same name.

Anxious, depressed, suicidal — and still only a child

A generation ago, it was very rare for children to have a psychiatric illness or disorder diagnosed. Severe anxiety, agitation, depression and suicidal tendencies were confined to adolescence and adulthood. Children, at least, were thought to be immune.

No longer, however. Over the past 20 years, psychiatric, emotional and serious behavioural disorders have begun to invade childhood, causing suffering and distress in children as young as eight.

Peter Wilson, a child psychotherapist and director of the children's mental health charity Young Minds, says there is now clear evidence that rates of criminal behaviour, violence, suicide, drug abuse and anorexia are increasing among children and adolescents under 16.

A quarter of Britain's children cannot cope with life's stresses, writes Sue Corrigan

The fundamental cause, he suggests, is the rapid rate of technological change in society over the past 30 to 40 years, affecting all aspects of the way we live — employment patterns, educational pressures and family structures are all being greatly altered. "Kids are exposed to so much more information, so much more complexity," he says. "Growing

up has perhaps never been harder, nor more confusing."

The disastrous effect on many vulnerable children and adolescents in Britain is the subject of a documentary to be shown on Channel 4 on Sunday night. *The Madness of Children* focuses on three disturbed youngsters receiving treatment in an adolescent psychiatric unit in Manchester. One, Jody, tried to hang herself in a local hospital while waiting for a place in the 15-bed unit — the only inpatient facility serving half a million children and teenagers in the North East.

The programme claims that while there are more than 48,000 psychiatric beds in Britain, only 600 are available for those under 18, half the number provided just seven years ago. Once a week, the staff of the Manchester unit meet to decide which of the emergency referrals received in the past week are urgent enough to warrant admission to the one or two beds already available. At one such meeting, four of the seven children under discussion were already being treated with anti-psychotic or antidepressant drugs in the community.

Peter Wilson and other mental health workers say service provision for mentally ill and emotionally disturbed children is exceedingly patchy, with



Growing up has never been harder, nor more confusing

some areas, such as London, well served, but others very deficient.

"With the way the health service has been reorganised over the past seven years or so, it has been left to local authorities and local purchasers to make decisions as to their priorities," Mr Wilson says.



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THE WELLMAN CLINIC

emerge once the brain has reached a certain point of maturation.

"We are not seeing any significant increase in the number of children who would be classified clinically as mentally ill," Mr Wilson points out. "What we are seeing are increasing numbers of children suffering from what would be termed severe states of turmoil, agitation and disquietude.

"They are suffering from extreme worry about themselves and their families, manifesting in depression, extremely disruptive behaviour, violence against either themselves or others, drug abuse and attempted suicide.

"Many of these children mutilate themselves with knives or razors, to try to transform the mental pain they are suffering into physical pain. Anorexia is another manifestation of this desire to hurt and damage oneself. It is also often an attempt to stave off the changes that come about during puberty, to stay a child, to ward off all the terrible stresses associated with growing up."

Mr Wilson says the impact on children of changes in family structures over the past 30 or 40 years cannot be overestimated.

"Children are undoubtedly growing up in a less stable, clearly structured environment," he said. "With the increasing incidence of divorce, sole parenting and reformed families, there is less secure grounding in family life than there once was."

But he adds: "Despite all the upheavals of recent decades, most children are growing up OK, and coping quite well. Perhaps three quarters are doing fine. But around one quarter aren't. We need to provide good support services for these more vulnerable

children, backing up families with a whole range of community services, such as health visitors, counsellors and GPs sensitive to potential problem areas."

In the absence of adequate support services, however, many doctors are increasingly resorting to prescribing drugs to help desperate parents to cope with their children's violent and disruptive behaviour. Mental health professionals are concerned by this trend, arguing that little is known about the long-term effects of anti-psychotic and antidepressant drugs on children under 16.

They fear that Britain will follow the example of the United States, where more than 400,000 children are now taking Prozac, an antidepressant. *The Madness of Children* points out that there are no guidelines for treating children and adolescents with psychiatric drugs in the UK, and says the Department of Health cannot give figures on their use among British children.

"No child should be treated with medication alone," Mr. Wilson insists. "They must always receive some form of therapy — group therapy, psychotherapy, music therapy, whatever. The fundamental cause of the problems these children suffer is a breakdown in their relationship with others, and the causes must be identified if the problem is to be addressed satisfactorily."

• *The Madness of Children* will be shown on Channel 4 on Sunday at 7.30pm.

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Chilling out at Motel California

It's the first summer of their adult lives and they're spending it round a pool hoping to break into MTV. Giles Whittell meets California's generation extras

You gotta love this job, as the lifeguards say. My assignment was to meet and interview people such as Athena Kinner, who, for the past few weeks, have been reclining around a swimming pool on a cliff overlooking the Pacific, acting as extras for 500 hours of summer programming being produced there for the pop video network MTV.

Athena, aged 18, is pleasantly unaffected by the standards of most Californian bombshells her age. "I'm a beach girl," she says. "That describes me."

Jessica, in tight leopardskin, has more of a way with words. "She's a peach," she says of her friend. "And I'm a mango."

All the same, it was Athena whose striking curves and sunny disposition got her chosen for an on-camera "classified" — a chance to introduce herself to potential boyfriends from among MTV's several million viewers. Surprisingly, she received only 40 replies. Less surprisingly, it turns out that she has already appeared on an episode of *Baywatch*.

The set of *Baywatch* has much in common with the converted marine theme park half an hour south of Los Angeles that MTV calls its "Motel California". Both have the sea near by, the sun almost always overhead; plenty of lithe bodies in swimsuits and much expensive camera equipment.

The difference is that the motel swarms with up to 100 extras a day, none of them is paid, and there is no semblance of a plot in what unfolds here. Everyone has turned up for the sheer fun of being human wallpaper.

To wit, Mary Walker, 18, who lives round the corner, will be starring college in LA this autumn. "We were bored, we came down and we stayed," she says, hanging out with friends near the hot tub. They all have their backs to the ocean.

Did they come to meet new people, or to be on television?

"TV," says Melissa Coley without hesitation. Also 18 and from near by, she plans to study architecture in Atlanta but really hopes to be an actress.

"I want to be discovered," she admits. "Besides, what else would we do?"

I want to be discovered.
Besides;
what else
would
we do?

He'll be spending a week with his parents in northern California at a resort called Sea Ranch before starting at the private and very expensive University of Southern California.

MTV has unwittingly given

its name to the MTV generation, also known as pop sociologists as Generation X. This declining demographic wedge of twenty-somethings and post-adolescents has not been treated kindly by the press.

Exasperated pundits twice their age have depicted them as unkempt, uninspired, grumpy, spoilt, idle — or all five. They have far too much time on their hands, the thinking goes, and much too little gumption.

In fairness to the extras at Motel California, they are far from unkempt. They are, if anything, obsessed with their appearance. And in fairness to everyone else, they are a self-selecting group, who happen to like tanning themselves and loitering for the chance of a few seconds of fame. That is the good news.

The bad news is that for everyone who made the trek to Rancho Palos Verdes, there



Athena Kinner introduced herself to several million potential boyfriends on MTV — surprisingly, she received only 40 replies — and has appeared in *Baywatch*

are untold thousands more doing the only more surprising thing imaginable — watching them on telly.

Twenty feet above the swimming pool (which was specially installed by MTV for an amount that it prefers not to reveal), Ramon, Alex, Raul, Hector and Jason are staring glumly down at the bikini crowd from a balcony. They are all from Pasadena City College, on LA's hard-boiled east side, all with gang-style buzz cuts, all here to check out the female talent: the "bigboobies", as Raul says ominously. "It's not fun, but it's cool."

Down on a mezzanine, also surveying the pool scene, a beautiful political science student from Orange County responds tolerantly to a very square question about her favourite authors. "I'm not a reading person," she murmurs. "It's boring."

The executive producer of this sun-drenched palace of pop is Paul Cockerill, an unflappable 37-year-old pro with a cellphone and greying hair. "A lot of these kids have great personalities," he says,

refining in a sofa opposite the motel's fake reception. "It's such a joy to come here and find real honest-to-goodness people walking in off the street and performing to a T. Good things can happen here."

With respect to Mr Cockerill and his extras, an outsider at Motel California can easily feel he or she has wandered into a summer camp for epsilon semi-morons. As Aldous Huxley called the doltish creatures of his *Brave New World*, Seldon in the field of human narcissism can so many have lounged around

so long doing so little so contentedly.

The dumbing-down affects everyone. Vanessa Tyson is on a scholarship to Princeton, where she is president of the "multi-ethnic student alliance" and "completely convinced I'm going to save America". Yet MTV appears to have other plans for her. She was so radiant when chosen to introduce a song for a regular slot called *Popular Videos People Prefer* that Mr Cockerill asked if she'd ever thought of doing this for a living. An interview has been set up for her at the

network's New York headquarters in September, and Vanessa is delighted. "This stuff just seems to happen to me," she beams.

There are liloos in the pool, unused. There's a volleyball court, empty. There is a fabulous ocean 50ft away, ignored.

There are multitudinous ethnic groups here but — today at any rate — they do not mix.

As the sun heads down for its nightly bathe in the Pacific, six New Zealanders from a band called OMC amble over to their microphones under the gazebo to do a sound

check. Producers types in wrap-around shades hustle the cutest girls into a jiggling bevy beside the stage. (Athena is front and centre.) After four hours of nothing, there is suddenly an air of palpable excitement. Bikinis are adjusted. Water is splashed on nut-brown thighs to achieve that glistening look so popular in magazines. At last OMC performs their song, called *How Bizarre*. As they do so, a whale surfaces, twice, amazingly close to the foot of the cliff. No one seems to notice. It is bizarre indeed.

The secret of being a good stepmother

Pierce Brosnan's grown-up children are making him keep his promise never to remarry. But as Serena Allott discovered, adult stepchildren can be a joy

I was five years into my life as a stepmother when I felt I'd finally made the grade. It was a hot afternoon two summers ago when my stepdaughter, then 19, rang to say she had just acquired something that she had to show me. It was something she had wanted for ages but, having got it, she wasn't sure. Could she come over?

Twenty minutes later she strode into my kitchen, dropped her jeans and, peeling a plaster off one perfect golden buttock, revealed what, beneath the blood and sweat, I could just make out as a tattoo. "You're the first person to see it," she panted. "Tell me, honestly, what do you think?"

I remember the moment as one of pure joy. In my bank of

perfect memories it rides almost as high as the birth of my second son, who had the grace to slip into this world extremely quickly, having caused me very little pain.

Camilla had chosen to show me first her mother was, in fact, abroad, but she had friends by the score. That proved, I felt, that somewhere along the line I must have done something right.

I hadn't, as it happened, started from a position of wrong, at least not in my eyes. My husband had been di-

vored for ten years when I first met him. Camilla and her brother, Marcus, were 14 and 16 when we first exchanged shy smiles across a restaurant table. "Almost adult," I gallantly presumed. "They'll be glad that their father has met someone who will make him happy again." That was naive of me — and, given that I have enough step-relations to form a small family staircase, unforgivable.

I was 18 when I first met my stepfather and initially indifferent to his charms because — and only because — I resented anyone stepping into my father's shoes — even though he had vacated those shoes by dying in an accident six years before. I should have remembered my outrage at having an "outsider" try to join what was left of my family; my embarrassment at the thought that my mother was in all probability doing IT, at her age, for heaven's sake.

My mother resorted to currying to win me round: we arranged to meet one evening — him, her, my sister and me but (by design, I discovered many years after) my mother never turned up. By the end of that evening, my sister and I had discovered the man who had sustained and nurtured us ever since.

For me it was easy. I inherited two good-looking, well-mannered, intelligent and funny adolescents who

have never lived with us. Their mother lives in a large house two miles from us; we don't have enough rooms to offer them more than a sofa to sleep on. We meet for meals, walks and holidays.

Ours is, therefore, a relationship largely based on fun. It's not our phone bill they run up, we don't lie awake worrying,

DAVE PARKER



Pierce Brosnan vowed never to remarry

if they are late home at night. Because I am semi-detached, I can enjoy them without the dampener of maternal angst — would I have enthused so about Camilla's tattoo if she had been my natural daughter?

She, Marcus and their friends give me an insight into a generation I would otherwise never have known: obviously a plus. But the accompanying minus is that knowing them as a parent, knowing that I could — just — be their mother makes me feel old. My husband's tastes are far from catholic — like his first wife

— than I am. Perhaps our friendship for that is what it is: I have never felt remotely as if I were their mother) will continue to strengthen and deepen until we take it completely for granted. As yet I am still absurdly pleased by every indication that they like me. Marcus inviting me to his graduation was another red letter day. But I have long since felt pangs of sadness when — at the end of a happy evening — they go to a "home" that's not ours. And I find myself longing for step-grandchildren — even though mine will be a back seat in the christening photos.

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LORENZO CAPELLINI

EDINBURGH

San Francisco Ballet returns to Britain after an absence of 17 years with two programmes at the Edinburgh Playhouse (tonight-Sun 7.30pm - except Thurs, mat 7.30pm and Sun 2pm). The company's repertory includes his son's organ works in Greyfriars Kirk (5.45pm), and the Portuguese pianist Maria Joao Pires plays music by Schubert, Faust and Bach in the Union Hall (6pm). In the day, (O)ver the Rainbow: Poem for Joshua Bell, violin; Tebas Zimmerman, viola; Steven Isserlis, cello, and Stephen Hough, piano, join forces to perform chamber music by Mendelssohn and Brahms.

Festival box office 0131-223 0000

The 18th-century Edinburgh University Jazz Orchestra, under the direction of Eddie Steiner, is playing at the Fringe every Tuesday to Saturday (Festive Club, Venue 53), doors open 8.15pm, music starts 8.30pm.

Over in the Citizens Theatre (Venue 15; 1.15pm-10pm), Julian original's a world of the world premieres of Blue Heat, two funny and disruptuous plays by Cary Chantrell, Maternal Flying Pig, Theatres Company's new comedy about the life of Shakespeare's anarchy (in Much Ado); Shakespeare's tragedy is performed twice in 20 minutes, with the Bard himself (Hamlet in Henry IV).

In the Assembly Rooms (Venue 3; 11.30am), Steven Berkoff explores British sexual hypocrisy in the UK premiere of Marriage. The remarkable Pauline McLynn is back for the Wheatsheaf's performance, at Spinn's Wounds to the Face. Howard Barker's controversial exploration of how we surround ourselves against the character of the other faces Fringe box office (0131-226 6138; box-0131-226 5257 information).

LONDON

BBC PHONIX At 7pm, in the first of two concert this evening, Men Eldor

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL: Updating this Shakespeare to modern times gives the comedy a good sharp edge. With Frances Cuka and Nigel Planer. Gielgud, Inner Circle, Regent's Park, NW1 (0171-485 2431). Tonight-Thurs, 8pm; Fri-Sat, 7.30pm.

ID: BEAUTY AND THE BEAST:

Dorothy's film turned into a Broadway musical Julie Alannah Brighten and Alexander Harvey as the leads, with Stephen Daldry, David Morrissey and Norman Rosenthal. Donmar, Wardour St, SW1 (0171-416 6080). Mon-Sat, 7.30pm; mat Sat, 3.30pm.

THE TIGLE: THE COMPLETE WORKS OF JAMES BROWN: A further collaboration by the Reduced Shakespeare Company, said to put the fun back into fundamentalism. Gielgud, Shaftesbury Avenue, W1 (0171-580 5333). Mon-Sat, 8pm; Sun, 3pm. Wed 3pm, Sat 3pm.

CATHERINE HEENEY: New musical by James Fenton (the psychiatrist) 1982, a working-class musician and his upper-class groupies. Terry John Bates directs Arts Theatre, Victoria Street, WC2 (0171-588 5333). Mon-Sat, 7.30pm and 9.30pm; Sun, Aug 23.

IN A CHATEAU IN CHESSIRE: Iron-milk for Middleton's funniest comedy: speed, lust and just a touch of love. Mark Rydell plays Alvey, the country squire. Directed by Maxine McKenna. Globe, New Globe Walk, SE1 (0171-316 4703). Previewed last night. 7.30pm. Opens Aug 27. 7.30pm, mat Sat, 3pm.

NEW RELEASES:

THIS CLOUD-CAPPED STAR: Young woman sacrifices her life for her family. Rhys Ifans's compelling and adventurous William Ohmra, made in 1980. NF1 £17.99.

HAT AND DUFF: NF1. Kira and Marlene, of the British Rep, decomposed by Merchant Ivory. With Julie Christie, Gloria Scott, Shashi Kapoor. Curzon Mayfair (£17.99) 16/8/20.

+ SPEED 2: CRUISE CONTROL:

(PG) Dazzling sequel set on a cruise ship with Samuel L Jackson, Sean Penn and Helen Mirren. With Julia Roberts, Holly Hunter, John Goodman, Alice Krige, and others. Alistair Souter, BFI Better Story (£17.99) 26/8/20.

ODYSSEY: CANADIAN TEAM: (15/18) 225. Kensington (£15.99) 21/8/20.

MARBLE ARMS: (15/18) 21/8/20.

THE LOST WORLD: (PG) Routine star: dangers, the sequel to Jurassic Park. With Jeff Goldblum, Julianne

Moore, and others. Alistair Souter, BFI Better Story (£17.99) 26/8/20.

CURRENT:

+ ADDED TO LOVE: Sour romantic comedy with Matthew Stadler and Meg Ryan as spurned to-ex wife. Tom Peeples' Tami Director. Grimsby Cinema (£17.99) 18/8/20.

ALICE: (PG) 20th Century Fox (£17.99) 26/8/20.

CRIMIC: (PG) Drop Dead Musical. Ruthie Henshall, Lemper, Henry Goodman. Preview from 27 Oct. Open 18 Nov.

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Hague's team has no future on the Left

The Tories lack both policies and principles, says Graham Mather

Conservatives have never enjoyed Opposition. Many approve Iain Macleod's dictum, "The Socialists can scheme their schemes, and the Liberals can dream their dreams, but we, at least, have work to do." The interest in policy of the Thatcher era was not typical. After John Major's defeat, many Tories rushed to assure the public that it would be a long time before they advanced any new policies — or indeed any policies at all.

This would have been the correct response if it had been Conservative policies that lay at the root of defeat. In fact, ideologically Conservative policy positions have been adopted by a Labour Government that can sometimes seem one of the most market-minded, reforming governments Britain has seen. If the right policies mean success, it cannot be wise for Conservatives to become a policy-less party.

It was the perceived failings of Conservative ministers and MPs, their shortcomings and incompetence that put off the voters. As a leading Tory strategist put it during the election campaign, "they want our policies without us". So to turn away from Conservative policymaking would be misjudged and perverse. The correct response is to out-reform Labour to have better and more radical solutions to the "wicked issues" of state welfare, state spending and the machinery of government. Modern politics awards the prizes to those who reach the right policy solutions first, regardless of traditional political colour or label. Instead, on each of these priority issues, the early signs have been for policy-starved Tories to attack Labour from its left flank.

When Frank Field, Social Security Minister, opened up the issue of more autonomy for benefit offices, one would have expected Tories to rejoice at such Thatcherite thinking. Instead, a cry went up to challenge him to rule out benefit payments differentiated regionally. Yet surely reforming Conservatives cannot be happy with a £107 billion welfare budget predicated on the false basis that living costs and personal requirements are identical from one end of the country to another? The radical path would be to urge Mr Field on, rather than seeking to trip him up.

The persistent inability to make real inroads into government spending levels may be ending. After a quarter per cent cut in spending on services and pay this year, the projection for the coming year is of a 1 per cent cut. Does this merit Tory squeaks? Surely the right response is to hold Gordon Brown accountable for the reduction, and watch like hawks for any backsliding, rather than to suggest that Conservatives wish state spending to be any higher.

Many Conservatives with Treasury experience have yearned for years for an independent Bank of England tough enough to ensure that, when in doubt, monetary policy is toughened against inflationary risk. With politicians in charge, the danger is always of action too late, leading to Britain's familiar go-stop, boom-bust cycles. The legitimate criticism of Mr Brown's

The author is a Conservative MEP and president of the European Policy Forum.

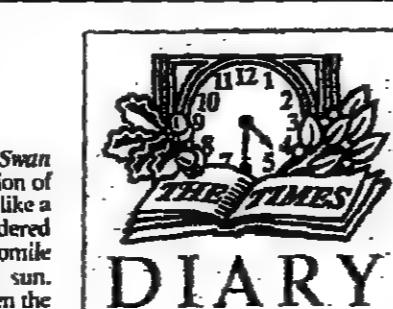
Sundancers

AS Diana, Princess of Wales, soaks up the sun in Greece, her favourite ballerinas are having a less happy time of it. Dancers of the English National Ballet, of which the Princess is patron, have been banned from sunbathing.

When the *corps de ballet* returned from holiday, sporting complexions ranging from pink to walnut brown, the artistic director, Derek Deane, went quietly pale. Then he, too, went puce with rage.

Come next month, when the production opens at Oxford's Apollo theatre, all must be white or white. Deane explains: "I'm just a little worried that the lighting effects will wreak havoc with sunburnt dancers, making them look purple and puce. The last time we had a heatwave we ended up with a scariest Wilis in *Giselle*. We simply can't give roasted swans to the public this season."

The catalogue that accompanies the sale of more than 40,000 relics from the Windsors' Paris home in the Bois de Boulogne shows a lack of good table manners that would have appalled the former King. Much time has been taken to recreate place settings at the Windsor dinner table but someone has positioned the spoons across the



top of the plates. Says a sheepish Sotheby's minion: "Clearly the perpetrator is a dexter photographer than he is butler, but we won't hold that against him."

Pool pooch

THE barking of Kevin Maxwell continues. Katie Firth, of Stock Row near Henley, spent last week looking for her missing dog, Bengal. Eventually, the mutt turned up, safe. It had spent the time happily practising its doggy paddle in Maxwell's swimming pool on the other side of the Thames.

Neighbours twice reported seeing the dog in his pool at 3am after being woken by splashing. "It was such a relief when we found her," Firth says. "The vet said she would be all right." There was some

musement at how the dog had managed to cross the river, but her laps of the Maxwell lido suggest she is not afraid of getting her paws wet.

Widening role

HOW heartening it is to see that between holding press conferences and photo calls, the Prime Minister has had time to enjoy the local flavour of the countries he has visited on his dual location holiday. Not for him a vacation lounging by the pool. He has played football against a local team and walked in the countryside. But most of all, the straining seams of his jeans suggest he has enjoyed exploring local restaurants.

Mediterranean mammas everywhere would be proud to see that Mr Blair has been filling out. It is not yet a beefy guy but it appears that he has not recently been knowingly under-lunched. "He was tucking in with relish," says one who found himself sitting at an adjoining table to the PM at a hotel in San Gimignano, the other day.

After Blair's failure to say *basta* after all that pasta, one dreads to think how much he will enjoy *magnet de canard* (breast of duck), a speciality of St Martin D'Oydes.

Secret's out

BEST wishes to the Marquess of Milford Haven, who is to marry for the second time in a garden ceremony in Nantucket, Massachusetts, tomorrow. The Queen's cousin, known to his friends as Gorgeous George, is to wed Clare Wentworth-Stanley. She has also been married and is an occasional journalist: earlier this year she wrote an article for *The Express* about the hardship of being just too beautiful.

The Marquess's first wife, by whom he has two children, was Sarah, the daughter of the former Brent Walker tycoon George Walker. Their divorce has recently come



Wentworth-Stanley: marrying

through. Originally, tomorrow's ceremony was planned with the kind of secrecy one might find surprising from a popular chap who is a great-nephew of Earl Mountbatten and whose late-father, David, was best man at the Queen's wedding to Prince Philip. But then, somehow, there was talk of Hellot and the Duchess of York coming and the word was out.

Kohl can't save EMU from itself
Daniel Johnson
on the don who
damns the euro

Unlike Tony Blair, Helmut Kohl does not normally interrupt his holidays in the dog days of August to speak to the press — let alone in a foreign language. After 15 years in power, the German Chancellor reckons he no longer has anything to prove. But on Sunday evening, a rare midsummer television interview was broadcast. For foreign consumption, the focus — inevitably — was on the single currency. Herr Kohl had a simple message: the euro will be a strong, stable currency. It was, he insisted, "a mistake" for the markets to assume that stability would be sacrificed in order to stick to the timetable for monetary union. To give stability anything other than top priority "is a price I will not pay".

Now the assumption that the stability of the new European currency is subject to the fiat of one country's leader. Yet Herr Kohl insists that the guarantor of the euro will be an "energetic, powerful" European central bank. It is an article of faith for Bonn that the new bank, based in Frankfurt, will be indistinguishable in economic doctrine or *modus operandi* from the Bundesbank. Any talk of a "soft" euro is dismissed as scurrilous rumour-mongering by the Eurosceptics.

Chancellor Kohl's reassuring promise of a stable single currency coincides, however, with the appearance of an alarming scenario from the pen of an Oxford economist of impeccable academic distinction, Dr Walter Elts. Published yesterday, his pamphlet (*The Creation and Destruction of EMU*, £1.50 from Centre for Policy Studies, 57 Tufnell St, London SW1P 3OL) eschews ideological polemics, and is published by a think-tank whose director, Tessa Kwick, was Kenneth Clarke's Europhile political adviser. Even so, Herr Kohl will certainly ignore it.

Dr Elts begins by quoting a few of the warnings of European businessmen such as Martin Taylor of Barclays and Niall FitzGerald of Unilever, or transatlantic observers such as Alan Greenspan and George Soros, none of whom has any political axe to grind. All are worried that EMU will be vulnerable to speculation. He then examines the creation of EMU, and argues that 11 member states will probably participate in the first wave, with only Greece, Denmark, Sweden and the UK staying out.

But you can't be both a geisha and a consultant haematologist: any more than you can be an attentive husband and Foreign Secretary. When Mrs Cook first spoke publicly about the break-up of her marriage, she laid blame on the excessive hours an NHS consultant has to work. Now she has given on the other side of the coin. Both are valid. It is hard for a family to survive one high-powered career these days, and almost impossible to survive the pressure of two.

Even if the family does not crack apart, a great deal of daily pressure is communicated to the children. From their earliest days they will understand that even the simple, joyful business of giving them their milk and fish fingers and admiring their playgroup artefacts is a source of stress and worry and muttered cursing about the unreliability of nannies. Later, they will see busy parents flying hither and yon, shouting instructions down telephones as they thrust their arms into jacket sleeves, and generally carrying on as if anything on the far end of a wire was bound to be more important than what their own child is saying. This does not make children happy and confident. Sorry, but it's true.

The awful fact is that if two bright people marry and procreate, something has to give way. Probably somebody's dream. People should face this when they marry, and remember it again before they conceive children. To say that is no backlash against feminism — men can slow down their careers, too, or follow faithfully like Denis Thatcher in mid-life's perfumed wake. But if we're so damn bright, we aspiring achievers, we should be able to work out that nobody can have everything.

This historical episode is not irrelevant to the main analysis, which concentrates on EMU's crucial transition phase from January 1, 1999, when the national currencies will be fixed against the euro, to December 31, 2001, after which the euro alone will remain legal tender. Dr Elts postulates that the weaker economies will soon come under pressure, because fixed exchange rates will allow investors to switch from, say, lire into marks without penalty at the first sign of trouble. As money floods in the Bundesbank will face a stark choice: buy lire and print unlimited numbers of marks, or face the certainty of an Italian departure from EMU.

The European bank will be important during this transitional phase, being able only to print euros, unless it can offer the kind of exchange rate guarantee that France refused to give a century ago. Citing Tim Congdon's research, Dr Elts points out that no such guarantee has been given, because only the national governments have the resources to give it force. In its absence, the Bundesbank will also refuse to act as guarantor. If the European bank then orders the Bundesbank to print vast quantities of marks, such an order could be challenged in the German courts. Any delay would be instantly fatal.

As Britain discovered in 1992, governments and central banks can be brought to their knees in a matter of hours by the sheer volume of speculation. And as soon as the markets sensed that a member state was vulnerable, the whole structure of EMU would totter: "there will be staggering opportunities for profit". If Dr Elts is right, then Chancellor Kohl must give substance to the "energetic, powerful" European central bank for which he now calls. He must charm — or more likely cajole — the Bundesbank into submitting totally to the European bank. It must be clear before 1999 that Germany is ready to print as many marks as the European bank demands necessary. Of course, with an election due in autumn 1998, such a blank cheque would be political suicide in a country where two hyperinflations are still a living memory. But if Herr Kohl cannot put his money where his mouth is, the single currency is unlikely to last even three years.



Tony Blair: too much pasta?

P-H-S

Kohl
save Em
from its
Daniel J.

THE TIMES TUESDAY AUGUST 19 1997



DIVIDED THEY STAND

Why the Bosnian Serb power struggle matters to the world

The British troops who mounted guard yesterday over a police station in Republika Srpska stood on the symbolic front line of a power struggle between Srpska's Serb leaders. In theory the troops are on a neutral mission, defusing a confrontation between rival Serb paramilitary police. In practice, they are protecting the authority of Srpska's embattled President, Biljana Plavšić.

The decision to do so has not come easily to America and its allies. In the corrupting aftermath of a catastrophic war it is hard to distinguish white hats from black. The issue is whether something akin to the rule of law can displace the opportunist bandits who now control life in the Serb part of the confederal Bosnian republic established under the Dayton accord. Respect for law is a precondition for the internal negotiations without which Dayton's goal of coexistence between Bosnia's three communities cannot be realised. The outcome of this struggle could thus determine the fate of the Nato-led peace mission in Bosnia-Herzegovina.

President Plavšić is certainly an improbable heroine, an extreme nationalist who in 1992 embraced the perpetrators of "ethnic cleansing". When her main opponent, Radovan Karadžić, was forced under the Dayton agreement to relinquish public office, she was his choice as a pliable substitute. But Mrs Plavšić has proved less than pliant. Under American pressure, she has declared her readiness to abide by the Dayton accords. And personally, her probity and political courage set her morally apart from the Palič trio of profiteering warlords whose unlawful reign she has vowed to end.

All over Srpska and at every level of administration those most deeply implicated in wartime atrocities — and in the profiteering that accompanied the fighting — exercise control on behalf of these three. They are Radovan Karadžić, the indicted

war criminal and former President who still, in defiance of Dayton, pulls most of the Srpska power; Momčilo Krajišnik, the old Karadžić ally whose membership of the tripartite Bosnian federal presidency is a huge obstacle to peace; and Dragan Kijac, whose estimated 30,000 armed security police are involved in everything from policing the black market to bugging the lines of the President and her allies.

Mrs Plavšić's decision to take a stand originated in a meeting last June with Madeleine Albright which convinced her that there was no alternative to Dayton. The next month, she astonished Serbians by publicly denouncing the Karadžić mafia for destroying the State, looting its revenues and reducing most Bosnian Serbs to "absolute poverty". She demanded Mr Kijac's resignation as Interior Minister, and when he shrugged that off, exercised her constitutional power to dismiss the Srpska parliament dominated by Mr Karadžić's allies and call fresh elections in October.

The ruling overturning her decision last Friday by Srpska's constitutional court is a telling example of what she denounces as the "terror which prevents people from saying what they think". Jovo Rosic, a judge who had declared his support for the President, had been beaten up so savagely that he was absent in hospital. Mrs Plavšić has Western support in forging ahead with elections despite the court ruling. She could well lose, and she almost certainly will unless she has access to broadcast media to carry her message to Serb voters. That is practical help the West should provide, with installations under Nato guard. Hardline nationalist that she is, Mrs Plavšić is at least realist enough to say of Richard Holbrooke, Bill Clinton's troubleshooter in Bosnia, that "American or not, we need him". In such realism lies what hope there remains of durable peace.

CRASHES AND BANGS

Stock markets are still overvalued

In the dog days of August, financial markets are as fractious as the tourists who tramp sweatily around Trafalgar Square. With many dealers on holiday, trading is thin and price movements correspondingly volatile. Anticipating a stock market crash has proved as unnerving as waiting for the thunderstorm that brings to an end an oppressively hot and humid spell. Is a steep fall in share prices really as inevitable as the rain that clears the air at this time of year?

Yesterday, the crash failed to materialise, just as it had the previous Monday. The FTSE 100 index fell by just 30.8 points, even though the Dow Jones industrial average had posted its second-biggest loss ever on Friday. But the worldwide stock market boom will not last for ever. All the signs are that both Wall Street and London are overvalued and will soon undergo "correction".

What Alan Greenspan, Chairman of the US Federal Reserve Board, called "irrational exuberance" has been evident in both markets for more than a year. Between his outburst last December and the decline of the past week or two, American shares climbed by another 25 per cent. London has seen a similar bull run. It is hard to believe that such exuberance is justified by the underlying economic performance of the two countries.

In Britain shares have been buoyed by a Labour Government that proved less threatening than expected and more fiscally responsible than was feared. Yet interest rates are rising, presaging lower growth next year, companies are putting out profit warnings and the strength of sterling is hurting exporters. A strong pound has lured foreign investors into the British stock market, but the same phenomenon is undermining the longer-term attractiveness of its shares.

Perhaps the most ominous sign is that people are starting to talk of a "new era" or a "new paradigm" in Western economies. Inflation has apparently been conquered and the boom-bust cycle brought to an end; shares have nowhere to go but up. These are dangerous predictions, which always seem to accompany the end of a boom, the hubris which is followed by nemesis. It is a feature of capitalism, in stock markets as in the real economy, that prosperity moves in cycles.

That is not to say that either the UK or the US is about to face a crash of the severity of 1987, when the FTSE fell by 23 per cent in two days and 32 per cent in a week. Stock markets could just as easily slide gradually over the next few months, ending the year roughly where they started. Nor is this correction likely to be on the scale of the slump that hit the Tokyo markets in 1990: seven years on, the Nikkei is still at less than half its level at the end of 1989. The UK stock market, by contrast, took only a couple of years to regain its 1987 levels after the crash, and now stands at double that 1987 peak.

If share prices fall again, they are more likely to follow Britain's recent precedent than Japan's. This would be a repositioning of overvalued shares rather than the bursting of a bubble that changes the whole psychology of investment. Shareholders in London and New York who want to catch the peak of the boom might be wise to sell their equities now and put their money on deposit for a while, where they can still earn decent real returns. But those who are holding shares for the very long term can afford to relax: their wealth is unlikely to be wiped out, and in a few years' time, any downturn now should look like not much more than a blip on the chart.

We are now able to provide medicines to treat patients better and more quickly than ever before and to tackle conditions in the community much more effectively, often preventing the need for hospital admission. Many patients with heart disease, cancer, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis and mental illness have benefited from recent advances.

The real shame is that patients do not always receive such new medicines which, in the long run, can actually save the NHS money and improve treatment:

Yours sincerely,
PETER READ,

President, Association of the
British Pharmaceutical Industry,

12 Whitehall, SW1.

August 12

LABOUR'S ROCK POOL

The party's personalities are reflected in the sea

John Prescott is the Dr Doolittle of this Government. That is not a reflection on his idleness; few ministers toil as the Deputy Prime Minister does. Rather, Mr Prescott can talk to the animals. Yesterday, as the photographers captured so well, it was a crab. Asked about the chances of his colleague Peter Mandelson securing election to the party's National Executive Committee, Mr Prescott eyed his catch with its thick protective carapace, eyes permanently on stalks, long-limbed and laterally mobile, and asked "Well Peter, will you get on?"

Mr Prescott may have thought his *jeu d'esprit* would be quickly laughed off. Or perhaps, recognising the paucity of political news in August, he knew precisely how long, how very long, the laugh would last. Pundits even compared to the famous time when Margaret Thatcher was reported to have ordered steak while dining with the Cabinet. "What about the vegetables?" she was asked. "Oh, they'll have steak too," she replied — or so the culinary story goes.

Is Mr Mandelson a credible crab? He is certainly much more crab-like than the serpentine figure in which cartoonists delight. And the Labour Party is, altogether, like Cyril Connolly's *Rock Pool*, a struggle for supremacy captured in a watery metaphor. Mr Prescott is himself, clearly, a coelacanth — an ancient creature which should, by evolutionary logic, be extinct. His survival goes to show that natural and logical are very far from being synonymous. Tony Blair is, like the film star whales Orcas

or Willy, the biggest beast about. Like them, he inspires huge affection even though he is a ruthless predator capable of swallowing scores of individual plankton, Tory backbenchers and other brainless forms of life swept along by the tide.

The Chancellor, Gordon Brown, is something of a shark. The pension companies and privatised utilities certainly think so. Like the shark, Mr Brown cannot rest and devours a huge amount every day. Anyone who has heard of Mr Brown on what he drolly calls "holiday", alternating between bouts on the tennis court and hours devoted to digesting works of Portuguese econometrics and Bolivian social theory, will appreciate how his metabolism matches the workaholic of the deep. The Social Security Secretary, Harriet Harman, is perhaps best cast as a dugong or manatee, a gentle mammal dangerously out of its depth. The Prime Minister's press secretary, Alastair Campbell, has to be a squid: no creature uses ink more aggressively.

Nowhere, however, is the smell fishier than in Scottish waters. Although Mr Blair may bask elegantly in Mediterranean climes, any number of little molluscs cluster unattractively around the waste pipe which is provincial patronage north of the border. Barnacles cling on for all their worth when they should be cleared decisively away. Urchins spread poison and creatures which look to be all jelly lash out painfully. It is to be hoped that when Mr Prescott goes north this week he takes his shrimping net.

Pensioners' health policy 'shabby'

From Mr P. M. Elton

Sir, Having taken away the tax concession from pensioners who elect to pay private medical insurance, the latest blow now being inflicted is that those of us with an income of over £18,000 per year may be "asked" — what a weasel word — to pay for our National Health Service prescriptions (report, August 14).

New Labour proposes to snatch the benefits from pensioners which they have paid for through their NI contributions all of their working lives — many of us since the Attlee Government introduced the scheme. I infinitely prefer old Labour, who would never have contemplated such a shabby idea.

Yours etc,
P. M. ELTON,
2 The Birches, Felsham Road,
Cockfield, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.
August 14.

From Mr Irving Luke

Sir, If the Government really wishes to expedite a reduction in hospital waiting lists it should cast aside party dogma and, instead of adopting the spiteful measure of abolishing tax benefits on private medical insurance for the over-sixties, encourage private healthcare by allowing tax relief for all subscribers to such schemes.

Yours faithfully,
IRVING LUKE
(Consultant ophthalmic surgeon),
44 Fairfax Road, NW6.
August 17.

Cost of medicines

From the President of the
Association of the British
Pharmaceutical Industry

Sir, It is a curious argument which suggests that a seller is exploiting a hard-up buyer by offering to sell goods at a cut price. Yet when pharmaceutical companies reduce their prices to hospitals facing severe financial pressures to help them afford the medicines that their patients need, you suggest (report, August 12) that this is exploitation because patients may then ask their GPs for further prescriptions costing the full NHS price.

Yes, new medicines are more expensive. Companies now risk more than £200 million and 10 to 12 years of research into a new medicine before it reaches the patient. But far from costing "the NHS millions", as your headline suggests, medicines offer one of the real solutions to the funding problem the NHS faces by reducing or eliminating other forms of treatment.

At the same time the profits that pharmaceutical companies make on the sales of NHS medicines prescribed by both hospitals and GPs are rigorously controlled by the Pharmaceutical Price Regulation Scheme. The cost of medicines to the NHS remains far lower than in most comparable European countries, and British doctors also have one of the highest rates of generic prescribing.

We are now able to provide medicines to treat patients better and more quickly than ever before and to tackle conditions in the community much more effectively, often preventing the need for hospital admission. Many patients with heart disease, cancer, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis and mental illness have benefited from recent advances.

The real shame is that patients do not always receive such new medicines which, in the long run, can actually save the NHS money and improve treatment:

Yours sincerely,
PETER READ,

President, Association of the
British Pharmaceutical Industry,

12 Whitehall, SW1.

August 12

Terrorism victims

From Mr R. J. Silburn

Sir, You report (August 13) that the

Palestine Liberation Organisation has paid "millions of dollars" to the relatives of the man murdered on the *Achille Lauro*.

Would the IRA consider following this excellent precedent and start paying the relatives of their victims from their ample funds, which presumably will no longer need for expenditure on weapons?

Yours sincerely,

R. J. SILBURN,

10 Woodcote Hurst, Epsom, Surrey.

August 13

Paul or Paula?

From Mr John Fletcher

Sir, In your report (August 12), "Orton's Beales script is revived by Radio 3", you say that "Paul McCartney apparently did not feature in the script", unlike the other three Beatles. As the script's radio adaptor, I can confirm that he has a wholesome and life-enhancing part — as a woman, the Virgin Mary, no less — and is played in the production (to be broadcast on September 21) by the gifted and elegant young Irish actress, Miss Jacinta McHugh.

Yours sincerely,
JOHN FLETCHER,
Heronsgate,
Pilton, Shepton Mallet, Somerset.

August 13

Post-doctoral research

From Professor Sir Hermann Bondi, FRS

Sir, In her letter of August 13, Dr Shirley McCready made the most pertinent remark that the number of post-doctoral scientists working in British universities has trebled in the last 20 years. For any given amount of funding, there will be an optimal number of research workers. If the number is too low, some costly apparatus will be idle; if it is too high, many scientists will have to use poor equipment.

Moreover, if the number of claimants for limited funding is too large, an inordinate amount of scientists' time will be wasted on writing and refereeing grant applications that cannot be financed however good they are.

There can be little doubt that the British system now has many more claimants (including post-docs) for the available funding than would give the best scientific output. Reducing the number cannot be a quick or painless (or even fair) operation, but unless the need to do so is explicitly accepted, the future of British science looks bleak to me.

Yours faithfully,
HERMANN BONDI,
Churchill College, Cambridge.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9NN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Call for review of medical training

From Dr John K. Wales

Sir, I share an increasing concern with some of my colleagues about the future of medical education in the UK — a concern enhanced by the increasing demand for a reduction in junior doctors' working hours and by the suggested change in the funding of higher education recently announced by Professor Dearing.

The education of medical students is expensive. A good deal of this expense arises from the requirements of bedside clinical teaching and the length of the course. A reduction in clinical teaching in order to save money is likely to result in more theoretical teaching, as favoured by many European medical schools; it will also reduce the capabilities and clinical effectiveness of medical graduates and the professional aspects of patient care.

There are also concerns that clinical teaching is being undervalued by an undue emphasis on research ratings of medical schools. Many clinical teachers are not employed by universities but by the NHS. Their ability to support medical schools is being eroded by an ever-increasing clinical NHS load.

Yours etc,

JOHN K. WALES

(Senior Lecturer in Medicine and
Honorary Consultant Physician),

University of Leeds,

Division of Medicine,

General Infirmary, Leeds LS1 3EX.

August 14.

No apologies over British India

From Mr Richard Westwood-Brookes

Sir, During this season of politically correct contrition over the behaviour of our forefathers in "oppressed" India (letters, August 15; report, August 18), perhaps it would be worth those who are so eager to seek constant apologies from the British bearing in mind that this nation at least appears to have learned vast lessons from past mistakes — which are more than can be said for many.

Great Britain has lived at peace with itself for more than 250 years and has striven to build a genuine multi-ethnic and multicultural society, which despite disparaging comment from certain self-interests continues to build with considerable success.

Perhaps those eternally demanding that the British should bow their heads in shame for the actions of those who lived, for the most part, long before we were born should be better employed in making such demands from people whose atrocities are within living memory — like the Japanese, the Chinese, the Russians, the Americans, many African states and of course the Indians themselves.

Yours,
RICHARD WESTWOOD-BROOKES.

The Old Post Office,
Ashford Carbonell,
Ludlow, Shropshire.

From Mr J. P. Govinda

Sir, I would like to thank the British media for their excellent coverage of the 50th anniversary of the independence of India and Pakistan.

For the many people from the sub-continent who have been welcomed in this country and prospered here, the generous coverage really shows the magnanimous character of the British people. It is hard to imagine any other former ruling nation making the same effort to celebrate such an occasion. For the younger generation of Asians the coverage provided a sense of pride and a balanced sense of identity. For many of the older generation, painful nostalgia.

Yours faithfully,
J. P. GOVINDA,
63 St Andrews Drive,
Stammore, Middlesex.
August 15.

From Mr Raymond Sharp

Sir, My recollection of the Petersberg Hotel is not quite as epoch-making as the events described in your report and Professor Roger Morgan's letter (August 6, 15). Soon after VE-Day, 936 Port Construction Company, Royal Engineers, of which I was second in command, was sent to the American Zone to remove all the demolished Rhine bridges between Remagen and Cologne. This was vital work to enable barge traffic to resume carrying food and other supplies for the German population.

My enterprise commanding officer took over the Petersberg Hotel as our company headquarters and demanded of the hotel manager, still resident with his staff, to be shown Neville Chamberlain's room so he could occupy it. The manager threw open the first-floor bedroom door to reveal a large hole in the outside wall caused by an

THE TIMES TUESDAY AUGUST 19 1997

OBITUARIES

CONLON NANCARROW

Conlon Nancarrow, American composer, died in Mexico City on August 10 aged 84. He was born in Texarkana, Arkansas, on October 27, 1912.

Conlon Nancarrow was one of this century's most original and fascinating composers. Using the antiquated technology of the mechanical player piano, doggedly punching his own piano rolls hole by hole, he produced innovative music of great rigour and complexity that was at the same time humorous, accessible and highly dramatic. An individualist who spent much of his life in Mexico, out of the mainstream of modern musical life, he nevertheless had a far-reaching influence on contemporary music, with such leading composers as György Ligeti and Elliott Carter among his many admirers.

Conlon Nancarrow was born on the border of Texas and Arkansas in the appropriately named town of Texarkana, where his father was a businessman who later became mayor. Nancarrow had a fiery and rebellious nature which his father tried to subdue by sending him to military school. This turned out to be a mistake, because Nancarrow, already a trumpet player, became interested in music – particularly jazz, which was to be an important influence in his own work.

In desperation his father sent him to Vanderbilt to study engineering, but he soon dropped out and decided to go to Cincinnati to pursue his musical interests. There he heard and was influenced by Earl Hines, Art Tatum and Stravinsky's *Rite of Spring*. He also got married, to Helen Rigby in 1932; he was 20; she was 16.

Next Nancarrow went to study counterpoint with Roger Sessions in Boston, where he also discovered politics. It was the time of Roosevelt and the "New Deal", and a time when the Communist Party appealed to a wide range of American artists and intellectuals. Nancarrow involved himself in fundraising for the Communists and when the party came to recruit for people to fight in the Spanish Civil War, Nancarrow joined the Lincoln Brigade. It was both a crucial and mysterious

episode of his life, a time of hunger, illness, wounds and dramatic retreats and escapes. Back home in Texarkana he was lionised and celebrated as a local hero.

Soon afterwards he moved to New York, where he immediately became involved in the contemporary music scene and where he met and became friends with Aaron Copland and his near contemporary, Elliott Carter.

But Nancarrow became increasingly disillusioned both with mainstream communism and with the few concert performances of his increasingly adventurous music. The last straw came when he discovered that some of his former comrades had been refused exit visas by the State Department because of their Spanish Civil War record. Nancarrow was refused one too, as a "premature anti-Fascist". Since without a visa a US citizen could only go to Canada or Mexico, he emigrated to Mexico City, where the climate and politics were more to his liking and where the US dollar went a long way.

Nancarrow began to wonder how he could do without live performers, and thus ensure perfect performances whenever his music was played. So when in 1947 he received an inheritance from his parents, he went to New York to buy a player piano and have a machine custom-made which would enable him to punch his own piano rolls.

Back in Mexico, Nancarrow was now set up for the great work of his life, the *Studies for Player Piano*, a modest title for a vast achievement. There are now more than fifty Studies; ranging in duration from one to ten minutes.

Each Study is an exercise in counterpoint and, particularly, canon. The thoroughness with which Nancarrow explored this type of construction can only be compared to Bach, his favourite composer, and, along with Stravinsky and jazz, the most important influence in his music.

Pitch and time relationships, and especially the relationships between different speeds, are Nancarrow's chief concerns in the Studies – but this is to make the music sound dry and unappealing, whereas in fact it is uniquely exhilarating and full of humour and drama.

In Study 21, the so-called Canon X, one voice starts in the bass while a fast voice begins in the high register. The two voices speed up and slow down respectively until they cross at a certain place (hence the title) and by the end, the fast one has slowed down and the slow one has sped up to a dazzling effect.

As he went on, the mathematical relationships Nancarrow used became increasingly complex, with accelerations, irrational numbers and mind-bending three-part Studies like Nos 41a, 41b and 41c – whereas 41a is 41a and 41b played simultaneously on two player pianos. It is music that



rejects Romanticism but paradoxically seems all the more passionate because of that. The compositional process was extremely laborious, and much thought went into the structure of each Study before the actual work of punching the blank paper roll began, where each of the many thousands of holes had to be done by hand, one at a time. Nancarrow estimated that ten hours' work went into eight seconds of actual music. One result was that Nancarrow's left forearm – his left arm operated the lever on the punching machine – resembled Popeye's; another is that the Studies are masterpieces of concentrated composition. Us-

ing this obsolete technology, Nancarrow transcended his medium and wrote some of the most original and dazzling music of the century.

In 1947 Nancarrow married the artist Arnette Margolis, with whom he had a son (his first wife had divorced him when he was reported missing in Spain). Through Margolis, Nancarrow came to know many of the artists working in Mexico, including Diego Rivera and his wife, Frida Kahlo, but it was a stormy marriage which ended in 1951. Around 1960-61 Nancarrow went into a depression and for the next 19 years lived with his pianos and his Scotch bottle. These

"missing years" from 1951 to 1970 produced many of his most intense and creative works.

Thinking that no one would take him seriously until they could see his music in conventional notation, Nancarrow decided to make scores of some of the Studies. At around this time he became a little better known when Merce Cunningham choreographed some of the earlier Studies for his New York ballet company and the scores began to be published in the American *Soundings* journal run by Peter Garland.

Nancarrow continued to send tapes of the Studies to Elliott Carter, who did his best to help, but the music made little or no impression on the likes of Pierre Boulez and the European avant-garde of the time.

The breakthrough came in the late Seventies, when a series of LPs of the Studies, was released and the composer György Ligeti bought one in a Paris record shop. Ligeti was so keen to share his discovery of this extraordinary music that he used his enormous influence to gain Nancarrow a substantial grant from the McArthur Foundation and enthusiastically promoted Nancarrow throughout the European contemporary music festival circuit. The floodgates of world recognition were finally opened.

From then on, Nancarrow's life changed to that of practically any successful late 20th-century composer: tours, interviews, documentaries, festivals and commissions followed, and he began to write for human beings for the first time since the Forties. The Third String Quartet and the three Canons are arguably less successful than the Studies, whose superhuman qualities seem to be the essence of Nancarrow.

Inevitably, the question of repatriating to the US came up, but Nancarrow refused to tolerate the public recantation of his policies which would have been necessary. So he continued to live in a quiet suburb of Mexico City until his death.

He is survived by his third wife, the Japanese anthropologist Yoko Segiura, whom he married in 1970; by their son; and by the son of his second marriage.

HENDRIK VAN DEN BERGH

Lieutenant-General Hendrik van den Berg, former head of the South African Bureau of State Security (Boss) died on August 16, aged 82. He was born on November 27, 1914.

WHEN South Africa's apartheid Government at the peak of its power in 1969 brushed aside all opposition and established the Bureau of State Security, the nation at first saw it as something of a joke. Its purpose, said the Government, was to merge civil and military security organisations to deal with the increasing terrorist threat against the country.

But soon, the sweeping powers awarded to it, with the threat of a seven-year prison sentence against anyone who communicated information about the new bureau prejudicial to the State or its security, dismayed the press, the tiny parliamentary Opposition, several Bar Councils and academies.

And the joking stopped as it was quickly perceived what a sinister organisation John Vorster, then prime minister, had set up. It was headed by one of his closest confidants, Lieutenant-General Hendrik van den Berg, head of the security police and also his personal security adviser.

Vorster was replaced by P. W. Botha who surrounded himself with military generals.

In all his associations with the National Security Council intense rivalry developed between military intelligence and Boss which was renamed the National Intelligence Service. Soon afterwards, van den Berg went bitters into retirement and farming. He re-emerged briefly during South Africa's last whites-only general election in 1987, when he stood unsuccessfully as a candidate for the right-wing Conservative Party formed by breakaway Nationalists.

Hendrik van den Berg's first wife, a Welsh woman, died during his internment. He leaves five children by his second wife, Koie, who died in March.

Boss agents were particularly active in Britain, where it was claimed that they collaborated with a dissident faction in the British secret service with the aim of discrediting the Labour and Liberal parties on account of their opposition to any links with the apartheid regime.

BOSS successfully penetrated South African political organisations, notably the African National Congress, and kept close watch on individuals engaged in anti-South African activities.

But the task of Boss was also to curb the influence of the South African military which Vorster, a former Minister of



Police, distrusted. By the time he fell from power in disgrace in 1979, after the disclosure that taxpayers' money had been secretly used for clandestine propaganda projects, Boss had increasingly become a political network, spying on anybody considered to be an enemy.

Vorster was replaced by P. W. Botha who surrounded himself with military generals. In the National Security Council intense rivalry developed between military intelligence and Boss which was renamed the National Intelligence Service. Soon afterwards, van den Berg went bitters into retirement and farming. He re-emerged briefly during South Africa's last whites-only general election in 1987, when he stood unsuccessfully as a candidate for the right-wing Conservative Party formed by breakaway Nationalists.

Hendrik van den Berg's first wife, a Welsh woman, died during his internment. He leaves five children by his second wife, Koie, who died in March.

PERSONAL COLUMN

INTERNATIONAL PHONE CALLS

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Pakistan	£1.33	80p	UAE	£1.02	55p
India	£1.20	80p	Egypt	£1.26	68p
Sri Lanka	£1.33	88p	Russia	79p	59p

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The new season is upon us — and so is your chance to play interactive Team Football (ITF) in the hope of winning £50,000. Rarely has a season promised so much, with an array of dazzling talent from all around the world performing on the British stage, and the lure of the most glittering prize of all — the World Cup — at the end of it.

To match the excitement, ITF returns with a bigger and better game. The Times, in association with LineOne and Sky Sports Interactive, is offering you the chance to show your football knowledge by selecting a team from the best players in Britain — those in the FA Carling Premiership and the leading clubs in the Bell's Scottish League. That expertise will be rewarded with a £50,000 prize for the winning team selector plus £10,000 for the second prize

and £5,000 for the team coming third. There is further £1,000 goes to the selector of the best team of the month (plus a signed Mitre football, a Mitre sports bag and Premercard tickets).

Then there is the new FA Cup prize. Every team entered into the ITF league will automatically be entered into the FA Cup league. Points scored by your players in FA Cup matches will be entered both in the main ITF league and in the special FA Cup league. The winner of the FA Cup league

will be awarded £10,000. That's all. This year are three special mini-leagues running concurrently with the ITF league: a Women's League, the Mitre Students League and the Dairy Crest Youth League for under-18s.

The winning team in each category will win a trip for two to the World Cup in France next year. Monthly

prizes of Premier League tickets, Mitre footballs signed by Stuart Pearce and Mitre sports bags will also be awarded in each league for the manager of the month.

In The Times ITF league, you are also pitting your selectorial skills against those in the know. You can check your position in ITF by calling 0891 884643 (outside UK 44 990 200 532).

SEVEN GOOD REASONS TO PLAY ITF

- More prize money — £100,000 worth of prizes to be won
- New FA Cup league with a prize fund of £10,000 for the winner, with automatic inclusion and no extra work or cost
- New mini-leagues for women, students and young entrants with separate monthly prizes and overall prizes of trips to the World Cup for each league winner
- 60 transfers with more flexibility for more control over your team
- Special hat-trick bonus introduced
- Revaluation of players: the value of players will go up and down through the season so, with careful selection, you can juggle your funds to buy more top names
- Easy to enter: six different ways (post, fax, telephone, Skytext, Internet and LineOne)

Professional Footballers' Association, Premiership players have been encouraged to enter sides of their own.

ITF CHECKLINE

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HOW TO MAKE A TRANSFER

You may transfer as and when you wish according to your team transfer allowance. If a player or manager moves teams during the season, make sure the composition of your team. You may adjust your team by using the transfer system to avoid missing out on points.

The line is open now and will remain open for the rest of the season. You may only make transfers by using a Touch-tone (DTMF) telephone (most push button phones have a * and hash keys are Touch-tone). You will need ten digits for your PIN which you will have to tap in (not speak). Follow the simple instructions and tap in the five-digit codes of the players that you are transferring.

You may make up to four transfers per telephone call but may make as many calls as you wish to achieve the required amount of transfers.

Transfers made before 12 noon on any day will become effective for matches starting after that time. Transfers made after 12 noon will become effective for matches starting after 12 noon the following day.

Your new player only starts to score points for you when his transfer is registered. The current score of the player transferred out remains part of your team score, but he then ceases to score for you.

Calls cost 50p per minute and calls from a telephone box cost approximately twice as much.

Transfer number: 0891 884643 Outside the UK +44 990 200 532.

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NEWS

US backs ban on landmines

■ President Clinton announced last night that America would support an international ban on landmines by the end of the year, providing an unexpected boost for the campaign supported by Diana, Princess of Wales.

The apparent reversal of policy was welcomed by the Government, which decided soon after taking office to suspend operational use of anti-personnel landmines and to destroy all stocks by 2005. Page 1

Major bowls Labour a quick one

■ John Major launched his first public attack on the Labour Government when he rose in defence of cricket. The former Prime Minister accused ministers of "sheer political spite" in planning to exclude team games from the British Academy of Sport and urged them to reverse the policy. Page 1

Prescott's claws

John Prescott poked fun at Peter Mandelson's ambitions to win a seat on Labour's National Executive Committee by naming an aggressive crab after his colleague. Pages 1, 17

'Judas' hanged

A British actor accidentally hanged himself while playing Judas's suicide scene in an amateur production of *Jesus Christ Superstar* in a resort hotel in northern Greece. Page 1

Alcopop accusation

Brewers were accused of introducing alcopops as a "scandalous" ploy to revive drink sales threatened by young people's taste for Ecstasy and soft drinks at raves. Page 2

Pallet man returns

Lawrence Tervit, who attempted to cross the Channel on a pallet after a failed job hunt in Europe, said "desperate times call for desperate measures". Page 3

Fumes killed student

A landlord and a gas fitter blamed for the death of a Durham University student killed by fumes from a faulty gas boiler escaped with fines. Page 4

King of Chelsea

The remains of an Anglo-Saxon prince, which could be that of the powerful Mercian ruler Offa, have been found on the Thames foreshore at Chelsea. Page 5

A beer in Blair's château hideaway

■ Tony Blair invited *The Times* into his holiday home in St Martin D'Oydes, south of Toulouse, for a cold beer and a chat about Franco-British relations. Looking tanned and hot after two hours of tennis on the village court he said he was enjoying his holiday and looking forward to meeting Lionel Jospin, his French counterpart, later in the week. Page 1



Raja and Raya, rare white Bengal tiger cubs born one week ago, in a zoo at Hermival-les-Vaux in Normandy yesterday

BUSINESS

Economy: The consumer spending boom is coming to the rescue of government finances, enabling the Exchequer to repay more debt than expected in July. Page 23

Options: Three former directors of the engineering firm APV who were awarded share options worth £568,000 days before agreeing a Siebe takeover have left. Page 23

Mining: John Battle, the industry minister, demanded an explanation from RJB Mining for its decision to close Britain's newest mine. Page 23

Markets: The FT-SE 100 index fell 30.3 points to close at 4,835.0. Sterling's trade-weighted index rose from 102.1 to 102.3 after a rise from \$1.6093 to \$1.6106 and from DM2,9273 to DM2,9350. Page 26

Florida robbery

A father and son from Newcastle upon Tyne were tied up in their hotel room and robbed by two gunmen in the normally peaceful Florida holiday resort of St Petersburg. Page 3

I'm no monster

I am not a bloodthirsty monster, Egon Krenz, the former East German Communist Party leader accused of manslaughter told a court. Page 9

Sniper victim

The deputy governor of St Petersburg was assassinated by a rooftop sniper as he was being driven down Nevsky Prospect, the city's main thoroughfare. Page 10

Aboriginal activist

Burnum Burnum, the activist who planted an Aboriginal flag on the white cliffs of Dover to claim Britain for his people, has died in Australia. Page 11

King of Chelsea

The remains of an Anglo-Saxon prince, which could be that of the powerful Mercian ruler Offa, have been found on the Thames foreshore at Chelsea. Page 5



Tuscan tourist: Phillip King's large, stunning sculptures are being shown on the hills overlooking Florence, a fit setting for their audacity and brio. Page 14

Rugby union: Ian McGeechan, tipped as a possible successor to Jack Rowell as England coach, has withdrawn from consideration for the post. Page 44

Cricket: Martyn Ball and Richard Davis shared nine wickets as Gloucestershire went top of the county championship with a 166-run win over Sussex. Page 41

Football: Peter Beardsley, the former England international, has joined Bolton Wanderers from Newcastle for £450,000 after his sale was at first blocked. Page 44

Rock on: Billed as "songs from Oasis back to Elvis", Saturday's Songs and Visions spectacular at Wembley was a patchy exercise in cosy pop nostalgia. Page 15

Fringe imports: Benedict Nightingale rounds up theatre on the Edinburgh Fringe, from a hellish American taxi ride to an engrossing look at false memory. Page 15

Soror feast: The sponsors may have changed but the diet at the Edinburgh Film Festival remains the same: new British films, weird documentaries and plenty of controversy. Page 15

Flight to know: There are now 110,000 convicted child molesters in England and Wales. The new Sex Offenders Act, which comes into force on September 1, will require such offenders to register any change of address with police. Should that information be passed on to the public? Page 31

Errent e-mail: An action arising out of defamation by e-mail was settled when Norwich Union agreed to pay £450,000 in damages and costs to a rival health insurer, Western Provident Association. Page 32

Orkney, Shetland: dull with coastal fog.

Ireland: sunny intervals, showers, cloudier with rain in south and west. Wind moderate or fresh, SE, Max 23F (73F).

S Wales, N Ireland: early bright spells, becoming cloudy with rain

ARTS

FEATURES

Lost boy: Robert Miles is eight, but possesses the social skills of a child half his age. His parents are convinced that a vaccine is directly responsible for damaging him. Anjana Ahuja reports. Page 14

MTV generation: Jessica in tight leopardskin has more of a way with words. "She's a peach," she says of her friend. "And I'm a mango." Giles Whittell hangs out with the extras making summer programmes for the pop video network MTV. Page 13

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TOMORROW

IN THE TIMES

HOMES

Living with history — period country house apartments take off

INTERFACE

The IT passage to India means Britain can take advantage of a whole sub-continent of technical expertise

FORECAST

Wind light to moderate, SE, Max 24C (75F).

N Wales, NW & Central N England, Lake District, Isle of Man: warm and humid. Showers. Wind light, SE, Max 28C (82F).

SW & NW Scotland, Central Highlands, Charnie Isles: dull with rain. Wind light, SE, Max 25C (77F).

E & NE England, Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Aberdeen, Moray Firth, NE Scotland: coastal mist, warm inland. Humid. Wind light, SE, Max 26C (79F).

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THE TIMES

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 Concern over company at the crossroads
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BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

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 Why your e-mail could land you with a libel action
 PAGES 31-32
**SPORT**
 Kite blends youth and experience for Ryder Cup team
 PAGES 37-44

TELEVISION AND RADIO PAGES 42, 43

TUESDAY AUGUST 19 1997

Stagecoach chief riding high in pay stakes



Brian Souter, a former bus driver, took home £3.35 million

Siebe and APV trio part company
 BY FRASER NELSON

THREE directors of APV who were awarded share options worth £563,000 just days before they agreed a takeover from Siebe, have left the engineering company.

The three, Neil French, John Kennerley and Howard Stanworth, have left their positions with the food industry engineer as part of a management shake-up announced to the stock market yesterday. Compensation terms were not revealed.

The three were part of a team of four directors who agreed to stand recommended to shareholders a bid for the food manufacturing equipment group. Only Richard Penny remains.

Mr Kennerley, formerly APV's finance director, left on completion of the acquisition in June. He would have left the company with £245,000 of share options, £128,000 of which were granted 19 days before the takeover was announced.

Mr Stanworth was also awarded £128,000 of free APV shares under what the company described as a "long-term incentive plan" in the days before the takeover. The holdings were approved at a shareholder meeting held after the merger was agreed.

A Siebe spokesman said the departures were part of inevitable head office integration after the takeover. He would not comment on the level of payoffs.

Budge under fire over pit closure

BY CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

THE Government has ordered RJB Mining to justify the closure of the Asfordby superpit, opened just two years ago at a cost of £320 million of taxpayers' money.

Closure of the Leicestershire colliery, announced yesterday with the loss of 490 jobs, was blamed by RJB on geological conditions. This was challenged by union officials.

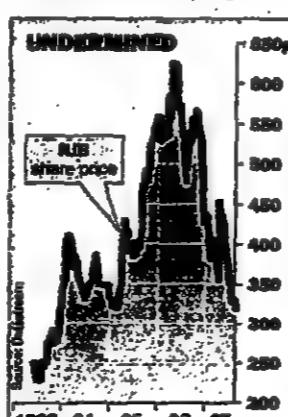
City analysts, meanwhile, questioned RJB's long-term financial prospects, alarmed by the company's apparent inability to safeguard the future of the pit.

As RJB shares fell to their lowest point since mid-1995, John Battle, the Industry Minister, said: "I have asked the company to provide me with further details on the difficulties they face which have forced this decision."

Richard Budge, RJB chief executive, said: "We cannot sustain economic mining operations while providing a safe working environment for our workforce."

Asfordby has incurred losses of more than £36 million since it started operating in 1995 but made a small profit in the first six months of this year. It has produced 1.5 million tonnes of coal. British Coal, which began development of the mine, had hoped that it would produce 4 million tonnes a year.

In 1994 RJB paid £815 million for most of the pits in England.



during the privatisation of British Coal, encountering little opposition from significant natural resources companies like Hanson and RTZ. Shares of RJB peaked at 590p in 1996 before falling sharply.

RJB is currently negotiating new contracts with the electricity generators, knowing it faces a tough battle to meet its customers' demands to match the cost of gas and imported coal. Failure to reach agreement is expected to hasten the closure of many other mines.

Gerry Mousley, director general of the UK Coal Producers, said he would petition the Prime Minister for more support. He said Labour had not delivered what it had promised the industry while in opposition.

The decision to close Asfordby has also been challenged by union leaders who will today send in their own engineers to assess the geological conditions. Neil Greatrex, president of the Union of Democratic Mineworkers, said he would ask for government support and did not rule out a management buyout of the colliery.

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Richard Budge is a man of foresight and imagination. In 1994, he had the imagination to see the potential for his little firm putting in a bid for what was left of British Coal and turning itself, overnight, into Europe's largest independently owned coal mining company. In July last year, he had the foresight to sell a chunk of his shares, bringing him a useful £1.2 million profit.

Some other shareholders may today be wishing that they had done the same as Mr Budge, for the price he achieved for his shares was 553p against the 321½p where they now languish.

The generous purchaser of his RJB stock was none other than RJB itself, an early enthusiast for the share buy-backs which are now so fashionable. With profits rising and RJB apparently demonstrating that there was indeed money to be made from coal mining, the buy-back was a gesture of confidence.

But by then the company knew that Ashfordby was a problem pit. What it refers to as "unique" geological problems had had the effect of bringing the roof tumbling in. Unless new techniques could be found, the undeniably rich seams of Ashfordby would be impossible to mine.

The miners of Ashfordby are insistent that there are ways of extracting the coal, but at a price. That price does not make commercial sense for RJB any more than it did to British Coal.

The miracle Budge couldn't work



COMMENTARY by our City Editor

For a time, Mr Budge gave a convincing performance of privatisation being able to do for mining what it had done for British Telecom. The £85 million he had paid the Government for the collection of collieries began to look like a steal, and as profits soared, the company paid down its debt way ahead of schedule.

But while investors enthused over the Budge miracle and the share price soared, the fundamentals of the industry had not changed.

The £189 million profit that RJB made last year owed much to the pickings from mines that are coming to their ends. Ashfordby was once viewed as the mine of the future that would ensure the country's coal supply for future decades.

But the company has already written off the £78 million costs of Ashfordby and can now argue that closure is the only commercially sensible option. This view may or may not be coloured by the state of the RJB balance sheet, which does not look ready to pump fortunes into the pit.

That level of investment might, in the long term, have produced profits for RJB and its shareholders, although, without a guarantee from Government that it

would forcibly encourage power stations to buy British coal, the logic looks risky.

Critics of the closure should bear in mind that governments can take long-term strategic views on the use of natural resources, but companies are in business to make profits.

If the aim of Mr Budge and RJB was to make a quick turn on under-priced national assets, not to save miners' jobs, we should not be surprised.

WH Smith chief must divide to rule

Considering the difficulty of the task, it is encouraging to see so many internal candidates vying for the top job at WH Smith. Bill Cockburn had barely ventured inside the business before deciding that BT was an altogether more attractive proposition.

But so keen for advancement

are the chaps at WH Smith that it seems they may even be putting together manifestos and, in passing, mentioning them to the odd institutional investor who might be passing.

This puts a new twist on corporate governance and we should almost certainly reconvince Sir Ronald Hampel and his gang to pronounce on the etiquette of such electioneering.

The new chief executive of WH Smith will certainly be in position before they can produce their report but there are growing suggestions that he may set about tearing the business apart as soon as he has taken his seat. Analysts and venture capitalists have all done their sums on a break up of WH Smith and they can find plenty of value to justify it.

They have, of course, done similar exercises on just about every company and precious little activity has emerged as a result. Sears was a favourite

break-up candidate for years but nothing happened and eventually the company was pre-empted upon to initiate the deal itself. Now, Dalgety is in the frame as the favourite target for bored financiers.

The financial arguments for break-ups are rarely clear cut. In the case of WH Smith, however, there is a strong logical reason for why a break-up should be considered. It is that WH Smith is currently competing against itself. The relative success of its Waterstones bookshop and Virgin Our Price music stores is bought at the expense of the main WH Smith chain. This process of cannibalisation has been going on for years, and if it continues, the results could be exceedingly painful.

A break-up would allow the main chain to rediscover a raison d'être. Virgin would almost certainly be happy to regain control of its music business and Waterstones would attract potential purchasers. Whether that would produce the sort of break-up margin that analysts currently divine is doubtful: mutterings of around 15 seem highly optimistic.

If revenue remains buoyant into winter, it will be manna from heaven for the Government. At the moment, ministers are sticking doggedly to their spending budgets, but some will soon become incompatible with election pledges, especially as higher short-term inflation has shrunk their real value.

At this stage of recovery, the Government should be borrowing nothing, but the markets should not assume that buoyant revenue will translate into smaller gilt-edged issues this year.

payment but there is no hiding a 12 per cent year-on-year gain in income tax receipts. The Office of National Statistics feared that the change to self-assessment might cause payments to lag. Either fear is making taxpayers queue up early on the underlying growth in incomes, enhanced by fiscal drag, is bigger than some other official figures suggest.

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Mogadon Monday

AFTER those fearful Fridays, thank goodness for Mogadon Mondays in the markets. Both owe much to thin August trading. Fund managers who could take a lead are away and market-makers can manipulate shares back on course. Meanwhile, prices are jerkily trending down, as they need to on Wall Street. If insiders do their stuff, most of the correction might even be achieved by the time the big players return in two weeks' time.

Cautious Argos reduces prices

BY SARAH CUNNINGHAM

ARGOS, the catalogue retailer, is cutting many of its prices in a bid to gain market share ahead of the crucial Christmas trading period.

In its autumn/winter catalogue 98 per cent of its repeated lines are at the same price or cheaper than in the previous catalogue and the goods' prices come out an overall 35 per cent lower. The cuts will knock 0.5 per cent off the gross margin.

The company, which had a disappointing Christmas last year and was forced to issue a profit warning in January, also plans to take on more staff ahead of the seasonal rush this time round.

Some analysts were surprised at the aggressiveness of Argos's pricing. "It shows they are under pressure. They have

increased their cost base and need the volume," Sean Eddie at NatWest Markets said. Robert Miller at Dresdner Kleinwort Benson said: "They are being even more aggressive than usual on prices. They clearly don't want to be gazumped by Woolworths or anyone else."

The company yesterday reported that underlying sales in the first half had grown 5.3 per cent to £627 million. Like-for-like sales growth has increased to 8 per cent in the first eight weeks of the second half.

In the 24 weeks to June 14 pre-tax profit was down 11.6 per cent to £28.1 million. The company blamed the fall on the cost of paying a special dividend in May last year, and on increased catalogue and advertising costs.

In a cautious accompanying statement, the company said that "current buoyancy in consumer confidence and overall retail sales may not be sustainable". It nonetheless said that it expects a stronger second-half performance than last year and for profit in the year as a whole to be above last year's.

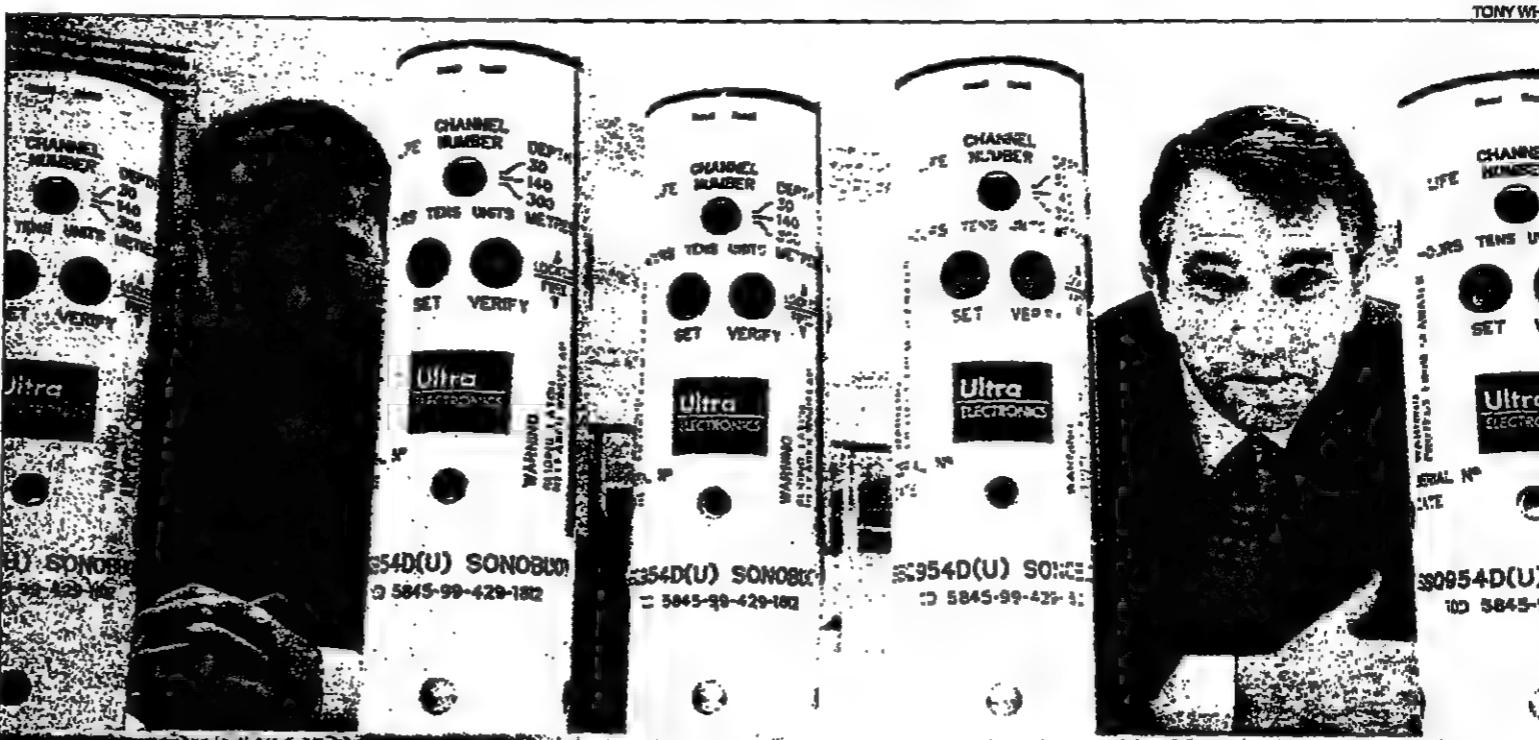
Mike Smith, chief executive, played down plans for an acquisition. He said that Argos could spend up to £1 billion, but is in no hurry and is only interested in a non-food, non-clothing retail business.

An expansion into Holland is set to cost up to £5 million this year and up to £8 million next year. The first five stores are due to open next February. Break-even is not expected until 2001. A decision on whether to take Argos into other countries in Western and Central Europe will be taken in 1999, Mr Smith said.

Back in Britain, no decision has yet been taken on whether to roll out Argos's discount First Stop stores, which the company has been testing for the past two years.

Argos is paying an interim dividend of 4.1p, up from 3.5p, on November 17. Its shares closed down 1½p at 62½p.

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Ian Yeoman, finance director of Ultra Electronics, left, and Julian Blogh expect to double sales in the commercial aerospace markets

Ultra sees a 26% increase in orders

BY CHRIS AYRES

ULTRA ELECTRONICS, the aerospace and defence technology group that floated in September last year, boosted orders 26 per cent from £14 million to £20 million in the six months to June 30.

It said that its deliveries over the next two years, lifted by the purchase of EMS and Flightline, the US electronics groups, would produce 12 to 15 per cent growth in earnings and dividends. Julian Blogh, chief executive, said: "We've had pretty chunky growth this year, with a healthy order book and continued progress in both divisions."

Ultra's long-term deals include a £100 million contract to produce joystick controls and missile coolers for the Eurofighter 2000 and a £53 million contract to supply submarine detection equipment for Nimrods.

Although defence budgets have stabilised and orders are strong, Ultra says it expects to double sales over the next three to four years in the commercial aerospace markets.

The company reported a 16.7 per cent rise in pre-tax profits, from £7.4 million to £8.7 million, on turnover of £71.5 million, up 23.7 per cent from £57.8 million.

Earnings per share were up 32.9 per cent from 7.3p to 9.7p.

A dividend of 2.4p (nil) will be paid on October 1.

Merrydown sheds another director

BY DOMINIC WALSH

MERRYDOWN, the embattled cidermaker, has parted company with Stephen Burke, the finance director, as part of a £1.5 million cost-cutting programme promised in July. His resignation follows the recent departure of Alan Rutherford, sales and marketing director.

Richard Purdey, chairman, told the annual meeting yester-

day that Mr Burke, who has been with Merrydown for three-and-a-half years, was resigning as "part of a planned career development move". After the meeting, a spokesman declined to be drawn on the amount of Mr Burke's compensation. He was on a two-year contract.

His deputy, Michael Dunn-

is, who joined in 1995 from Green Giant, part of Grand Metropolitan's food empire, replaces him. The post of financial controller is scrapped.

Some analysts had expected Mr Purdey to step down in the wake of the collapse of Sales of Two Dogs, the alcoholic lemonade manufactured by Merrydown. Although he is staying

DLJ poised for London Global deal

BY ROBERT MILLER

DONALDSON Lufkin & Jenrette (DLJ), one of Wall Street's most successful investment banks, is believed to be on the verge of a completing a near £100 million deal to buy London Global Securities.

The acquisitive DLJ, founded in 1959 and named after its three Harvard Business School founders, already owns Phoenix Securities, the London mergers and acquisitions boutique it bought for an estimated £50 million in January.

The proposed purchase of London Global, one of the largest independent securities-lending brokerage firms, would further enhance DLJ's standing in London. In the US the investment bank is noted for its strength in certain key sectors and markets such as US high-yield stocks, media and corporate finance.

A spokesman for London Global Securities, which was founded seven years ago by Paloma Partners, a private US investment company, said last night: "At this time we really haven't anything to say. Please call back in a couple of days."

Hewlett-Packard disappoints

FROM A CORRESPONDENT IN CALIFORNIA

HEWLETT-PACKARD, America's second-largest computer manufacturer after IBM, achieved a 45 per cent rise in third-quarter profits but still fell short of stock market expectations.

The company earned \$617 million (£383 million) in the three months to July 31, up from \$425 million in the third quarter of the previous year. But comparable figures for last year were affected by a £23 million charge from the disposal of the disk-drive business. The increase in underlying profits was just 11 per cent. Revenue rose 15 per cent to \$10.5 billion from \$9.1 billion.

For the first nine months of the year the company's profits have risen 19 per cent to \$2.31 billion from \$1.94 billion. Revenue is up 10 per cent to \$31.1 billion from \$28.3 billion.

testing equipment. But the company spent more to stimulate demand, he said.

Hewlett-Packard, based in Palo Alto, California, makes computers ranging from PCs to powerful business machines for many users. It is also a leading maker of test and measurement equipment.

During the quarter HP enjoyed a 19 per cent gain in orders, led by 25 per cent growth in America. The company was one of several PC manufacturers to cut prices to boost sales. HP's cost of sales also rose 14 per cent during the May-July quarter, eating into its profits.

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Midland Interest Rates for Business Customers

New business rates effective from 18 August 1997

	Gross %	Gross CAR %
MoneyMaster		
Up to £5,000	3.46	3.50
£5,000+	3.76	3.80
£25,000+	4.05	4.10
£100,000+	4.10	4.15
£250,000+	4.34	4.40
Premium Business Account		
£5,000+	4.80	4.90
£25,000+	5.28	5.40
£100,000+	5.51	5.65
£250,000+	5.70	5.85
Clients Premium Deposit Account		
£25,000+	4.70	4.75
£100,000+	5.14	5.20
Education Account		
Up to £25,000	4.61	4.70
£25,000+	5.09	5.21
Treasury Account		
Up to £2,000	1.00	1.00
£2,000+	2.23	2.25
£10,000+	4.17	4.25

Gross: The rate before the deduction of tax. CAR: Compound Annual Rate, or the true Gross return taking into account the frequency of interest payments.
All rates quoted are per annum.

With effect from the 7th August 1997 Midland Bank's Base Rate has been increased by 0.25% to 7.00% p.a.

Midland Bank plc, 27-32 Poultry, London EC2P 2BL

Member HSBC Group

Swiss parent to decide on Bally's fate

BY SARAH CUNNINGHAM

THE fate of Bally, one of the best-known quality shoe brands on the high street, was left hanging in the balance yesterday after its management presented plans for a revamp to the Swiss parent company.

Ernst Thomke, the chief executive of Bally, has already publicly fallen out with its owner, Oerlikon-Buehrle Holding, the secretive Swiss weapons-to-fashion conglomerate, over whether Bally should have its own listing and the size of a much-needed cash injection.

Ernst Thomke said in a Swiss newspaper interview this month that he would not rule out leaving the company if the row was not settled.

Herr Thomke, who is highly rated as a company director in Switzerland, has admitted that he underestimated the cost of restructuring Bally. The cost was initially put at about £42 million, but analysts estimate it could rise to as much as £60 million.

The British Bally retail operation is run by a subsidiary of the Swiss company, Bally UK Sales. Many of the shoes found in the shops, which number more than 40, come from Switzerland, with others made in Italy, Spain and the UK. Oerlikon's shares listed in Switzerland, have suffered since the end of June because of speculation about the row between Bally and the main

Carl Mortished looks into the deep-rooted nagging anxiety about Rentokil Initial

When Sir Clive Thompson's half-year financial results tomorrow, his customary confident swagger may not be so obvious.

Although Britain's largest and, arguably, most successful service company is set to again report earnings growth ahead of its self-imposed target of 20 per cent, Rentokil's star has been tarnished. Its stock market rating has slipped and it is perceived to be at a crossroads.

Bumptious Sir Clive has presided over an astonishing period of growth. Over the past ten years earnings per share have grown an average 24 per cent a year and in April 1996 he led the firm in its biggest adventure, acquiring BET, a rival service group, in a contested £2 billion takeover.

City analysts expect the merged Rentokil Initial to report interim profits of up to £200 million courtesy of BET, enough to satisfy fund managers who backed the bid for BET and, more important, to avoid embarrassment for Sir Clive.

The nagging anxiety about Rentokil is more deep-rooted. Rentokil Initial has traditionally been a growth stock, but its share rating has failed to recover the ground lost earlier this year when the 1996 profits revealed a sharp slowdown at the heart of the company.

Rentokil retains a loyal band of admirers who believe Sir Clive has found a formula capable of delivering spectacular long-term growth, and there is some evidence to support their enthusiasm. From a company that discovered a new rat poison in 1904, Rentokil has made about 90

Concern in City over company at crossroads

acquisitions over the past decade — small operations that add market value to its cleaning, textile rental, pest control and tropical plant rental businesses. Low-margin new businesses are given the Rentokil treatment of staff training, discipline and customer service. The result is higher prices and a better return on sales and earnings per share growth. The original business delivers shareholders a spectacular 33p in profit for every pound paid by the customer.

The City harbours doubts. At the time of the bid for BET, analysts fretted that growth in core Rentokil operations was slowing and critics accused Sir Clive of desperation in launching a bid for a group with plant hire and distribution interests. But the company's fans say Rentokil is not investing in sunset industries but buying in growth markets.

Outsourcing basic services is the fashion among companies seeking to focus their investment on core expertise. As firms contract and shed ancillary activities, Rentokil is available to clean offices, change the towels, patrol the premises and remove vermin. Unfortunately, the 1996 profits were not flattering and Rentokil Initial has a tendency to be spare with specific information about



Thompson: long-term growth

its service businesses. The figures tomorrow will not differentiate between the "old Rentokil" operations and the BET businesses.

Analysts will continue to fret if they cannot pinpoint which Rentokil businesses are growing and which are not.

The picture is also complicated by hefty provisions taken against the BET assets. In addition to a reorganisation charge of £16 million, Rentokil Initial's accounts show a fair value adjustment of £260

million against the £310 million book value of BET on acquisition.

Andrew Ripper, analyst at Merrill Lynch, said: "Over the next two years, they will derive more growth from the BET businesses than from Rentokil." Rentokil's 1996 results showed only 9 per cent growth in profits from the "old" businesses — pest control showed almost nil growth and is expected to remain weak this year; textile rental was doing badly on the Continent and the manned security business is plagued by low margins and competition.

All that will not cause Sir Clive to lose too much sleep because BET brings with it potential for uplift. Margins in the acquired businesses average 8.7 per cent, compared with 22 per cent at Rentokil. Even if the boring initial cleaning operations fail to generate much organic sales growth, efficiency gains and the shedding of low-priced contracts should enable Rentokil to squeeze more profits from new businesses.

But that brings one back to the main conundrum about this slick but decidedly low-tech company. Rentokil operates in businesses that have few barriers to entry. It has acquired some capital intensive businesses with BET, such as plant hire, an area of greater

investment risk in which Rentokil's management skills are as yet untested. Outsourcing is hardly a new concept, but it is the mainstay of growth at a number of go-go companies, including Capita Group, which provides council clerical services.

Large service groups with powerful brands such as Rentokil wield a degree of clout over their customers at present, but there will come a time when big owners and managers such as PPM, the consortium that has acquired the huge DSS property estate, may be able to dictate terms.

Rentokil's success has been due to its ability to achieve dominance in specific areas such as pest control, where provision of a slick service in a market characterised by price inelasticity allows the operator to achieve exceptional margins. However, reliability is not so easy to prove in other service businesses, such as security.

The market for low-tech property-related services is crowded and Rentokil will need to continue to make acquisitions if it is to sustain its target of 20 per cent earnings growth. Mr Ripper said: "I think he will do it this year, but he will find it tough next year. He will have run out of the benefits of merging BET. The share price is saying that the long-term rate of growth is 10 per cent . . ."

Sir Clive's mission statement has the proviso that the aim is 20 per cent growth "whilst not detracting from long-term growth prospects". So Rentokil will not dash for growth this year at the expense of the future. However, what the market wants to see is from where the long-term growth will come.

Britain needs capacity for success

John Grieve Smith says policy to curb inflation may backfire

Concern about the dangers of the economy "overheating" has focused attention on the strength of demand in relation to industrial capacity. Discussion has concentrated, however, on the short-term problem of regulating demand: almost nothing has been said about the longer-term problem of expanding capacity.

Surprisingly little is known about the actual capacity of particular industries or the economy as a whole, or about the effects of differing rates of capacity utilisation on prices. The main sources of information are the CBI and British Chambers of Commerce surveys, both of which suggested that capacity utilisation peaked a year or so ago.

In considering how to avoid overheating it is vital to distinguish between two related dangers. One is that the easing of competitive pressures will lead firms to increase prices and profit margins. The other is that a stronger demand for labour will lead to a wage/price spiral. After nearly two decades of heavy unemployment and a periodically overvalued pound, the economy is in danger of pressing up against capacity limits while there are still significant reserves of labour, albeit there may be shortages of particular skills in particular areas.

There is a pressing need to encourage the expansion of capacity in the widest sense: that it is not simply plant capacity, the dominant factor in industries such as steel or chemicals, but the total managerial and operational strength of the firm.

The danger is that excessively strict policies to curb inflation may have adverse effects on industrial capacity. This, ironically, will make us more susceptible to inflation in the long run in an upturn (as happened in the 1980s) and make it harder to reduce unemployment. Exclusive reliance on monetary policy accentuates this danger, both because high interest rates are likely to affect investment more than consumption, and also because of their effect on the exchange rate. It is not just the present high level of sterling that is so damaging

to industry, but the fear that when the pound does come down, a similar devastating rise might easily recur.

Policies for Equipping Britain for our long-term future (the title of the Budget statement) must include a strategy for accelerating the growth of industrial capacity.

The signals to business decision-makers at the moment say "carry on as before".

Most managers today served their formative years when weak demand led to the emergence of excess capacity, loss of profits, and bankruptcy or redundancy. The careers of the most successful survivors have frequently been based on caution and cost reduction, rather than expansion and risk-taking.

The first essential is for the Government to convince industry that the economy will expand more rapidly in future and expansion will not be suddenly curtailed by the need to take restrictive measures to combat inflation because unemployment is falling.

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Recovery from early losses

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1987 High	Low	Company	Price \$/s	Chg. +/-	% Chg.	PE	1987 High	Low	Company	Price \$/s	Chg. +/-	% Chg.	PE
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES													
480	407	Alden Distinct	405+	-5	-12	141	494	387	Brockway Corp	480-	-5	-10	23
625	410	Budweiser (B&W)	421+	+4	+10	11.8	500	374	Brown Forman	525-	-1	-2	25
757	495	Camp Special	495+	+1	+2	10.8	507	375	Brown-Forman Corp	572-	+1	+2	27
1250	565	Crown Beverage A	525-	-7	-13	22.8	513	376	Brown-Ford Motor	525-	-1	-2	25
661	425	Danish Blue	525+	+2	+4	12.3	518	377	Brown-Ford Motor	525-	+1	+2	25
523	241	Guinness	577-	-2	-4	25.8	525	378	Brown-Ford Motor	525-	+1	+2	25
330	207	Highland Park	525-	-2	-4	25.2	530	379	Brown-Ford Motor	525-	+1	+2	25
236	233	Hiram Walker	225+	-3	-13	7.8	535	380	Campbell's	525-	+1	+2	25
1204	555	Molson Coors	555+	+5	+9	14.9	540	381	Campbell's	525-	+1	+2	25
2304	1462	S.A. Smith	1462+	+2	+2	21	545	382	Campbell's	525-	+1	+2	25
BANKS													
1871	1110	ABM Ameri	1000+	+35	+35	16.8	550	383	Chase Manhattan	550-	-1	-2	25
157	110	Americana Int'l	705-	-3	-4	13.0	555	384	Chase Manhattan	555-	-1	-2	25
565	552	Alliance & Leve	517-	-1	-2	25.8	560	385	Chase Manhattan	560-	-1	-2	25
563	552	Allied Indus	552-	-1	-2	25.8	565	386	Chase Manhattan	565-	-1	-2	25
486	365	Ameri-Ameri Z	365-	-1	-2	25.8	570	387	Chase Manhattan	570-	-1	-2	25
4715	275	Bank America	425-	-5	-11	4.1	575	388	Chase Manhattan	575-	-1	-2	25
452	211	Bank Scotland	425-	-5	-11	12.5	580	389	Chase Manhattan	580-	-1	-2	25
1482	976	Bank of Ireland	976-	-2	-2	25.8	585	390	Chase Manhattan	585-	-1	-2	25
764	517	Bank of Ireland	717-	-2	-2	25.8	590	391	Chase Manhattan	590-	-1	-2	25
1026	6005	CB&I Corp	6005-	-75	-12	23	595	392	Chase Manhattan	595-	-1	-2	25
1759	1284	Commerce	1284-	-75	-12	23	600	393	Chase Manhattan	600-	-1	-2	25
4215	2705	Continental Bk	2705-	-175	-35	16	605	394	Chase Manhattan	605-	-1	-2	25
1210	705	Countrywide State	7271-	-5	-10	25	610	395	Chase Manhattan	610-	-1	-2	25
947	384	First Fed Y	384-	-5	-10	25	615	396	Chase Manhattan	615-	-1	-2	25
2387	1771	FirstNat	1771-	-5	-10	25	620	397	Chase Manhattan	620-	-1	-2	25
2285	1241	Firstar Int'l	1241-	-5	-10	25	625	398	Chase Manhattan	625-	-1	-2	25
783	1017	Firstar Int'l	717-	-5	-10	25	630	399	Chase Manhattan	630-	-1	-2	25
572	425	Firstar Int'l	425-	-5	-10	25	635	400	Chase Manhattan	635-	-1	-2	25
1255	821	Firstar Int'l	821-	-5	-10	25	640	401	Chase Manhattan	640-	-1	-2	25
2731	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	645	402	Chase Manhattan	645-	-1	-2	25
2733	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	650	403	Chase Manhattan	650-	-1	-2	25
2734	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	655	404	Chase Manhattan	655-	-1	-2	25
2735	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	660	405	Chase Manhattan	660-	-1	-2	25
2736	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	665	406	Chase Manhattan	665-	-1	-2	25
2737	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	670	407	Chase Manhattan	670-	-1	-2	25
2738	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	675	408	Chase Manhattan	675-	-1	-2	25
2739	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	680	409	Chase Manhattan	680-	-1	-2	25
2740	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	685	410	Chase Manhattan	685-	-1	-2	25
2741	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	690	411	Chase Manhattan	690-	-1	-2	25
2742	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	695	412	Chase Manhattan	695-	-1	-2	25
2743	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	700	413	Chase Manhattan	700-	-1	-2	25
2744	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	705	414	Chase Manhattan	705-	-1	-2	25
2745	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	710	415	Chase Manhattan	710-	-1	-2	25
2746	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	715	416	Chase Manhattan	715-	-1	-2	25
2747	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	720	417	Chase Manhattan	720-	-1	-2	25
2748	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	725	418	Chase Manhattan	725-	-1	-2	25
2749	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	730	419	Chase Manhattan	730-	-1	-2	25
2750	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	735	420	Chase Manhattan	735-	-1	-2	25
2751	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	740	421	Chase Manhattan	740-	-1	-2	25
2752	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	745	422	Chase Manhattan	745-	-1	-2	25
2753	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	750	423	Chase Manhattan	750-	-1	-2	25
2754	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	755	424	Chase Manhattan	755-	-1	-2	25
2755	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	760	425	Chase Manhattan	760-	-1	-2	25
2756	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	765	426	Chase Manhattan	765-	-1	-2	25
2757	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	770	427	Chase Manhattan	770-	-1	-2	25
2758	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	775	428	Chase Manhattan	775-	-1	-2	25
2759	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	780	429	Chase Manhattan	780-	-1	-2	25
2760	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	785	430	Chase Manhattan	785-	-1	-2	25
2761	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	790	431	Chase Manhattan	790-	-1	-2	25
2762	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	795	432	Chase Manhattan	795-	-1	-2	25
2763	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	800	433	Chase Manhattan	800-	-1	-2	25
2764	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	805	434	Chase Manhattan	805-	-1	-2	25
2765	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	810	435	Chase Manhattan	810-	-1	-2	25
2766	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	815	436	Chase Manhattan	815-	-1	-2	25
2767	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	820	437	Chase Manhattan	820-	-1	-2	25
2768	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	825	438	Chase Manhattan	825-	-1	-2	25
2769	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	830	439	Chase Manhattan	830-	-1	-2	25
2770	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	835	440	Chase Manhattan	835-	-1	-2	25
2771	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	840	441	Chase Manhattan	840-	-1	-2	25
2772	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	845	442	Chase Manhattan	845-	-1	-2	25
2773	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	850	443	Chase Manhattan	850-	-1	-2	25
2774	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	855	444	Chase Manhattan	855-	-1	-2	25
2775	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	860	445	Chase Manhattan	860-	-1	-2	25
2776	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	865	446	Chase Manhattan	865-	-1	-2	25
2777	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	870	447	Chase Manhattan	870-	-1	-2	25
2778	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	875	448	Chase Manhattan	875-	-1	-2	25
2779	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	880	449	Chase Manhattan	880-	-1	-2	25
2780	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	885	450	Chase Manhattan	885-	-1	-2	25
2781	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	890	451	Chase Manhattan	890-	-1	-2	25
2782	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	895	452	Chase Manhattan	895-	-1	-2	25
2783	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	900	453	Chase Manhattan	900-	-1	-2	25
2784	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	905	454	Chase Manhattan	905-	-1	-2	25
2785	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	910	455	Chase Manhattan	910-	-1	-2	25
2786	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	915	456	Chase Manhattan	915-	-1	-2	25
2787	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	920	457	Chase Manhattan	920-	-1	-2	25
2788	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	925	458	Chase Manhattan	925-	-1	-2	25
2789	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	930	459	Chase Manhattan	930-	-1	-2	25
2790	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	935	460	Chase Manhattan	935-	-1	-2	25
2791	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	940	461	Chase Manhattan	940-	-1	-2	25
2792	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	945	462	Chase Manhattan	945-	-1	-2	25
2793	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	950	463	Chase Manhattan	950-	-1	-2	25
2794	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	955	464	Chase Manhattan	955-	-1	-2	25
2795	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	960	465	Chase Manhattan	960-	-1	-2	25
2796	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	965	466	Chase Manhattan	965-	-1	-2	25
2797	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	970	467	Chase Manhattan	970-	-1	-2	25
2798	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	975	468	Chase Manhattan	975-	-1	-2	25
2799	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	980	469	Chase Manhattan	980-	-1	-2	25
2800	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	985	470	Chase Manhattan	985-	-1	-2	25
2801	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	990	471	Chase Manhattan	990-	-1	-2	25
2802	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	995	472	Chase Manhattan	995-	-1	-2	25
2803	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	1000	473	Chase Manhattan	1000-	-1	-2	25
2804	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	1005	474	Chase Manhattan	1005-	-1	-2	25
2805	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	1010	475	Chase Manhattan	1010-	-1	-2	25
2806	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	1015	476	Chase Manhattan	1015-	-1	-2	25
2807	1764	Firstar Int'l	1764-	-5	-10	25	1020	477	Chase Manhattan	1020-	-1	-2	25

Recovery from early losses

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1997 High Low Company Price Div Yield PE

2277 100% Star Veneer 123 - 15 51 28

2278 100% Standard Ind 845 - 1 25 25 10

2279 100% Sante-Sante 700 - 1 26 26 74

2280 100% Shaving Inst 200 - 1 24 24 24

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Chancery Division

Tax avoidance transfers fail in aim

McNiven (Inspector of Taxes) v Westmoreland Investments Ltd
Before Mr Justice Carnwath
Judgment July 24

Pre-ordained circular transfers of money between an investment company and a pension scheme that owned the company, by way of loans and replacement loans that were made for no commercial purpose apart from the avoidance of liability to tax fell within the anti-avoidance principles laid down by the House of Lords in *Ramsey (W T) Ltd v IRC* [1982] AC 300.

The payments by the investment company in the pension scheme were not payments of interest for the purposes of section 338 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (allowance of charges on income) and were thus not available for set-off against the company's profits.

Mr Justice Carnwath so held in a reserved judgment in the Chancery Division allowing an appeal by the Crown from the confirmation of the specific commissioners that had allowed an appeal by Westmoreland Investments Ltd against the refusal of its tax inspector to allow deductions in respect of payments of interest in computing its total profits for accounting periods from 1987 to 1990.

The shares in the company were held by the Electricity Supply Pension Scheme, an exempt approved scheme for tax purposes. In the 1970s the company had suff-

fered large losses and in 1980 a decision was taken to wind down its activities and many of its properties were sold.

During the 1980s loans were made by the scheme to the company, on which arrears of interest of some £42 million accrued. In 1988 the scheme lent about £20 million to the company some of which was repaid to the scheme as interest.

By 1989 the company held no properties but in March 1990 purchased one for £1.3 million. In October 1989 and January 1990 it borrowed further amounts of £70 million and £44 million from the scheme, much of which was used to pay the balance of the arrears of accrued interest. In December 1990 the company was sold.

Corporation tax assessments were made against the company for periods from 1987 and 1992 on the basis that the payments of interest made by the company were not available for set-off.

Section 338 of the 1988 Act provides:

"(1) in computing the corporation tax chargeable for any accounting period of a company any charges on income paid by the company in the accounting period, so far as paid out of the company's profits brought into charge to corporation tax, shall be allowed as deductions against the total profits..."

By section 338(3)(a) "charges on income" included payments of yearly interest.

Mr Christopher McCall, QC, for the Crown; Mr David Milne, QC,

and Mr Adrian Shipwright for the company.

MR JUSTICE CARNWATH said that an initial point taken by the Crown was that the company during 1989 and 1990 was not an investment company, having disposed of its property investments and retained nothing except a small amount of investments and money on deposit.

The special commissioners rejected that submission holding that the company never fell out of the section 130 definition of "investment company".

They were correct, being entitled to look at the activities of the company over a longer period than the three years under review and to conclude that there had been no definite change in the type of its business.

Next, the Crown relied on the anti-avoidance cases beginning with *Ramsey* and leading most recently to *IRC v McCullion* (*The Times* June 20, 1997; [1997] 1 WLR 566).

Mr McCall sought to apply that approach to the construction of the word "income" in subsection 338(3)(a) of the Act, with regard to what were asserted to be payments of interest by the company. He said there were no such payments within the meaning of the Act since the purported payments were effected by an artificial circulation of money designed purely for the purposes of tax avoidance.

By section 338(3)(a) "charges on income" included payments of yearly interest.

The case was a relatively straightforward application of the *Ramsey* principle. The arrangements

whereby the loans made in the early 1980s were replaced by new loans were a pre-ordained series of transactions. They did have real business consequences in that the new loans were on different terms as to repayment from the old loans.

But what mattered was that the arrangements for transfer of funds from the scheme to the company and back again to the scheme were steps inserted for no commercial purposes apart from the avoidance of liability to tax, that is the conversion of a nodal interest obligation, which had no tax significance, into one which could be used to reduce future tax liabilities. Those circular transactions had therefore to be disregarded.

The result of that process was, that although the terms of the loans had changed, the payments were to be treated for tax purposes as if nothing had happened.

Mr McCall relied on *Cairns v MacDiarmid* [1982] 56 TC 566, Customs and Excise Commissioners v Faith Construction Ltd [1990] 1 QB 905, *Ensign Tankers (Leasing) Ltd v Stokes* [1992] 1 AC 655 and *Pigott v Staines Investments Ltd* [1995] STC 114) argued that the Crown was wrong to focus on the payment without regard to the underlying obligation. He said that where a company made a payment to discharge a debt which it undoubtedly owed, it was impossible to say that the payment had no business purpose.

Finally, Mr Milne said, that if one had regard, as Lord Steyn suggested in *McCullion*, to ordinary principles of purposive construction, the Crown's interpretation read far more into the word "payment" than the draftsmen intended.

The commissioners rejected the Crown's argument based on the fact that all the loans were real loans used by the company for real purposes and that there was a "payment" of interest in the ordinary sense of the words.

However, the commissioners failed to address the critical issue, namely whether the circular payments were inserted in the arrangement for any other reason than tax.

Even if one treated the arrangement as a restructuring of the loans, it did not require money to be transferred from one account to the other and back again. Nor did the finding that those payments were "real", whatever that means, affect the matter.

The payments of interest in 1989 to 1990 which were made wholly out of money borrowed from the scheme, were not payments of interest for the purposes of section 338 and the commissioners were wrong to allow them as charges on income.

Solicitors: *Solicitor of Inland Revenue; Ashurst Morris Crisp.*

Law Report August 19 1997

Limit to security for costs orders

Abraham and Another v Thompson and Others
Before Lord Justice Millett and Lord Justice Potter
Judgment July 24

The court had no inherent jurisdiction to order a plaintiff to give security for costs outside the complete regime provided in Order 23 of the Rules of the Supreme Court and section 726 of the Companies Act 1985 in respect of limited companies unless a situation amounting to an abuse of process existed.

Mr Stanley Burton, QC, and Mr Kenneth MacLean for the appellants; Mr Michael Bloch and Miss Camilla Bingham for the respondents.

MR JUSTICE POTTER reviewed the authorities and said that the stay was sought on the basis of the dicta of Lord Justice Kennedy in *Condiffe v Hislop* [1996] 1 WLR 753 that if the circumstances suggested that if the litigating party were to lose an order for costs would be difficult to enforce against the maintainer then a stay could be imposed. His Lordship disagreed with that.

The right of a plaintiff to bring a properly pleaded and constituted action in good faith took precedence over the interest of a defendant who might be unable to recover costs against an impetuous plaintiff. It was preferable that a successful defendant should suffer the injustice of irrecoverable costs than that a plaintiff with a genuine claim should be prevented from pursuing it.

Where a defendant suspected that a plaintiff was being funded by a third party and that any costs order made against the plaintiff at trial might be difficult to enforce, the proper course was to allow the action to proceed to trial then if the need arose, to make an application under section 5(1) of the Supreme Court Act 1981 for the third party to pay the defendant's costs.

The Court of Appeal so held, allowing an appeal by the plain-

tiffs against an order of Mr Justice Lloyd (*The Times* May 15, 1997) that the first plaintiff, Roger Adrian Abraham, disclosed to the fifth and sixth defendants, Domingos António Martins Da Silva and José Humberto Mendoza De Sousa, whether and if so what third parties were funding his costs of the action.

Mr Stanley Burton, QC, and Mr Kenneth MacLean, QC, for the appellants; Mr Michael Bloch and Miss Camilla Bingham for the respondents.

MR JUSTICE POTTER re-reviewed the authorities and said that the stay was sought on the basis of the dicta of Lord Justice Kennedy in *Condiffe v Hislop* [1996] 1 WLR 753 that if the circumstances suggested that if the litigating party were to lose an order for costs would be difficult to enforce against the maintainer then a stay could be imposed. His Lordship disagreed with that.

The starting point for cases where a stay was sought in circumstances not provided for by statute or the Rules of the Supreme Court should be the fundamental principle that an individual, who was not under disability, a bankrupt or a vexatious litigant, was entitled to untrammeled access to a court of first instance in respect of a bona fide claim based on a properly pleaded cause of action, subject only to the sanction

that he was in peril of an adverse costs order if unsuccessful, in respect of which the opposing party might resort to execution and/or bankruptcy if such order were not complied with.

That principle was subject to the further proviso that, if the court were satisfied that the action was not properly constituted or pleaded, or was not brought bona fide in the sense of being vexatious or otherwise an abuse of process then the court might dismiss the action or impose a stay whether under the specific provisions of the Rules of the Supreme Court or the inherent jurisdiction of the court.

Imposition of a requirement that security for costs be provided subject to the sanction of a stay was a plain fetter upon the exercise of such right of access. That was a principle underlying and recognised by Order 23 which excluded from its regime for security any individual not within the categories specifically provided for.

In those circumstances, when the defendant to a properly constituted and pleaded action brought bona fide, applied for a stay unless security for his costs was provided, for the court to grant a stay under its inherent jurisdiction was in principle to act in opposition, rather than as a supplement, to the provisions and underlying policy of the rules.

There were two conflicting considerations involved in such a case. One was the right of an individual plaintiff freely to pursue a bona fide action lawfully brought. The other was the interest which the defendant had in being protected as to his costs if he were successful.

The former had hitherto been rightly recognised as paramount, subject to such protection from its consequences as provided by (a) the legislature or rule-making authority to the defendant by way of enforcement or provision for security and (b) the court's inherent jurisdiction to prevent abuse of its process. In this case the defendant sought to achieve under (b) a wider basis of protection than it had hitherto been prepared to grant.

Any such extension should be by an addition to the rules, not in the guise of a condition attached to the application for a stay where the abuse of process was alleged to be demonstrated.

The jurisdiction to grant a stay in advance of a determination under section 5(1) of the 1981 Act should be limited to cases where it could clearly be demonstrated that a situation amounting to abuse of process existed.

Lord Justice Millett delivered a concurring judgment.

Solicitors: Clifford Chance, DPP Freeman.

Bench should show costs bill to other side

Hutber v Gabriele
Before Lord Justice Henry and Mr Justice Gage
Judgment July 31

In normal circumstances a magistrate making an order for costs should show the bill of costs to the other party.

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court held when dismissing an appeal by way of case stated by Mr Carl Hutber against a decision of Miss Audrey Jennings, West London stipendiary magistrate, on October 15 and November 6, 1996 dismissing his summons against Mr Charles Gabriele for common assault and making an order for costs against him.

Mr Dominic Bell for Mr Hutber; Miss Miranda Moore for Mr Gabriele.

MR JUSTICE GAGE said after the magistrate dismissed the summons she announced she would make an order for costs against the

appellant. The respondent handed the magistrate a computer printout sheet of his solicitor's costs. The magistrate did not show the printout to the appellant who did not request sight of it.

The printout showed solicitor's costs of £23,000. The magistrate decided to quantify costs immediately as there was no provision to have costs taxed under section 19 of the Prosecution of Offenders Act 1985.

The magistrate heard the appellant's objections to any award of costs but made an order of costs of £11,000.

The appellant submitted that he should have been given an opportunity to examine and comment on the printout. The respondent submitted that he had the opportunity to request sight of it but had not availed himself of the opportunity.

Lord Justice Henry agreed.

Solicitors: Meaby & Co, Camberwell; Herbert Smith.

The appellant referred to part

VII of *Practice Note* [1991] 3 All ER 924 and paragraph 3 of *Code of Criminal Cases (General) Regulations* [SI 1986 No 133] which stated, inter alia, that magistrates must hear representations from the parties prior to making an order for costs.

However, the fact that not asked to see the computer printout. In the normal course of events a magistrate should of his or her own motion take steps to show a bill of costs to the other side.

However, that did not take away the responsibility of course to request sight of a bill of costs if the magistrate did not ask whether they wished to see it.

Having considered the circumstances, his Lordship held the costs order was reasonable.

Lord Justice Henry agreed.

Solicitors: *Solicitor of Inland Revenue; Ashurst Morris Crisp.*

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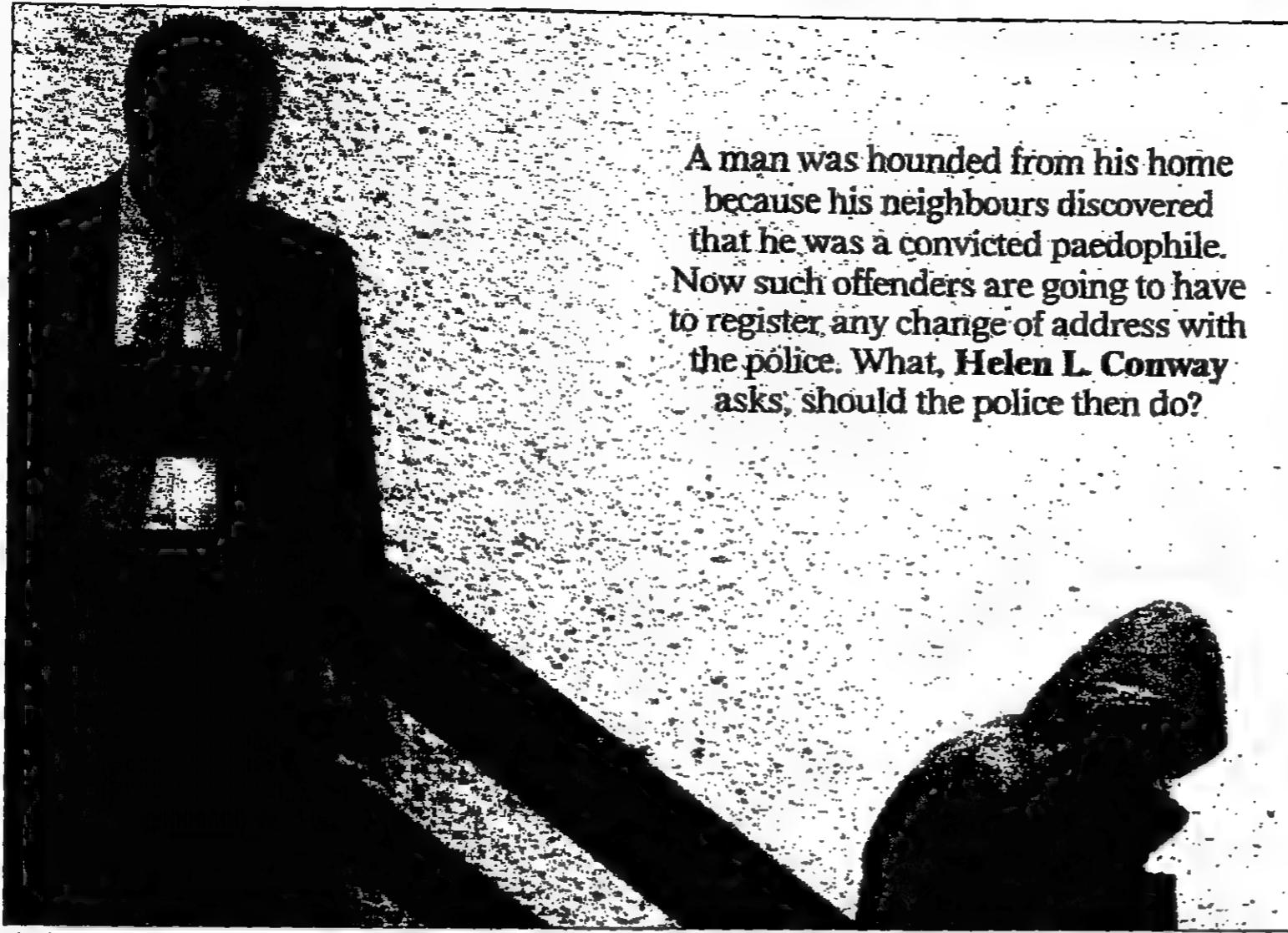
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LAW

Trial by neighbour



Christie, right, is escorted to safety from his hostel after coming under pressure from concerned local people

A man was hounded from his home because his neighbours discovered that he was a convicted paedophile. Now such offenders are going to have to register any change of address with the police. What, Helen L. Conway asks, should the police then do?

Calls are increasingly being made for the public to be given more information about the whereabouts of paedophiles. Home Office statistics published in June indicate that there are now 110,000 convicted child molesters in England and Wales. The new Sex Offenders Act, to come into force on September 1, will require such offenders to register any change of address with the police. Should that information be passed on?

Recently, two paedophiles brought a case against North Wales Police claiming that the disclosure of their addresses was an infringement of their privacy. Despite the paedophiles' having been driven out of several homes since their release from prison, the Lord Chief Justice confirmed that the police action had been lawful.

New Home Office guidelines confirm, however, that the police are not required to warn people of the presence of known sex offenders; it is a matter for their discretion. Disclosure should be "exceptions to general policy of confidentiality".

A balancing act must be performed in each case. Does the need to protect innocent children from a genre of offenders with a notoriously high recidivism rate justify release of personal information about those criminals? It may be

that, on balance, the public's safety outweighs the civil rights of individuals who have caused harm in the past. Still, one question remains: what good will disclosure do?

Certainly, it may equal parents to be vigilant with their children. But is that really an addition to the duties of responsible parents who, sadly, already need to be aware of the potential risk from as yet undetected paedophiles? So what else can a community do with the information do?

A mother connected with a community group recently applied for a prohibited steps order to banish a paedophile from the Heyton area near Liverpool. Reporting restrictions were placed on the outcome of that case, and there are no other reported cases on the issue. The theoretical power to make such an order does, however, exist.

In the recent case of *Burris v Azadani*, it was accepted that the courts have powers to make injunctive orders with an exclusion-zone clause. In that case, a woman and her child were harassed by a man whose advances she had rejected. The court ordered that he should not come within 250 yards of her house.

Both the High Court and the lower county courts have an inherent jurisdiction to protect children from harm irrespective of the proceedings caused; general distress and fear would suffice.

An injunction can, where appropriate, be granted before a tort is committed. Because parental responsibility gives consequential rights and duties over a child, injunctions may prevent interference with the exercise of those duties. Applications under Section 8 of the Children Act 1989 for contact, residence or prohibited-steps orders may thus be the "door" to an injunction.

Whatever the action, the conditions for an injunction must be satisfied. Where there

Indefinite sentences for child abuse may be the solution

in which that need arose. A caveat must be added — at least an arguable claim for relief other than an injunction must exist before the inherent jurisdiction can be used.

If an offender specifically threatens to commit a further unlawful act such as assaulting a child, then a tort, or a civil wrong, is constituted at that point. That alone would enable a claim for damages to be brought if some harm were

done. There is a clear connection between abuser and child, remedies either public or private under Part IV of the Family Law Act 1996 (to be implemented in October) would be more easily available. If child and respondent are not "associated persons", the facts of the case would have to show a sufficient link to persuade the court to exercise its powers. In *Burris v Azadani*, the Master of the Rolls stated that "[the defendant's liberty] must be respected up to the point at which it infringes or threatens to infringe the rights of the plaintiff." A general threat to a community as a whole would probably not suffice. Other solutions are similarly limited.

Given that mediation is consensual and an alternative to traditional court-based methods, it is ironic that the chances of increased take-up probably hang upon "official" recognition, particularly by the courts, and an element of coercion. This was also the case in other jurisdictions. In both Australia and the United States, litigants' and lawyers' experience of mediation has been increased by "settlement weeks", in which judges and senior lawyers have acted as mediators to clear backlog of court cases.

Australian and American lawyers are far more likely to have had experience of ADR than their British counterparts. What are the obstacles to the wider take-up here? In 1994, the Bristol Law Society set up a mediation scheme with services provided by the two big independent suppliers, CEDR and the ADR group. Because the Court Service and Legal Aid Board declined to join the project, mediation could be offered outside the courts only for cases in which neither side was receiving legal aid. Crippled from the start, it is not surprising that the scheme received only 24 referrals by the end of its first year.

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- DEFAMATION BY E-MAIL 32
- LET'S TANGO 32

Bid the barbarians goodbye — mediate

The Government is pausing for breath before implementing Lord Woolf's reforms of civil justice. The former Treasury mandarin Sir Peter Middleton is reviewing Woolf and is due to report to the Lord Chancellor by the end of next month.

The review is a fresh chance for those who wish to see more pressure put on lawyers to use alternative methods of resolving disputes (ADR). Draft rules of court, due before the general election, had been expected to sidestep one of the most controversial recommendations made by Lord Woolf in his July 1996 report — costs penalties for those who "refuse unreasonably a proposal by the court that ADR should be attempted or [who] act uncooperatively in the course of ADR".

The doubters argue that there will be problems of definition and of evidence if a litigant tries to establish such behaviour by an opponent.

Costs rules tend to be an arcane specialism.

But this debate is of real importance. Is ADR doomed forever to stand at the door of the courts and wait? Or will the delay occasioned by the Middleton review actually further Lord Woolf's aim? For years, mediation has been the coming conqueror; it would, it was believed, sweep away barbarian litigators and usher in more civilised ways.

Although a few thousand cases have been mediated by the two main ADR groups since 1990, both claiming success rates of more than 90 per cent, they represent a tiny percentage of total litigation.

Given that mediation is consensual and an alternative to traditional court-based methods, it is ironic that the chances of increased take-up probably hang upon "official" recognition, particularly by the courts, and an element of coercion. This was also the case in other jurisdictions. In both Australia and the United States, litigants' and lawyers' experience of mediation has been increased by "settlement weeks", in which judges and senior lawyers have acted as mediators to clear backlog of court cases.

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and only two were by then in mediation. But lack of official involvement was not the only reason for the low take-up. Solicitors proved reluctant to make referrals, often believing that their cases were not suitable for mediation. From personal experience, I understand this. Although I am in a firm that is a member of the ADR group, with promotional literature in our waiting room, mediated solutions do not automatically suggest themselves when litigating disputes, and clients do not often ask for them.

Two other reasons are sometimes suggested. Lawyers, allegedly, will not recommend mediation because they may lose fees. Moreover, to indicate that one is willing to go to mediation may be taken as a sign of weakness. Research on the Bristol scheme found nobody admitting either to be a factor, but Lord Bingham of Cornhill has said that he believes the second may come into play.

The paucity of research does not help those who are committed to promoting the use of ADR. In America there is now plenty of material available, while of the three schemes operating in courts in London, only one is now the subject of research.

We need to know whether ADR is more likely to catch on in focused areas. And would the availability of legal aid make a difference to take-up? While there has been a fairly low take-up of a general pilot scheme at the Central London County Court, the other two current court-based schemes are in specialist areas. There is a scheme in the Patents County Court and practitioners in the Commercial Court found themselves obliged to confront ADR by a practice direction

issued in June 1996. ADR orders are now apparently being made in about 30 per cent of cases. The procedures adopted in the Commercial Court were recommended by a working party of court users — no doubt an additional reason for their acceptability.

In another well-defined field, family cases, Parliament has given the Legal Aid Board authority to fund mediations. A pilot scheme, starting later this year, will be properly researched. Similar comprehensive research is needed in specialist areas of civil litigation. We need to understand better the obstacles to a greater use of ADR. If the present election-caused delay to the implementation of Woolf results in research designed to establish how costs incentives and penalties might increase the use of ADR, without infringing the access of individuals to the courts, it will have been worth it.

The author is head of professional services at Irwin Mitchell and a consultant to the University of Sheffield's Department of Law.



ANDREW LOCKLEY

Picture: Chris Clark/Newsflash

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Not all practitioners are fat cats. Patrick Stevens defends slimline moggies

Pity the legal aid lawyer

assessment purposes. She is within the income limits and legal aid is granted, subject to her paying a contribution.

The fundamental difference between private and legal aid work now becomes apparent. The husband is having to pay privately and wants to get matters settled as quickly as possible. The legal aid solicitor is being paid a low hourly rate on matrimonial work and has to work as many hours as possible to stay in business. He is not a fat cat lawyer but a thin and very streetwise moggy.

The first step is to demand that the husband guarantees he will not dispose of his car, worth £3,000. He does not respond. The wife's legal aid is extended for her to get an ex parte injunction to restrain him from selling the car. The husband is becoming

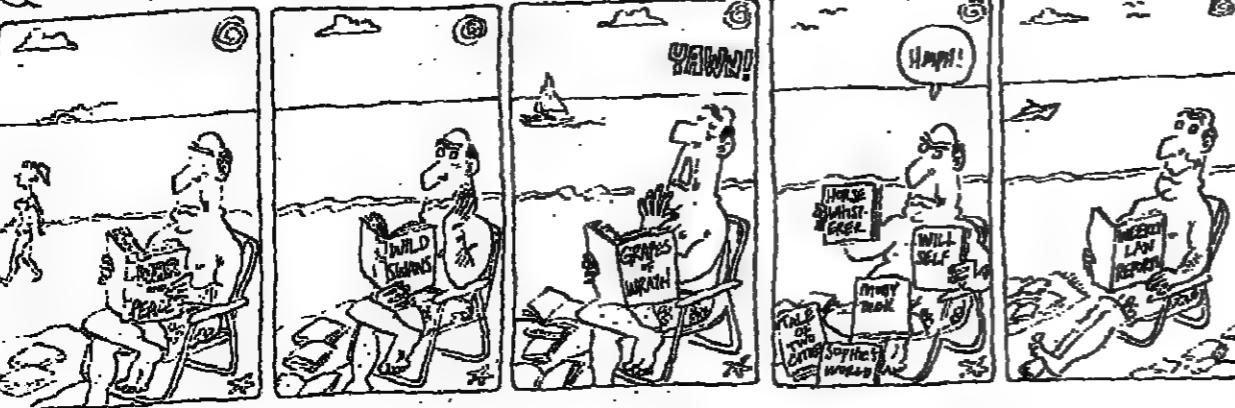
angry. He threatens to thump his wife if she does not leave him alone, so she gets an emergency injunction to restrain him. This is also obtained ex parte and, to avoid the cost of a contested hearing, the husband agrees later to give an undertaking to the court. With a plethora of faxes and affidavits, the stick legal aid practitioner will already have run up a bill of £1,000.

The best tactic is to claim that the husband is concealing assets, working on the side and that his accounts are untrue. This allegation is used to justify picking through every detail of the husband's finances. Any discrepancies will be seized on with glee and used to fuel further investigations, all of which involve letters, faxes, questionnaires, analysis of accounts and bank statements, and endless hours of chargeable work.

If the Legal Aid Board queries the amount of work being done for so little potential benefit, the opinion of counsel, dependent on the solicitor for work, is sought. But the board rarely interferes: this is how the work is done and it knows no different. Of course, only a lunatic would fund such nonsense privately, but fortunately for those employed, common sense is rarely seen in matrimonial legal aid work.

The objective observer might consider this a sensible offer. But the objective observer would quickly go bankrupt as a legal aid lawyer. The first stage is to get legal aid for the wife. This is done by laying claim to all the savings. They are then said to be in dispute and not taken into account for

QUEEN'S COUNSEL



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Be careful what you write on an electronic message system, says David Engel. A libel lawyer may see it

Bad news travels fast out in cyberspace

WHAT is believed to be the biggest action in the UK arising out of defamation by e-mail was settled last month, when Norwich Union publicly apologised in the High Court to a rival private health insurer, Western Provident Association, and agreed to pay Western Provident £450,000 in damages and costs.

The case began when it was discovered that Norwich Union was circulating damaging and untrue rumours on its internal electronic-message system to the effect that Western Provident was in financial difficulties. Western Provident sued for libel and slander.

The ephemeral nature of e-mail messages and the threat of the delete button created an obvious evidential problem for Western Provident. Its lawyers therefore decided to take the relatively unusual step of asking the court, before service of the writ, for an order that the offending e-mails should be preserved and hard copies handed over. James Price QC, argued that the evanescent nature of e-mail communication merited such a radical step. The court agreed. In a novel development, Mr Justice Mance made what is believed to be the first such order. Norwich Union was required to preserve all the relevant e-mail messages and to deliver hard copies to Western Provident's solicitors.

One lesson to be drawn from the case is that the English courts recognise the unique potential for damage of defamation by e-mail, and are willing to sanction draconian measures where appropriate.

The risks for a company with large numbers of employees who are hooked up to the Internet or to an in-house e-mail system are plain. The e-mail provides employees with a dangerously spontaneous

means of communication. Psychologically, it seems, most people regard an e-mail message as more akin to the spoken than the written word. They tend to give rather less thought to the content of e-mail than they might to a more formal typed memorandum or letter.

An internal system, with the electronic wizardry providing automatic forwarding and copying, a message or announcement can reach hundreds of employees in an instant. And, as the Western Provident case shows, the courts are then willing to step in to preserve the evidence.

An employer may be able to escape vicarious liability for the actions of its staff by, for example, demonstrating that the employee was acting outside the scope of his employment in putting a libellous e-mail on the system. But that does not get the employer off the hook under defamation law, because the "publisher", as well as the author, is liable. It would be difficult for a company that provided its employees with computers and a link to the Net to argue that it was not a "publisher".

Relief may be at hand for companies in such a position under the new Defamation Act 1996, which provides a defence of innocent dissemination. However, the relevant section of the Act is not clearly drafted. Most practitioners are still scratching their heads over its legal effect, which has not yet been tested in court.

Moreover, liability does not stop at Calais. The aggrieved party may sue in any jurisdiction where the libel is "published", which is likely to mean any country from which the material may be accessed (regardless of where it was initially put on the Net). Few companies would, for example, relish the prospect of being sued in the

United States, with its dollar-hungry juries.

Another lesson to be drawn from the Western Provident case is that if companies are to protect their business reputation from scurrilous and defamatory material in cyberspace, they must act decisively and swiftly, partly because of the perishable nature of the evidence and because of the speed at which bad

news travels by a computer network.

Corporate plaintiffs are generally at a disadvantage when bringing an action for libel. The legal theory is that a company has no feelings that can be hurt and, therefore, such a plaintiff is entitled to only modest damages.

The commercial reality, of course, is rather different. The

speed and potential audience of electronic communication mean that, if it is not dealt with at once, defamation by e-mail can cause huge damage to the business reputation of a company — in a very short space of time.

• The author is a solicitor and member of the media litigation group at Theodor Goddard, which acted for Western Provident

E-MAILS, A GROWTH AREA FOR DEFAMATION ACTIONS

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E-mail defamation — on the Internet or elsewhere — will become increasingly common, not least because the creators of such defamatory material may labour under the misapprehension that they or their company are immune from a libel action through "confidentiality". There are now the first signs of, for example,

sexual harassment by e-mail, often started by

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defamatory comments between male employees about female colleagues. And there may be a mistaken assumption that any such communications are protected by qualified privilege merely because they are on an internal network and "deleted" after opening. Section 1(3) of the Defamation Act 1996 — commonly known as "the Internet defence" — would not actually apply to this type of libel. The Act also negates any further distinction between libellous material, so that a statement is defined as "words, pictures, visual images, gestures or any other method of signifying meaning". This easily covers e-mail, and is yet another hazard for employers. Best practice suggests that employers ought to include in their employment contracts a prohibition against sending defamatory or harassing e-mails.

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announces that it will cease practicing with effect from 31st August 1997. The partners will be joining the following firms respectively with effect from 1st September 1997:

Alastair Simpson - Thomson Snell & Passmore
David Hartfield - Hartfields
Alastair Cornforth - Hextall Erskine
Michael Lent - Hammond Suddards
Martin Butterworth - Davies Arnold & Cooper
Jonathan Angell - Hartfields

Any enquiries after 1st September should be addressed to the partner who has conduct of the case at their new firm. Otherwise correspondence addressed to Alastair Thomson & Partners at the current address of Dragon Court, 27/29 Macklin Street, London WC2B 5LX will be re-directed to the relevant partner.

The partners thank the many clients and professional colleagues who have wished them well in their respective new ventures.



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The post will entail liaison on behalf of FOIL with all of the major law-making groups, The Lord Chancellor's Department, the Law Society, The ABI, etc., liaison with the Regional Groups and attendance at meetings around the country to ensure that the communication process is perfect, and to deal with Members, the Press and interested bodies generally.

The post would suit a lawyer or academic taking time out from the law or research or someone from the Insurance Claims Market who has taken early retirement or is looking for a change in direction.

It is without doubt an exciting opportunity and if you are interested would you please contact with your cv:

Martin Bruffell, Chairman of the Liaison and Issues Committee, FOIL
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Businesses are losing millions of pounds a year through inefficient use of the phone. Energis, the business telecoms company, says it says small businesses fail to answer 6 per cent of incoming calls and large companies fail to pick up one call in ten. The busiest phone times are around 10am, 1pm, 2pm and 4pm. Energis thinks that 50 per cent of outgoing calls made by businesses achieve nothing because the lines are engaged, calls go unanswered, or the caller declines to leave a message or hangs up after spending time in an automated queuing system.

Office workers consume the equivalent of 15 Jeffrey Archer novels every year because of the growth of unnecessary or unwanted information landing on their desks, BT says. They receive on average 15 documents a day and send out a similar quantity.

Rural Enterprise Project at Standon, near Ware, Hertfordshire, is to recruit parish business ambassadors to support and advise small local initiatives. This is the latest step in a pilot scheme, started two years ago by the county council and East Hertfordshire District Council to stimulate isolated areas and offset unemployment. Call Susan Clark on 01920 822735.

A conference aimed at small exporters will be held by the Federation of Small Businesses at the Cafe Royal, London, on October 14. The cost is £60, including lunch. Call Sophie Timms on 0171-233 7900.

Mark Andrews finds a master craftsman glad to be expensive

Trevor Proudfoot cannot emphasise it enough: He doesn't come cheap. "If I thought I was getting work because I was the cheapest, that would worry me. I'm not and I'm pleased about that."

It is a simple business philosophy that is standing him in good stead. Mr Proudfoot heads the Cliveden Conservation Workshop, centred on a collection of old buildings on the edge of the renowned Cliveden estate at Taplow, in Berkshire.

The workshop was once an Eton five court, a tennis court, and a mortuary. It is now dedicated to the conservation of statuary, masonry, wall paintings and the decorative arts.

He trained for seven years as a stonemason and went to work for the National Trust, effectively as its resident mason, to advise on the repair and conservation of statuary. Then, eight years ago, and with the Trust's blessing, he became an independent company, financially separate from the Trust, but retaining the role of adviser. "They are the backbone of our business, but in eight years we have established ourselves nationwide as the leader in



Trevor Proudfoot works on the restoration of two busts with assistant Louisa Pryor at Cliveden

restoration and conservation." At the moment he and his band of 14 craftsmen and women are involved in £1 million's worth of restoration work around the country and in Turkey, the US and Ireland.

Mr Proudfoot is in the strange situation of being asked by the National Trust to offer advice and then find two or three rival companies to bid for work in competition with himself.

He expects work to increase, but admits to terrible blunders when he

started. He spent too much time keeping track of the money and not enough on site. Two business advisers showed him how to run a board meeting and there was help from the Berkshire Enterprise Agency. He now has a volunteer chairman and a volunteer director.

He says: "You're never going to become a rich man out of conservation, but, if you're associated with good work, you can look any millionaire in the eye."

Firms at risk from high-tech fraudsters

BY RODNEY HOBSON

FRAUDSTERS are getting more sophisticated and the spread of office technology has made small businesses more vulnerable, Latham Crossley & Davis, a firm of Manchester accountants, says.

Computers, desktop publishing software and image scanners are a boon for fraudsters. John Rafferty, the firm's fraud expert and a former Serious Fraud Office investigator, said:

"Criminals can use colour photocopiers and desktop publishing to produce high-quality forgeries of company letterheads, share certificates and currency. In one case, the US presidential seal and the CIA seal were scanned into a computer and used to create White House and CIA stationery. This was then used to corroborate a fraudster's claim that he was involved with the US Government at the highest level." Faxes can conceal the location of a criminal and transmission details edited to show a false date, time or place.

Mr Rafferty said: "Although most businesses protect their financial systems, weakness often lies in allowing access to other information. Samples of corporate stationery and other information on the Internet can be very useful to the fraudster. He can create company paperwork and weave the information gained into his story to give it authenticity. A technically efficient fraudster may even plant information within business's computer

system so that bogus files support his claim to work for the company."

He said businesses should review control systems when introducing new or upgraded technology and check the veracity of documentation and background details on big transactions.

Mr Rafferty said entrepreneurs were also being targeted. "The scam begins with the fraudster advertising cheap start-up loans in local papers, or directly approaching small businesses. Once potential borrowers have expressed interest, the fraudster asks for payment of anything from a few hundred to thousands of pounds to enable him to prepare a business plan to support the loan application. That is often the last you see of the money or the fraudster."



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RUGBY UNION

Widnes serve injunction to block Devereux

By CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

SALE were served yesterday with an injunction by Widnes Vikings Rugby League club, which seeks to prevent them from playing John Devereux, the dual-code Wales international centre, who they signed as a free agent but who Widnes insist is under contract with them until 1999.

Devereux will be absent from Sale's opening match in the Allied Dunbar Premiership on Sunday, not because of instructions by the club's lawyers, but because of a broken nose. He will miss at least the first two weeks of the new season.

Without satisfactory compensation, Widnes are unlikely to drop their action. Devereux, 31, was restricted by injury to only a handful of appearances for Sale last season. He joined on a short-term contract and returned to Widnes for the rugby league season. A broken ankle has meant that he has not played since switching back. Devereux has since sought a full-time return to union, eight years after he left Bridgend for Widnes.

"Sale have indicated to us that they have signed him on the understanding that he was free to do so, but that is not the situation," Tony Chambers, the Widnes chairman, said.

According to Sale, Widnes were in breach of the player's contract because of "non-payment" and he was thus a free agent. Because of the delay in Devereux's fitness, there is time to resolve the problem, one of several that Sale, last season's beaten Wilkinson Cup finalists, face on the eve of the new Premiership season.

The sight that will greet Saracens, the visitors to Heywood Road for the opening match, will be that of a building site. The main stand has been pulled down, with confusion as to exactly when a new one will replace it. Estimates range from next month

to December and complications have arisen with the discovery of a Victorian culvert that needs to be filled in.

The only seating for Sunday's match and the foreseeable future will be a temporary stand for 1,300 opposite the clubhouse. Sale's capacity of 7,500 when the work is eventually completed will be less than half that until the European Conference fixture against Newport on September 20, which is the optimistic forecast of Howard Thomas, the Sale chief executive.

Sale's unidentified financial backers have furnished the club with little in the way of high-profile recruits this summer. Shane Howard is the third New Zealander to join. Howard is an English passport-holder and has experienced none of the recurring difficulties regarding work permits encountered by John Mitchell, the player-coach, and Simon Mannix.

Mitchell, now that he is set to remain at Sale, hopes to concentrate this season on his coaching role. However, with John Fowler unlikely to be available until after Christmas and Charlie Vyvyan only just back in training after a broken ankle sustained against Leicester in May, Sale's pack, albeit reinforced by the arrival of Chris Murphy, from West Harlepool, in the second row and the temporary one of Graham Davey, from Bath, as cover at hooker, might yet end up calling on Mitchell sooner rather than later.

Yesterday, Mitchell met Sale officials to discuss a four-year extension to his contract. The club, despite a reported six-figure offer, was alarmed at his possible disappearance to Northampton, but with Ian McGeechan, rating himself out of the England coaching job, there would appear to be no vacancy at Franklin's Gardens.

Rush, who made nine appearances for the All Blacks, is awaiting clearance from New Zealand to join Leicester

Leicester in chase to sign Rush

By DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

LEICESTER, who have already ploughed south of the equator for three of their signings this summer, are seeking to confirm fourth before the Allied Dunbar Premiership begins on Saturday. They have registered Eric Rush, the New Zealand wing, but must wait to see whether the New Zealand Rugby Football Union (NZRFU) will release him from his contract before being sure of their man.

Rush, 32, is keen to take up a two-year contract at Welford Road in the belief that his days with the All Blacks — he made nine international appearances, most recently against South Africa as a replacement in Christchurch last year — are over. However, like several of his colleagues who agreed comparatively long-term contracts with the

NZRFU, he needs to terminate one before taking up another. Rush's attributes are such that, when he discovered that he was unlikely to win international honours as a flank forward, he turned himself, effectively, into a wing and was a member of the New Zealand squad which reached the 1995 World Cup final. His enduring reputation will be as a sevens player, however, and, given that Leicesters have already acquired the Fijian talents of Waisale Serevi and Marika Vunibaka (who has yet to receive a work permit), they would be a serious force in the abbreviated game if Rush joined them.

He played against England for the Barbarians at Twickenham in 1990, a match in which he was joined in the back row by Neil Back, the Leicester flanker. Indeed, Rush has been a popular selection for the Barbarians and, at one time, flirted with Ireland, for whom he has qualifications.

Clubs other than Leicester are waiting for similar contractual clearances from southern-hemisphere unions, among them Saracens, who hope to announce a new signing shortly. If Rush does go to Leicester, it will not be until North Harbour have completed their national provincial championship fixtures in New Zealand in mid-October.

SPORT IN BRIEF

Counties to air their views on blueprint

COUNTIES will be given the chance to air their views on Lord MacLaurin's new blueprint for English cricket on September 2. A special meeting of the First Class Forum has been called for that date, initiated by the Somerset chief executive, Peter Anderson, and backed by Northamptonshire, Gloucestershire, Hampshire, Leicestershire and Sussex.

The agreement of six clubs was required under the First Class Counties' constitution to call such a gathering. The counties will have the chance to give their response to the "Raising the Standard" document, which was unveiled earlier this month, and called for a three-group county championship, two-division one-day league with promotion and relegation, plus other moves designed to improve the international profile of England cricket.

Free tickets offer

ATHLETICS: Angry spectators upset by Michael Johnson's Crystal Palace walkout were offered a consolation yesterday of free tickets to the farewell performance of Sally Gunnell, the former world and Olympic 400 metres hurdles champion, at Tyneside on September 7. Johnson finished fifth in the 200 metres at the Spar British Challenge on Sunday and failed to appear for the 4 x 400 metres relay.

Block on transfers

FOOTBALL: Paris Saint-Germain were handed a 3-0 defeat by Uefa for fielding a suspended player in their European Cup tie against Steaua Bucharest last Wednesday. European football's ruling body issued the result after it emerged that PSG had fielded a suspended player, Laurent Fournier, in the second qualifying round, first-leg match in Bucharest, which Steaua won 3-2.

Leonard stays put

RUGBY UNION: Harlequins have quashed speculation that Jason Leonard, their England and British Lions prop, is about to rejoin Saracens. Donald Kerr, the club's acting chief executive, said: "We have received no offers from Saracens. Jason still has two years of his contract remaining and there's no doubt that he is staying."

Cartwright comeback

TENNIS: Laura Cartwright, the top seed, proved her return to fitness with a 6-3, 6-2 victory over Danielle Hook, of Lancashire, in the first round of the national under-18 championships in Nottingham yesterday. Cartwright had suffered a serious Achilles tendon injury and a fractured foot during the past 12 months.

Doohan decides soon

MOТОRCYCLING: Michael Doohan will decide this month whether to stay with the Repsol Honda team or accept an offer to join Yamaha. The Australian clinched the 500cc world championship for the fourth successive year on Sunday when he won the British Grand Prix at Donington Park, his tenth victory in 11 races this season.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

FOOTBALL	
Kick-off 7.30 unless stated	
European under-18 championship	
Qualifying group seven	
Turkey v Wales (at Al-Sam Yen Stadium, Istanbul, 6.30)	
Group eight	
Ireland v Lithuania (at Dalmarnock Park)	
Scottish Co-ops Cup	
Third round	
Dundee v Abertillery (7.45)	
Paisley v Falkirk (7.45)	
St Johnstone v Celtic (7.45)	
Walsall Conference	
Cheltenham v Hayes (7.45)	
Leek v Southport (7.45)	
Slough v Dover (7.45)	
Telford v Shifnal (7.45)	
Welling v Woking (7.45)	
Div 2	
Middlesbrough v St Leonards (7.45)	
Aldershot v Worcester City (7.45)	
Bromsgrove Rovers v Bath City (7.45)	
Bromsgrove Rovers v Hayes (7.45)	
Gresley Rovers v Halesowen Hastings (7.45)	
Gresley Rovers v Halesowen Hastings (7.45)	
Shrewsbury Town v Hereford (7.45)	
Southend United v Stevenage (7.45)	
Southend United v Stevenage (7.45)	
Div 3	
Merton Abbey v St Leonards (7.45)	
Aldershot v Worcester City (7.45)	
Bromsgrove Rovers v Hayes (7.45)	
Bromsgrove Rovers v Hayes (7.45)	
Cleethorpes v Grimsby Town (7.45)	
Cleethorpes v Grimsby Town (7.45)	
Div 4	
Colchester United v Bishop's Stortford (7.45)	
Colchester United v Bishop's Stortford (7.45)	
Div 5	
Brentwood v Harlow (7.45)	
Brentwood v Harlow (7.45)	
Div 6	
Brentwood v Harlow (7.45)	
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FOOTBALL

Wilkinson drills youngsters with academic values

He looked slightly lugubrious, as he always does, chomping on a few neatly-cut sandwiches, teasing them around his mouth as he answered questions, but football's philosopher king was radiating as much happiness as he is able to do for the first time since he was sacked as Leeds United manager last season. Howard Wilkinson was, yesterday, back in charge of a team.

Wilkinson, who has been the technical director of the Football Association since January, was in full flow at the National Sports Centre in Lilleshall after his first session in charge of the England Under-18 team. The building in which his press conference was held was the National Centre for Rehabilitation, a sign said outside, and Wilkinson did his best to live up to the sign did his best to live up to the surface at Leeds. Many have been surprised at how intelligent and far-reaching his proposals for the future of the game have been; his glib eccentricities, the metaphors and similes that he digs up, make what could be dull topics appear enthralling.

Of course he was pleased to be back in a trussuit job and a chance to indulge the administrative side of his personality that always hovered just below the surface at Leeds. Many have been surprised at how intelligent and far-reaching his proposals for the future of the game have been; his glib eccentricities, the metaphors and similes that he digs up, make what could be dull topics appear enthralling.

The ideas man, who has made it a mission to improve the structure of the national game, especially at youth level, quickly came to the fore and, with him, the full gamut of his thoughts, spilling out like a stream of consciousness in a Virginia Woolf novel.

"I have not had time for



Football
Correspondent

withdrawal symptoms from coaching," Wilkinson said. "I had to produce a report and do that as quickly as possible. At the same time, I had to find my way around a very, very different organisation to the ones I had been used to, but I had already made the decision at the start that I would be in charge of one of the teams."

"You always teach better for the benefit of experience and, if you are away from the experience of coaching for a long time, it either becomes buried in gold or shrouded in kids."

Wilkinson said that because he had been able to stand back from the game for a brief period, he had been able to glimpse the "bigger, better, clearer picture", that he had been able to learn from the youth systems pursued Holland and Norway, even from the street academies in Soweto, where children play without the inhibition of organised, competitive matches, and the English system suffered in comparison.

"It is Chinese philosophy that says it is best," Wilkinson said. "Education is like rowing up a stream: if you stand still, you go backwards."

Bryan Robson, the Middlesbrough manager, goes into hospital today for an ankle operation. Robson has suffered wear and tear over the years and a surgeon has advised that he has an operation. He still aims to take charge for the home match with Stoke City on Saturday.

black. I knew I was not going to be dealing with players as much when I took the job, so it is no use me bleating about it now. Anyway, it was really the generals who shaped history. It was the soldiers who cleaned up, mopped up and shot up but it was the generals who shaped history thereafter."

From there, Wilkinson went back to the subject that seems to be closest to his heart and one that he talked about extensively when he first outlined his proposals in May — the establishment of soccer academies attached to individual clubs to oversee the development of players from the ages of eight to 21.

'Their creation will bring into being a new breed of soccer professionals'

"I have not had time for

Wilkinson said that their creation would bring into being a new breed of professionals, coaches who would require much more comprehensive qualifications than those possessed now. He said he hoped that would eradicate the present situation, in which 50 per cent of youth staff at FA Premier League clubs had changed over the past year.

"For some of these people, they just use the youth system as a step into football," Wilkinson said. "For some, it is a job to give a mate. Some are just desperate for the money and for others it is a whim. The victims are the players and in this case the victims are about as innocent as you can get: the kids."

"These academies are going to become more and more important. Sir John Hall [the Newcastle United owner] told me last week that in ten years' time he would like to see 22 Geordies running out at St James' Park in the Premier League. Circumstances have come together to produce the situation we have got with so many overseas players, but the foreigners will go somewhere else one day and then we will need the academies."

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"I have not had time for

FOR THE RECORD

ATHLETICS	
CRYSTAL PALACE: Sean British, Cheltenham Men 100m 10.0 (Silver); International Sevens 10.22; 3 D Chambers (Young Lions) 10.31; 4 J Hartley 10.32; 5 A. Williams 10.34; 6 D Martin (Glasgow) 10.58; Lutonport 10.57; 8 D Bobbe (Austria) 10.67; Triple Jump 1.0; F. Agnew (GB) 10.86; 10 D. Williams (GB) 10.93; Parham 10.94; 11 M. A. E. Brogdon (GB) 10.95; P. Dzvuzi (YU) 10.54; 12 B. Welfman (GB) 10.96; 14 400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 15 4x100m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 16 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 17 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 18 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 19 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 20 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 21 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 22 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 23 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 24 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 25 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 26 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 27 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 28 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 29 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 30 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 31 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 32 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 33 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 34 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 35 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 36 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 37 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 38 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 39 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 40 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 41 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 42 4x400m relay: Gloucester 40.00; 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CRICKET

Lee bowls closer to Australia debut at the Oval

By RICHARD HOBSON

CANTERBURY (final day of three): The Australians beat Kent by six wickets

SHANE LEE wore the expression of a contented soul as he sat on the players' balcony and strummed his guitar. Out in the middle, Ricky Ponting and Michael Bevan steered the Australians in a third first-class victory of the tour against county opposition.

They put on 90 for the unbroken fifth wicket, but Kent squandered opportunities to split the stand and set up a closer finish. Such a criticism cannot be levelled at Lee. The past week has seen him plucked from Enfield, a Lancashire League side, into the Ashes party and, with eight wickets in the match, he is closer to a Test debut than ever.

Mark Taylor, the captain, said before leaving with his family for a sightseeing trip to London that Shaun Young, also uncapped, was more likely to fill the vacancy for a third seamer in the sixth and final

Australia may select new one-day captain

AUSTRALIA'S Test cricket captain should no longer be guaranteed the job of leading the limited-overs side, Trevor Hohns, the chairman of selectors, said yesterday.

Hohns, who heads a five-man selection panel, is seeking a change of policy to give him authority to pick a specialist captain. If necessary, for one-day matches.

"We would like the freedom to pick a team for each specific type of game and that includes the captain," Hohns said in Brisbane. "Limited-overs cricket and Test cricket are now many miles apart."

Test at the Oval on Thursday. "Shane will really have to outbowl Shaun to have any chance," Taylor said.

Lee did just that and, if his stock rose gradually over the first two days, then his prospects improved dramatically in the initial session yesterday. Steve Waugh, the acting captain, who will help to pick the Test side this evening, withdrew Young from the attack after three overs costing 19 runs. Lee bowled 11 overs, took the second new ball and claimed three wickets for five runs in the space of 18 balls to finish with four for 86 in the innings and eight for 113 in the match.

Waugh said: "In the first innings, Shaun was maybe trying too hard, but in the second he performed the containing job we would want at the Oval. Shaun might still be just in front because he has played first-class cricket here all summer for Gloucestershire, but that was the best I have seen Shane bowl in first-class cricket. He settled into a

good rhythm, swung the ball and worked the batsmen out."

Fleming could consider himself unfortunate to be caught off a genuine leg glance, while Marsh pulled to mid-wicket and Strang edged to slip as Lee took a grip.

Ponting missed Thompson's first ball and Michael Slater, more embarrassingly, dropped a straightforward chance from Ealham at cover. Either would have given Lee the first five-wicket haul of his career.

Ealham progressed to 85 from 118 balls quickly in position to cut and drive.

Ponting, however, atoned for the earlier mistake by holding a wonderful, right-handed catch at mid-wicket when Ealham pulled Kasprowicz off the front foot seemingly for his fourteenth four.

The Australians required

230 from a minimum of 60 overs. They set off pace as, for the first time on the tour, Slater resembled the dashing opening batsman who became such a perfect foil for Taylor in England in 1993. Before striking 47 yesterday, his best score had been 26 and his aggregate of 159 runs is just seven more than in the Test innings at Lord's four years ago that earmarked him as a greatly talented player.

Few would have begrimed him the three runs to raise his half-century. Instead, he went back to a delivery by Fleming that nipped in to uproot his off stump. Mark Waugh chipped to mid-wicket and Ponting briefly struggled against the leg spin of Strang. Fleeter footwork helped him to overcome the challenge though, and like Bevan, he began to work the ball into the gaps.

Taylor struggled for form as an opener earlier in the tour, prompting calls for his sacking, but he has hinted he will stay on as captain if he receives the selectors' backing.

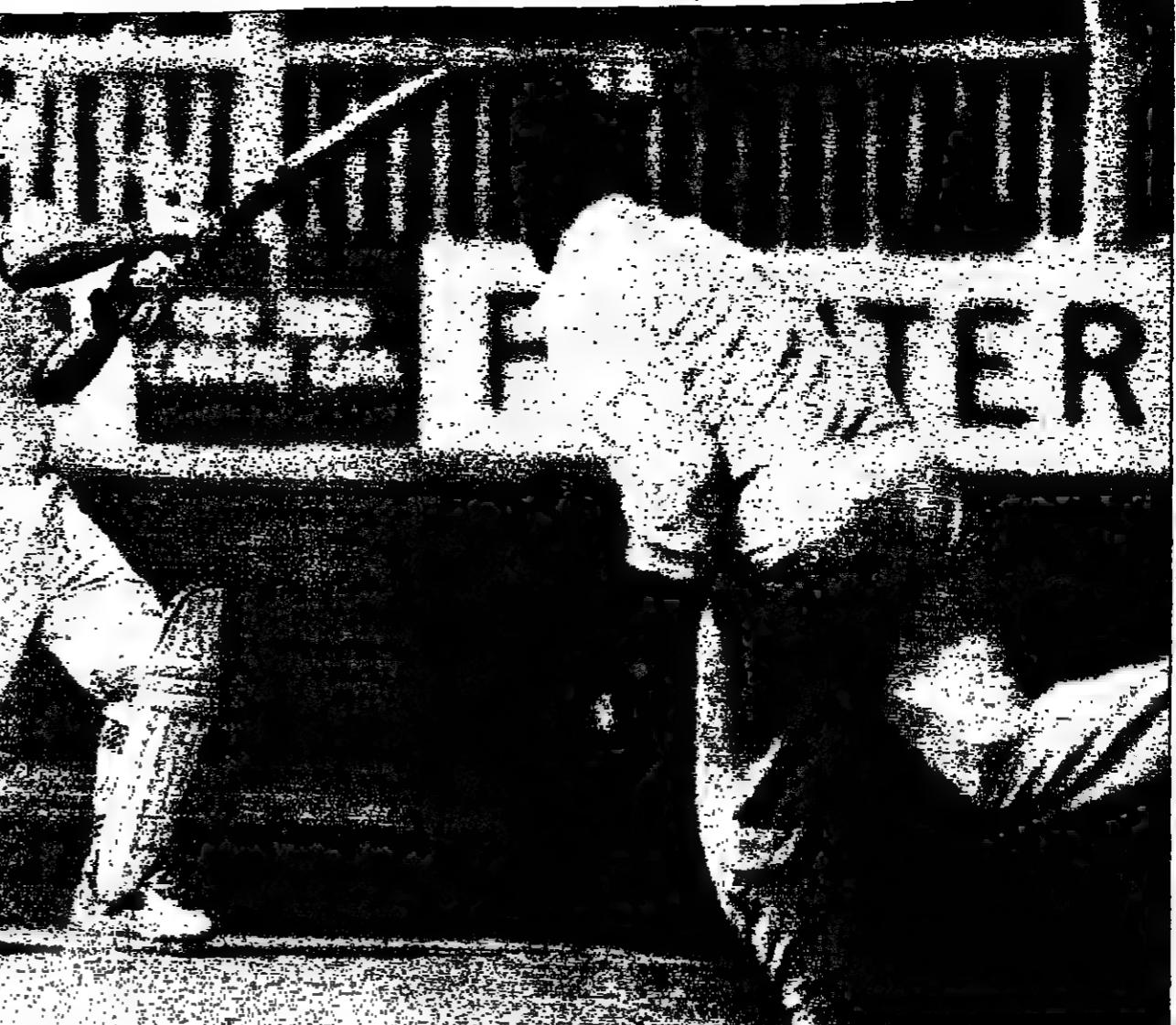
Dean Headley, who missed

this contest, will have a test on his injured heel when England convene at The Oval today, but is confident of

overcoming the challenge though, and like Bevan, he began to work the ball into the gaps.

When the ECB XI began their quest for the 107 runs they needed to win, they lost both openers, Maddy and Lewis, in the first six overs to some highly-charged fast bowling from Abdul Razzaq and Azhar Mahmood. Then,

after a steady partnership



Hitting out against Iglesias at Canterbury yesterday, Slater shows the dashing form that made him an Australia opening batsman

Spirited Pakistanis fall at final hurdle

By BARNEY SPENDER

CHELMSFORD (final day of four): ECB XI beat Pakistan A by five wickets

THE colleague in the press box who confidently predicted that this match would be over by lunchtime duly lost his 50 yesterday for the simple reason that the Pakistanis, mindful that this was their last game on tour, opted for a scrap rather supine surrender.

When the ECB XI began

their quest for the 107 runs

they needed to win, they

lost both openers, Maddy and

Lewis, in the first six overs to

some highly-charged fast

bowling from Abdul Razzaq

and Azhar Mahmood. Then,

after a steady partnership

of 63 between Grayson and Hemp, they lost three more to the wiles and turn of Shoib Malik, the 15-year-old off spinner, and Ali Hussain Rizvi, the leg spinner.

Another 80 runs would have

made the chase interesting,

but the English batsmen were

always just ahead of the game

and Doug Brown, of War-

wickshire, completed a memo-

ry match by cutting Mahmood for the boundary

that brought the winning runs

at 2.25pm.

Brown, who made 43 in the

first innings, had started the

day by taking the outstanding

Pakistani A wicket when Rizvi

provided Nixon with his

eighth dismissal of the match

in the fourth over. With

career-best figures of eight for

89 and 11 wickets in the match,

an England A tour is now well

within his compass.

"Put it like this, if you perform well in

these games, it can't do you

any harm," Graham Goodh-

son, the ECB XI manager and

England selector, said.

For the Pakistanis, there

was disappointment at finishing

their tour with a first-class

record of just one win, against

Somerset, set against defeats

by Derbyshire, MCC, York-

shire and the ECB.

Yagha Zahid, the coach, was

in ebullient mood. "This is a very

young team, the average age is

under 20, so it has been good

for them to experience the

conditions here and also the

daily diet of cricket," he said.

"It has pushed them along to

the point that I would expect

five or six of them to play Test cricket very soon."

Three — — Muhammed Wasim, Saleem Elahi and the precociously-gifted Hassan Raza — have already had a taste of the Test arena, but there can be little doubt that Mahmood, the all-rounder who kept them in this game on Sunday, and Shoaib Akhtar, the fast bowler, will soon be

part seven weeks.

The one big disappointment, however, as it was for the South Africans when they toured last year, was the lack of a representative match against England A. When England came to Pakistan, they played three Tests and three one-dayers.

It would have been good to have done the same here because, although it was a great experience, playing the counties does not motivate the players to produce something special.

Unfortunately, England A look destined to play all their cricket abroad.

Centurians resist Yorkshire attack

By JOHN THICKNESSE

PORSCMOUTH (final day of four): Hampshire (8pts) drew with Yorkshire (11)

YORKSHIRE were left to regret wasting the steamy, swing-bowling conditions of Sunday when the United Services pitch reverted to type in favour of the batsmen yesterday, enabling Hampshire to deprive them of the win that would have lifted them to fourth place in the table.

Hampshire's saviours were Giles White whose 145 was his maiden championship hundred, and John Stephenson, the captain, whose 114 was his own first in that sphere since 1995 — and amazingly 65 higher than his previous best in the competition this year.

Brought together by the loss of Keach at 202 for four, when Hampshire were still 18 away from clearing off their deficit, their stand of 173 in 155 minutes deserved to make the match safe and would normally have done so.

Yesterday that was not quite the case, however. There were still 53 overs in the day when White succumbed to the second new ball and, in the next 12, three more wickets fell. Stephenson's among them.

Thanks to Gavin Hamilton's first five-wicket haul for Yorkshire, which trumpled Hampshire to 410 for eight, the visitors had an

James enhances chances but Glamorgan slip up

By PAT GIBSON

WORCESTER (final day of four): Worcestershire (24pts) beat Glamorgan (6) by 54 runs

STEVE JAMES did his prospects of playing for England in the West Indies this winter no harm at all yesterday by scoring his fifth county championship century of the summer in front of David Graveney, the chairman of selectors. Not even that, however, was enough to enhance a cause much closer to Welsh hearts.

Glamorgan are desperate to win the championship for the first time since 1969 and, only the second time in their history, but a victory target of 374, seven more than they have ever made to win a match, proved beyond them. In the end, they were all out for 319 with 43 overs remaining and instead of Glamorgan going back to the top of the table, Worcestershire, more improbably, moved into fourth place.

Whether they can sustain a realistic challenge remains to be seen, but one had to admire the way Tom Moody, their Australian captain, got the best out of his seemingly modest resources in this absorbing match, which was set up nicely when Worcestershire began the final day 341 runs ahead with three wickets in hand.

Philip Weston had added only

eight to his overnight 106 when the

deserving Croft had him caught off a top-edged sweep, but a bad miss by Shaw cost Glamorgan 14 runs, which could have been crucial before the innings folded.

Glamorgan had a minimum of 81 overs to get their runs and the target, stiff as it was on a fourth day pitch, did not seem beyond them when James and Morris, the most prolific opening pair in the country, were putting on 115 in 30 overs.

Graveney, who had a wasted

start on the first day, when they did not get to the crease, must have been impressed, particularly with James. He is not the most elegant

of batsmen and has the reputation

of being a pragmatic accumulator

of runs, but now he unveiled a

pleasing array of strokes as he

went past fifty for the fourteenth time in 20 innings this season.

It was then that Glamorgan

suffered their first big setback.

James drilled Hick to extra cover

and called for a sharp single only

to discover that Morris could not

get to the other end in time to beat

Solanki's pick up and throw.

Worse was to follow. Dale had

already been brilliantly taken at

slip by Lampitt off Moody's off-

spin when Haynes struck the

bat that settled the match. First,

he had Powell caught at slip; then,

he surprised Maynard, who had

batted sublimely for 161 not out in

the first innings, with a delivery

that lifted to have him caught

behind first slip.

The joy was that in no sense was

this a contrived finish. This was

Dowman's third century of the

season. Pollard, who has recovered

from injury, will have a job to

regain his place now. Dowman

-faced, in all, 188 balls and struck 18

overs.

Alas for him, other than a half-

century from Astle, there was

insufficient support. Johnson and

Metcalfe went cheaply and,

although Noon and Afzaal brought

</div

John Hopkins, golf correspondent, salutes a true gentleman

Noble Love follows in ways of father

Davis Love III is one of the noblemen of American golf. He has the bearing, breeding and manners appropriate to professional golf's leading families and there was great celebration on Sunday evening, both at the manner of his victory in the US PGA Championship and that it was achieved at Winged Foot.

Love, who is 33, is tall, pallid and gangly. He has the slightly awkward manner that extremely polite people have. You feel that even if his house was on fire he would have difficulty in disengaging himself from a conversation for fear of appearing brusque.

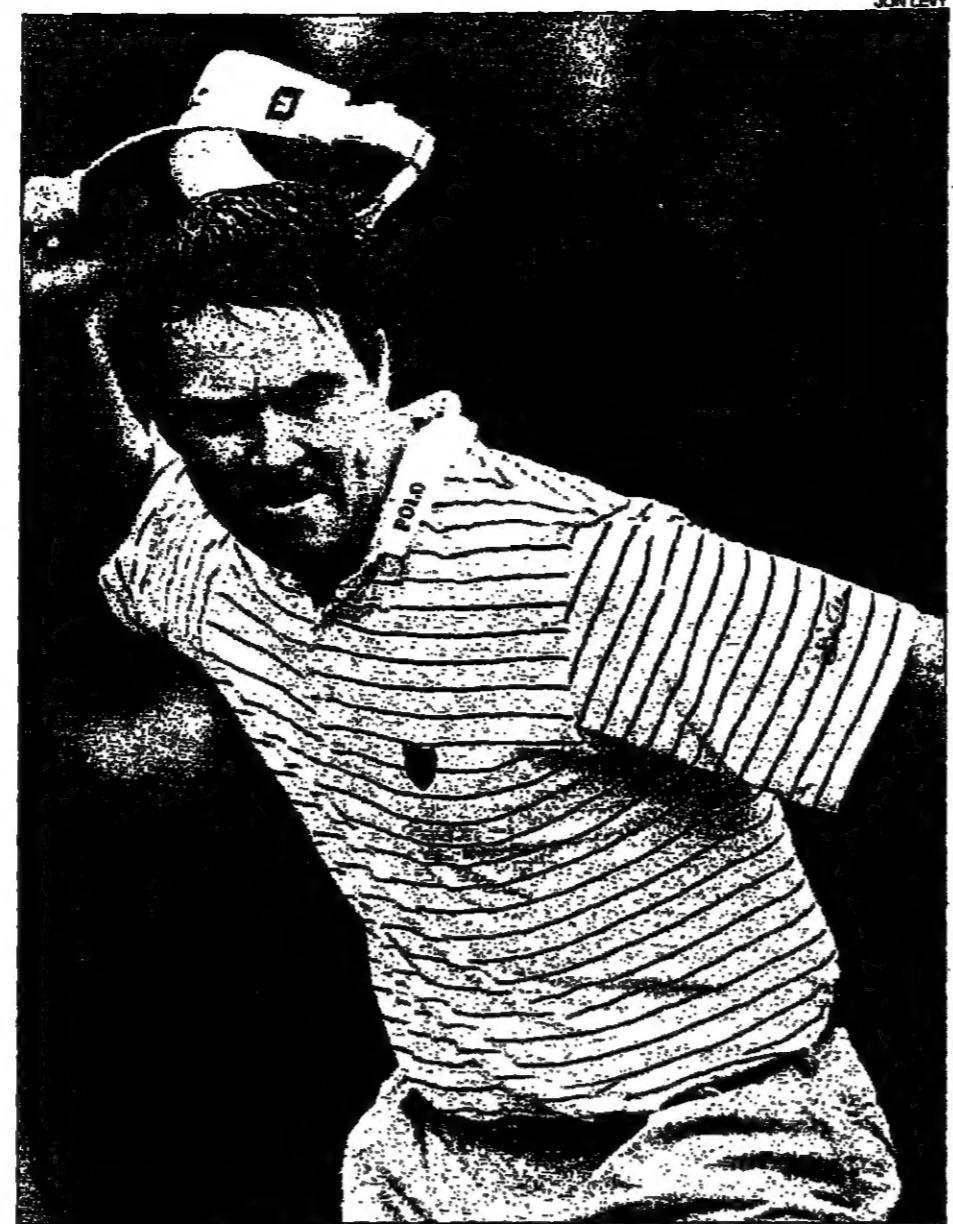
Love lives his life through his father, Davis Love Jr, a touring professional who led several major championships without winning any before becoming a renowned teaching professional. Davis Love Jr brought his son up to be a golfer in a way that was not unlike Earl Woods and Tiger years later. "Follow your dreams. Enjoy the trip," Love told his son.

For years, Davis did just that. He was a good ice hockey player and a very good golfer and, when he was ten, he went to the US PGA Championship with his father in 1974. Love's rounds were 82 and 74 and he did not survive to the last two days.

Young Davis had seen enough. He was dazzled by the players that he was introduced to, such as Jack Nicklaus, Lee Trevino and Arnold Palmer, and by what he saw and heard. "Man, this is the life," he would write later in his autobiography. "All the stars were there and my father knew them and they knew him. After that, I started playing more."

He had a natural talent. He was scoring in the 90s at the age of ten. By 11 it was in the

'He was
dazzled
by the
players
he met'



Love prepares to fling his cap joyfully after securing his victory at Winged Foot

first to the congratulate him. Mark is also his caddy and has been for eight years. One of the next to embrace the tall American was Pinta Love, his mother. In fact, only one person was missing, but that was the person Davis Love III would have wanted to see him win most of all — his father.

Davis Love Jr had been an assistant at Winged Foot Golf Club, one of many talented young men who were given their final polishing by Claude Harman, the legendary head pro at the club. After retiring from competitive play, Love became a successful teacher and it was while flying to a teaching school in 1988 that he was killed in an air crash. The loss his son felt was enormous. He had lost a dominant father, a friend and his teacher.

His father had numerous drills for young Davis to follow. One was to make him hit balls 100 yards, then 120 yards and then 150 yards with a driver. This way, Davis

learn about rhythm and control. "Everyone on tour has some story to tell about my father," Love said. "The difference with me was that my father was also my teacher."

On Sunday, Love was asked what his father would have said to him about winning the US PGA. "He would have said I won it because it was my

time and I was overdue," Love said, "but he was not one to sit back and rest. He loved the sport. He would want me to get back to work."

Love will get back to work in the Ryder Cup next month, his third appearance in the competition. Twice he has beaten Costantino Rocca in the singles in 1993 after being one down with three holes to play.

FINAL SCORES FROM WINGED FOOT

United States amateur team		England amateur team		United States team		England team	
1. D. Love III	89	88	86	274	1. L. Mearns	88	87
2. C. Harman	69	70	71	276	2. J. Daly	69	73
3. C. Harman	69	73	75	279	3. D. P. Pooley	72	74
4. C. Harman	69	73	75	280	4. P. Black	68	71
5. C. Harman	69	72	68	282	5. P. Black	68	70
6. C. Harman	69	72	70	283	6. T. Woods	70	71
7. C. Harman	69	72	70	283	7. T. Lehman	69	72
8. C. Harman	69	72	71	283	8. J. Sander	72	71
9. C. Harman	69	72	71	284	9. F. Noblet	75	76
10. C. Harman	69	72	71	284	10. C. Harman	75	76
11. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	11. C. Harman	75	76
12. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	12. C. Harman	75	76
13. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	13. C. Harman	75	76
14. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	14. C. Harman	75	76
15. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	15. C. Harman	75	76
16. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	16. C. Harman	75	76
17. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	17. C. Harman	75	76
18. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	18. C. Harman	75	76
19. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	19. C. Harman	75	76
20. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	20. C. Harman	75	76
21. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	21. C. Harman	75	76
22. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	22. C. Harman	75	76
23. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	23. C. Harman	75	76
24. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	24. C. Harman	75	76
25. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	25. C. Harman	75	76
26. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	26. C. Harman	75	76
27. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	27. C. Harman	75	76
28. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	28. C. Harman	75	76
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31. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	31. C. Harman	75	76
32. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	32. C. Harman	75	76
33. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	33. C. Harman	75	76
34. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	34. C. Harman	75	76
35. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	35. C. Harman	75	76
36. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	36. C. Harman	75	76
37. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	37. C. Harman	75	76
38. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	38. C. Harman	75	76
39. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	39. C. Harman	75	76
40. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	40. C. Harman	75	76
41. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	41. C. Harman	75	76
42. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	42. C. Harman	75	76
43. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	43. C. Harman	75	76
44. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	44. C. Harman	75	76
45. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	45. C. Harman	75	76
46. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	46. C. Harman	75	76
47. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	47. C. Harman	75	76
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53. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	53. C. Harman	75	76
54. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	54. C. Harman	75	76
55. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	55. C. Harman	75	76
56. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	56. C. Harman	75	76
57. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	57. C. Harman	75	76
58. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	58. C. Harman	75	76
59. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	59. C. Harman	75	76
60. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	60. C. Harman	75	76
61. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	61. C. Harman	75	76
62. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	62. C. Harman	75	76
63. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	63. C. Harman	75	76
64. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	64. C. Harman	75	76
65. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	65. C. Harman	75	76
66. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	66. C. Harman	75	76
67. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	67. C. Harman	75	76
68. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	68. C. Harman	75	76
69. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	69. C. Harman	75	76
70. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	70. C. Harman	75	76
71. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	71. C. Harman	75	76
72. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	72. C. Harman	75	76
73. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	73. C. Harman	75	76
74. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	74. C. Harman	75	76
75. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	75. C. Harman	75	76
76. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	76. C. Harman	75	76
77. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	77. C. Harman	75	76
78. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	78. C. Harman	75	76
79. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	79. C. Harman	75	76
80. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	80. C. Harman	75	76
81. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	81. C. Harman	75	76
82. C. Harman	69	72	71	285	82. C. Harman	75	76
83. C. Harman	69	72	71	28			

The massed masochists of the Midlands

Get this: Every year, on the last, iciest Sunday in January, when the flattened snowdrifts are frozen so hard you can't throw them like discuss, 2,000 men and women gather in a field near Wolverhampton to compete in a remarkable event — a grueling cross-country-race-cum-obstacle-course in which they have to run for miles, crawl under barbed-wire, swim underwater through mud, climb rockfaces, walk across tightropes and swim through a tunnel of freezing water.

What makes it remarkable is not the gaunt design of the obstacle course, but that nobody has forced any of these people to do all these preposterous things. It's like an *It's a Knockout* tournament that some prankster devised as a cruel joke to play on a bunch of over-trusting care-in-the-community patients.

"Everybody gets away from the world in their own little way," Billy Wilson explained to us on *Tough*

Going, the second of Channel 4's *Short Stories* showcase for documentary film directors. Wilson, a former Coldstream Guard, doesn't actually take part in the race. He's the organiser.

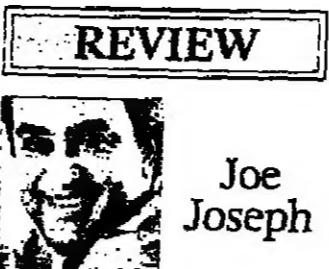
A personal way of finding a path out of the wicked world, that's what it's about." Wilson's personal way seems to be exacting revenge for the pointlessly brutal assault course he was forced to tackle during his Guards career by inflicting similar torture on the blameless people of Wolverhampton.

"I stand here and I can't believe people are doing it, you know, some of the things we tell them to do. They're like lemmings, they really are. I knew four or five years ago that if we built a great pit, or a mountain, or whatever, they would go over the edge of it, one after the other. The harder we push them, the more they love it, the more they come back. They

want the punishment." Wilson, grey-haired, and kitted out in his country gentleman's gear, dog by his side, looks as harmless as, say, Laurence Olivier in *Marathon Man*. But if they introduce a "dentist's chair" segment in the race, call the authorities.

Don't believe it's that bad? Listen to Wilson explaining the tunnel of freezing water: "The heat of the body rushes to the head and the head explodes into one almighty headache. They wonder what the devil's hit them. It's a concussion state." Perhaps the competitors don't feel any ill-effects from this abuse. Maybe it's a version of *Catch-22*: competitors can't possibly be sensitive enough to feel normal pain: if they were that sensitive, they wouldn't have been crazy enough to enter in the first place.

Ann Ward, one of the annual Wolverhampton wanderers, tells



Joe Joseph

us: "We all need things in our lives to stop it being flat. Nobody likes a flat life." Ward, a housewife and mother, is competing for the third year in a row: "It's that strange mix of pain and pleasure that makes it thrilling, really, because I think pain and pleasure together equal thrill." Not the sort of arithmetic they taught in my school. "Where do you get thrills these days? A real thrill that you can feel?" Putting it

another way, if you're planning to move to the Wolverhampton area and you're not the hardy type, bring hard drugs.

And what did Kate Hirock, a Boots shop assistant, think of her debut circuit? "It was an experience. Let's just leave it at that." You couldn't sum up Debbie Shuler's fine film any better, though she might have earned more money had she sold her film to Wolverhampton's Chamber of Commerce: it could use it to entice Japanese manufacturers to Wolverhampton, on the ground that the local workforce seems to have much in common with the masochistic contestants on the Japanese game show *Endurance*.

If Billy Wilson was watching last night's *Preston Front* (BBC1), Wolverhampton would do well to prepare for a novel addition to next year's event: watermelon rugby. Mess rugby, with a watermelon for a ball, was the traditional after-

dinner entertainment at the Roker Bridge TA's annual regimental dinner. Of course, it won't be quite so messy in Billy Wilson's version because he'll probably take the precaution of freezing the melons as hard as cannonballs first.

Probably more classic than the series' albums so far feted in the *Classic Albums* (BBC1). The band's album *The Band* continues to sound fresh. The American critic Greil Marcus said their music "gave us a sure sense that the country was richer than we had guessed". They owed much to blues, country and the music of the Deep South, but somehow created a sound all of their own. They even looked different: while everyone in the 1960s was wearing purple satin bows and yellow shirts, they looked like a band of Bonnie and Clyde bank robbers. George Harrison told us that he hasn't taken *The Band* album off his personal jukebox at home for years. But then maybe he's just getting lazy in his old age.

"Everybody gets away from the world in their own little way," Billy Wilson explained to us on *Tough*

BBC1

6.00am *Business Breakfast* (57071)
7.00 BBC Breakfast News (T) (32529)
9.00 *Breakfast News Extra* (T) (5086500)
9.20 *Ready, Steady, Cook* (T) (5130890)
9.45 *Esther* (T) (T) (503227)
10.20 *Put It to the Test* (500548)
10.45 *Carter's Caribbean* (T) (2932242)
11.00 *News: Regional News* (T) and weather (2836530)
11.05 *Die South Fraser* is held hostage on a runway by a gang of homicidal terrorists (T) (2430684)
11.50 *Good Neighbours* (5655657)
12.00 *News: Regional News* (T) and weather (4401093)
12.05pm *Wipeout* (T) (6597797)
12.35 *Neighbours* (T) (1992567)
1.00 *News* (T) and weather (35615)
1.30 *Regional News* (T) and weather (8875884)
1.40 *A Twist of the Knife* with Dick Van Dyke, Cynthia Gibb and Stephen Caffrey. A female doctor's patient dies mysteriously during a demonstration of a revolutionary new surgical technique. Directed by Jerry London (T) (4931545)
3.10 *Quincy* (1888616)
4.00 *Popeye* (2819771) 4.10 *Rugrats* (7074723) 4.25 *Pirates* (706172) 5.00 *Newround* (T) (2405013) 5.10 *Byker Grove* (T) (3341428)
5.35 *Neighbours* (T) (231515)
6.00 *News* (T) and weather (903)
6.30 *Regional News Magazine* (T) (258)
7.00 *Holidays*. Out ideas for things to do during the summer, including the preview, pleasure beach at Tivoli, the traditional style camping in Scotland, Cornwall's monkey colony and the Silverstone motor racing circuit (T) (3422)

7.30 *EastEnders*: Blanca tries to settle Tiffany's nerves by filling her head with romantic thoughts of Paris (T) (242).

8.00 *Wildlife on One: The Beetles — Record Breakers* David Attenborough explores an evolutionary success story. Beetles have adopted a variety of survival strategies and make up a seventh of the animal and insect population of Britain (T) (2180)

8.30 *Keeping Up Appearances* Hyacinth discovers a passionate urge to lend her talents to the fine arts (T) (897)

9.00 *News: Regional News* (T) and weather (5957)

9.30 *Jobs for the Girls*: Pauline and Linda Plan a Party Pauline and Linda Robson organise a star-studded ball in aid of the Duchess of York's charity Children in Crisis (T) (320683)

10.30 *The X-Files*: Soft Light Souley and Mulder investigate the disappearance of a tobacco company executive, with a pile of cash by the door the only lead (T) (50157)

11.15 *Satiny Fingers* (1986) with Helen Slater, Melanie Mayron and Eileen Brennan. Two struggling waiters go on a spending spree with money entrusted to them by a notorious drug dealer. Directed by Caitlin Adams (T) (504987)

12.00am-12.45 *Weekend* (3314372)

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BBC2

6.00am Open University: *Toulouse — Money and Power In Provincial France* (9174557) 6.25 *Jean-Jacques Rousseau* (T) (177044) 6.50 *Holidays by the Sea* (5130890)

7.15 *See Nine: Breakfast News* (T and signing) (3988567)

7.30 *Film*: *Icebreaker* (T) (438109) 7.55 *Bump* (T) (8884432) 8.00 *Noddy* (T) (529345) 8.10 *Raccoons* (T) (147670) 8.25 *Get Your Own Back* (T) (5533180) 8.05 *Spiderman* (T) (798750) 8.35 *Gold Rags* (T) (8036563) 10.05 *Smurfs Adventures* (T) (191515) 10.25 *Castie Dokie* (490826) 10.35 *Spider* (2003524) 10.45 *Teletoon* (T) (220521) 11.15 *Awash with Colour* (220587)

11.45 *BBC1*: *Daughters* (1948) Romantic drama with Barbara Stanwyck, Van Heflin and Charles Coburn. Directed by Robert Z Leonard (T) (1016153)

1.30pm *Tricks of the Trade* (8878424) 1.40 *Blockbusters* (T) (6574558) 2.05 *The Natural World Classics* (5725180) 3.00 *News* (T) (2270151) 3.15 *Modern Times* (4415180) 3.55 *News* (T) (7905529)

4.00 *The Long Duel* (1957) Period saga with Trevor Howard, Yul Brynner and Charlote Rampling. Directed by Ken Annakin (T) (6552219)

5.00 *Turning Points* Dame Barbara Cartland sparked a profitable industry (T) (730461)

6.00 *Heartbreak High* (T) (167860)

6.45 *Gower's Cricket Monthly* Derek Underwood reminiscences with Jonathan Agnew about his team in the 1986 victory over Australia (2977222)

7.30 *Home Ground*: The trade in British dinosaur fossils (T) (894)

8.00 *Mother... Then Blood* (1994) Drama based on fact with Peter Strauss and Rachel Tipton. A father's courtroom battle to gain custody of his son. Directed by Michael Danner (T) (7364)

9.30pm *Icebreaker* (T) (438109)

9.38 *Hungerford: Ten Years On* Avril to Hungerford, ten years after the peace of the town was shattered by a crazed gunman, Trevor Weinwright, his mother Kath and Tony Hill, whose daughter was the youngest to be killed, are among those who reveal how they have coped with tragedy (T) (801267)

10.20 *Building Sights*: *The Number Bridge* (103277)

10.30 *Newsnight* (T) (588797)

11.15 *The Artist Formerly Known as Captain Beefheart*: John Peel profiles the idiosyncratic performer (747451)

12.10am *Some Yo Stuff* (4013759)

12.20pm *Animated* (2) (5985372)

12.30 *Learning Zone: The Spirit of Silence* 1.00 *The Information Society* 1.30 *This Little Flower Went to Market* 2.00 *Music Maestro Collections* 4.00 *The French Experience* 5.30 *Sunrise* 5.35 *Sleep Here* (1984) (2022338)

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